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Soviet Troops Rout Nazi Division in Smolensk Area

London, Aug. 2.

SOVIET troops have routed the 13th German infantry division in the Smolensk area, states today's Soviet communique deviating slightly from the sameness of previous announcements.

Fighting continued last night in the Smolensk, Novorzhev, Nevel and Zhitomir area, it adds. Elsewhere there were no major operations. Russian aircraft continued to attack German columns.—Reuter.

There is no news in London of any German progress on the Russian front, but the Nazis claim that the struggle is going favourably for them and it is possible that they are making a certain amount of limited progress, well-informed quarters state.

Generally speaking it would appear that the German advance has been halted. The Russians are carrying out a large number of counter-attacks, some of which have been extremely successful. These are only local movements, but they may be forerunners of a large counte--offensive. Severe fighting is going on, but it will take some weeks before any large offensive can be staged, informed quarters believe.

Rout of Germans

In a further announcement concerning the rout of a German division the Russians state that the Germans, to support retreating units, rushed up the 137th division, which had entered the battle straight from a march. Without giving the division time to deploy a Soviet detachment struck it from the flank. Other Red army detachments promptly surrounded the division and Soviet artillery opened intensive fire.

After artillery preparation Soviet troops moved in. Artillery killed hundreds of Germans, one gunner destroying 50 men single-handed, according to the statement. The Germans broke through the encircling ring, but were met by a tank unit and thrown back. After fierce fighting the Germans were unable to resist any longer, and were dispersed, throwing away their arms, and ammunition, and leaving many killed and wounded.

Germans who tried to hide in a forest found their retreat cut off and were overwhelmed with blasts from Red guns. More than 400 German officers and men were killed or wounded and 1,000 prisoners were taken in this area, the announcement further claims.—Reuter.

Regiment Wiped Out

Moscow, Aug. 2.

The complete destruction of a German regiment, which left 500 killed on the battlefield, and the smashing up of a German convoy in the Baltic were the highlights of a Soviet communique issued by the Soviet Information Bureau, which indicated that there had been no change of importance along the front during the past 24 hours.

Fighting, according to the communique, raged all day yesterday in the Porkov Nevel, Smolensk and Zhitomir sectors, and there were "no substantial changes in the position of troops at the front."

Blows to Germans

It continues: "The Soviet air force dealt blows to motorized troops, infantry and aircraft on aerodromes.

[Reuter.

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"Japan Cannot Stay Aloof If U.S. Aid Sent to Russia"

Tokyo, Aug 2.

Commenting on the United States Government's decision to send aid to the Soviet Union, via the Pacific, as announced by Mr. R. K. Davies, Deputy Petroleum Coordinator, the popular daily "Yomiuri" this morning editorially warned that Japan as a signatory of the Tripartite Pact could not remain aloof to action in the Pacific for such purposes.

The sudden visit to Moscow of Mr. Harry Hopkins, United States Lease-Lend Administrator and President Roosevelt's personal envoy, as well as the arrival of high Soviet officials in Washington, was proof of the increasing close collaboration between the United States and the Soviet Union, the "Yomiuri" asserted.

"These developments should be watched as closely as possible as they indicate an American attempt to bring the Soviet Union into the Anglo-American camp against Germany in Europe and Japan in the Far East," the "Yomiuri" warned.

The paper declared that there was no doubt that the United States wished to obtain certain military concessions on the Kamchatka peninsula in view of her past efforts to strengthen her defences in Alaska and the Aleutian Islands.—Domei.

Martial Law Proclaimed in Norway

Stockholm, Aug. 2.

A 'State of emergency' has been proclaimed throughout Norway, it was officially learnt here tonight.

Part of the powers normally held by the Government of Premier Vidkund Quisling have been transferred to German commissars and to the German Police.

Martial law has been proclaimed and certain crimes which were so far dealt with by Norwegian courts will from now on be judged by German special tribunals.

The death penalty has been instituted for all crimes of a nature to trouble public order. No appeal will be allowed against capital verdicts rendered in these circumstances.—Havas Telemondial.

Roosevelt Congratulates Peru, Ecuador

Washington, Aug. 2.

President Roosevelt has sent a message to the Presidents of Peru and Ecuador, congratulating them on their agreement to end the border fighting between the two countries.

The President described the agreement as a "notable triumph for the principles of peace and continental solidarity."—Reuter.

Vichy Prohibits Public Manifestations

Vichy, Aug. 2.

Protesting that it has no intention of crushing traditional liberalism, the French Government yesterday announced a series of drastic measures prohibiting all public manifestations and meetings except those organized by and with Government consent.—United Press.

Attempted Raid on Moscow Fails

Moscow, Aug. 2.

Some formations of German planes attempted to raid Moscow last night, but deadly anti-aircraft fire and fine defensive work by night fighters dispersed the Nazi craft, it was officially announced today.

The German planes thus were prevented from reaching the capital, the official announcement reported.—United Press.

Roosevelt Lauds Soviet Resistance

Washington, Aug. 2.

President Roosevelt, at a press conference yesterday said that Russia's "magnificent" resistance has been a complete surprise to German military leaders.

Allowing himself to be quoted directly, President Roosevelt said that Russia's resistance was "magnificent and frankly better than any military expert in Germany thought it could be."

Evaded Oil Embargo

The Chief Executive, questioned on other subjects, said that he had not heard of any projected blacklist for Japan and evaded questions regarding a possible embargo on oil shipments. He referred questioners to the Treasury and State departments.

Asked whether his statement regarding Russia and referring to "Germany's outstanding military expert" meant a direct reference to Chancellor Adolf Hitler, President Roosevelt replied that the reporter who asked the question was threatening to spoil the story.

Russia to Pay

President Roosevelt emphasized that United States aid to Russia would be strictly on a payment basis and that he saw no prospect of the U.S.S.R. receiving aid under the Lend-Lease act.

The U.S.S.R. thus far had not come under the Lend-Lease category simply because it has money to pay for the aid it seeks, said the Chief Executive.

President Roosevelt then said he had not looked into the question as to whether the U.S.S.R. could qualify for aid under the Lend-Lease Bill.

Priority Being Studied

Other sources here, however, disclosed that the Administration was studying a plan to give the Soviets priority on deliveries of certain types of ammunitions originally ordered for the United States and Britain.

The President, under questioning, did not deny the possibility that Mr. Hopkins, co-ordinator of the United States aid programme, flew to Moscow from London in an American aeroplane.

No Communication

President Roosevelt said he had had virtually no communication from Mr. Hopkins since the latter arrived in Moscow. He also said he had no idea whether Mr. Hopkins planned to return to the United States via China.

The Chief Executive said he would not send to Congress a second request for lend-lease appropriations until Mr. Hopkins returns to Washington.

The President also said that he plans to take a vacation cruise in New England next week. He said that the vacation did not imply the international situation was either better or worse and that he expected to maintain close contact with Washington throughout the cruise.—United Press.

French Press Engages In Bitter Dispute

Vichy, Aug. 2.

A bitter dispute yesterday had begun between the free zone and the Paris press over the attacks on the Vichy Cabinet by Marcel Deat, writing in "La Chaire."

M. Deat has demanded an immediate Cabinet reshuffle.

The Vichy regional morning newspaper "Avenir du Pluteu Central" called the Paris press attacks a manœuvre by disreputable Paris politicians who want to grab lucrative Cabinet jobs for the "Paris gang."—United Press.

Customs Barriers Between Arab Nations

Jerusalem, Aug. 2.

Cancellation of Customs barriers between Arab countries in the sterling bloc and standardization of various currencies now existing is urged in the influential Arab newspaper "Falastin."

The paper believes that unity in trade and finance, which would thus be achieved, would lead to a great increase in the economic strength of Arab countries concerned.—Reuter.

Ministerial Changes Announced by Vichy

London, Aug. 2.

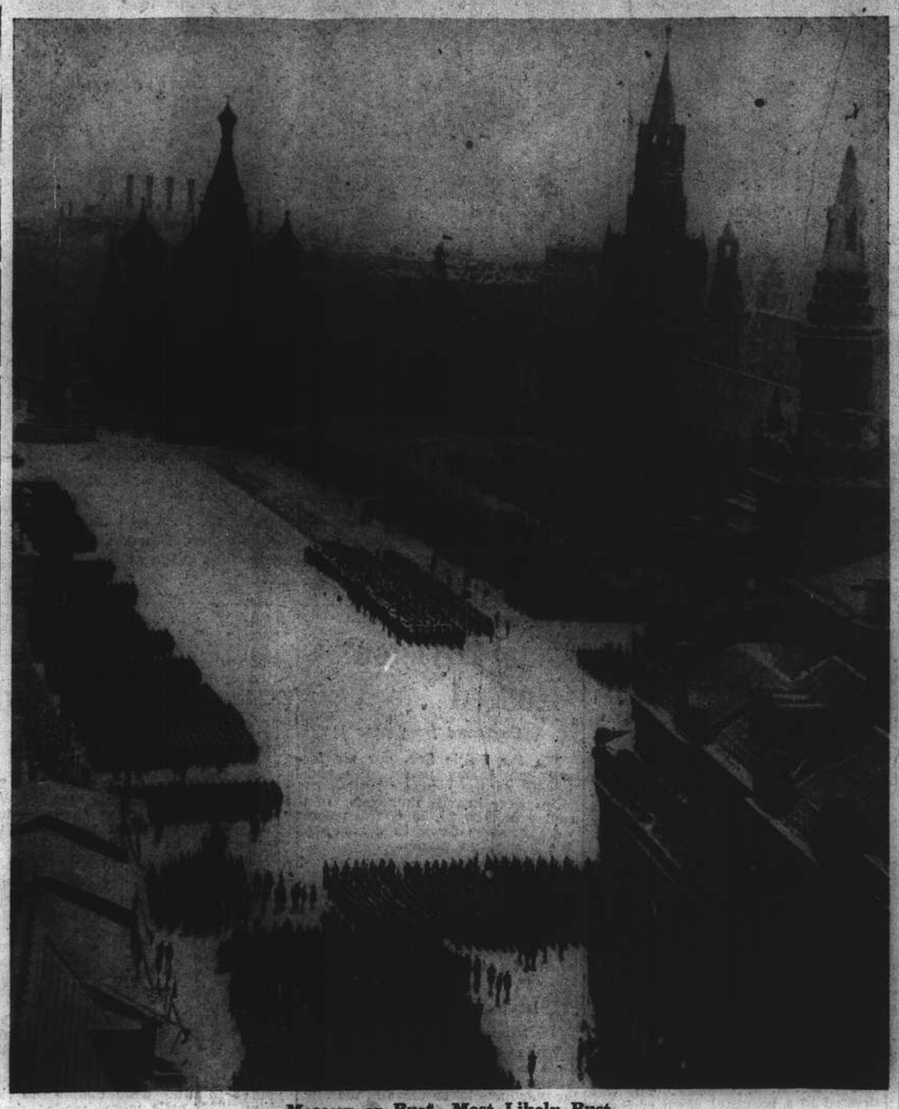
The attacks on the Vichy Government in the German-controlled Paris press were followed yesterday by a statement on the Paris wireless, which also, of course, is controlled by the Nazis, that Vichy had announced "important ministerial changes." No details of the alleged changes are given, however, and the announcer went on to say that "national revolution is following its course."—Reuter.

Two More Plead Guilty In U.S. to Espionage

New York, Aug. 2.

Two additional members of an alleged German spy ring which federal agents rounded up in June, yesterday pleaded guilty in federal court, bringing the total admitting guilt to 10.

Thirty-three persons were accused of espionage on behalf of Germany. The trail will begin on September 3. Those pleadinig guilty yesterday were Oscar Stabler, former barber on the ss. Excambion and Erwin W. Sigler, former butcher aboard the ss. America. They will be sentenced on September 3.—United Press.



Moscow or Bust—Most Likely Bust

"To Moscow or Bust" said the Nazis at the start of their unprovoked war upon Soviet Russia. It looks as if the bust part of the statement was right for the Germans are way behind their schedule in Russia owing to the magnificent resistance of Russia's huge military machine, units of which are seen parading in the Red Square in Moscow as Josef Stalin, from a room in the Kremlin, seen in the background, watched his mighty legions. According to the Nazis the Kremlin has been razed to the ground. According to the Russians it still stands in all its splendour and the only ruins that are on the ground are bits and pieces of German planes that have tried to raid Russia's capital city. This picture gives some idea of the size of the Russian war machine, which, today, is giving the Nazis the biggest shock of their lives.

Enemy Convoy Off Belgium Attacked by R.A.F.

London, Aug. 2.

"IN daylight yesterday Blenheim aircraft, escorted by fighters, attacked enemy vessels in convoy off the Belgian coast," says an Air Ministry communique issued yesterday evening.

"Bombs were seen to straddle two ships and later, a ship of about 2,000 tons was seen to be burning and in a sinking condition. Two bombers and one fighter are missing."—Reuter.

R.A.F. Attacks Messina

Cairo, Aug. 2.

A bomber attack on shipping in the harbour at Messina in Sicily on Thursday is the chief feature of the R.A.F. communique.

The attack is described as "successful," but no details are given.

The communique also records an attack by heavy bombers on the harbour at Benghazi during the night of July 30/31, which caused several fires, one of which was visible 50 miles away. Other aircraft bombed Bardia, where large explosions were observed among military huts.

At Duara, in Tripolitania, British aircraft machine-gunned a number of Savoia bombers on the ground on Thursday, destroying one of them by fire and damaging a number of others.

From these operations, the communique adds, all British aircraft returned safely to their bases.—Reuter.

German Claims Refuted

London, Aug. 2.

While yesterday's German communique claimed that the ports of Great Yarmouth and Plymouth were attacked on Thursday night, it is authoritatively stated in London that actually not a single bomb was dropped within 40 miles of these two places.

Indeed, very few enemy aircraft were reported.

Not a single casualty was caused and the only damage was the severance of a few telephone wires.—Reuter.

Bombs Dropped in Nile Delta

Cairo, Aug. 2.

A few bombs were dropped in the Nile Delta on Thursday night, but without causing any damage, says a communique issued yesterday by the Egyptian Ministry of the Interior.

The communique says: "Alarms were sounded in Cairo, Alexandria and several provinces last night. A few bombs are reported to have been dropped in the Delta, causing two casualties, including one which proved fatal, but no damage was caused."—Reuter.

War May Spread To India Soon, Says Amery

London, Aug. 2.

Mr. L. E. S. Amery, Secretary of State for India, yesterday told the House of Commons that the war may spread to India in a few months.

"India is at war and the menace of war may well draw closer to her shores from the east and from the west in the next few months," Mr. Amery said.

He promised that India would achieve Dominion status "as soon as it is practicable."

In the course of a debate on India, Colonel Josea C. H. Wedgewood, a Labour Party member, criticized the "America First" committee. He said there were many Americans who think that Britain was tyrannizing India. "They have heard agitators telling lies," he said.

Mr. Wedgewood, whose remark that he had recently returned from America drew cheers and laughter from the House, said that at meeting after meeting in the United States "some emissary of 'America First' would get up and say 'you've put many Indians in jail. Why don't you practice democracy there?'

"Not the Faintest Idea"

"In the United States," Mr. Wedgewood said, "they have not got the faintest idea what we have done in India or that every province in India is self-governing today—just as self-governing as every state in America.

"They don't know that for 25 years the administration of education there has been entirely India's. They hear only agitators telling that we are tyrannizing India," he said.

Mr. Wedgewood criticized the Government's policy in India and termed it a "stop-gap" measure. He urged creation of a federal parliament in India, development of provinces so they can become states and release of Indian political prisoners.—United Press.

Clarification of Thai Attitude Awaited

Singapore, Aug. 2.

Thailand's recognition of Manchoukuo and the economic agreement with Japan are received with mixed feelings here. The average man is puzzled to decide whether the two steps presage closer Thailand - Japanese cooperation which might be harmful to the ABCD front or whether they are purely a moral or economic sop to satisfy Japan for the time being without in any way affecting Thailand's independence and integrity. Official circles decline at this stage to comment on the new developments.—Reuter.

Japanese Warships Enter Camranh Bay

Tokyo, Aug 2.

Units of the Japanese Fleet, on Thursday afternoon sailed into and took over the French Indo-China naval base at Camranh Bay, the influential metropolitan daily "Nichi-Nichi" reported this morning.

According to the paper, Major-General Raishiro Sumita, head of the Japanese Military Mission to Indo-China, first entered the harbour at 7.30 o'clock on Thursday morning to negotiate on entry details with the commander of the base.

After completing arrangements and reaching a complete agreement of views, Major-General Sumita withdrew on the same war vessel in which he made his entry, returning to the base where the main body of the Japanese squadron was stationed, the "Nichi-Nichi" reported.

With flags flying, the Japanese squadron made its formal entry into Camranh Bay in the afternoon.—Domei.

Ships Arrive at Saigon

Saigon, Aug. 2.

Completing the task of transporting advance troops of the Japanese army to bases in French Indo-China, Japanese naval units under the command of Vice-Admiral Masaichi Niimi, Supreme Commander of the Japanese Fleet in French Indo-China waters, steamed back into Saigon harbour at 11.30 o'clock this morning.

It is understood that Vice-Admiral Niimi will call on the Commander of the French Indo-China fleet stationed here, this afternoon to exchange greetings.—Domei.

Vichy Reinforcements Said on Way

Batavia, Aug. 2.

French sources here today said that Vichy reinforcements were en route to Indo-China and they would arrive in the French colony shortly "in an accord with the Japanese Government."—United Press.

Anglo-Finnish Diplomatic Relations Broken Off

London, Aug. 2.

Anglo-Finnish diplomatic relations have been broken off. The Foreign Office, in announcing this yesterday evening, stated, "The Finnish Minister, M. Grippenberg, was received at the Foreign Office by Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, and acting on instructions from his Government broke off diplomatic relations between Finland and Britain. In consequence of this action instructions have been sent to Mr. Gordon Vereker, British Minister at Helsinki, to ask for his passports."

Information has been received in London that the Finnish Government asked the Swedish Government whether it will undertake the protection of Finnish interests in Great Britain.

According to information from Nazi sources, the Finnish legation in London may be transferred to Dublin.

No information of this report has yet been received in Finnish quarters in London, but it is felt in the circumstances that such an arrangement would afford a welcome solution to the many practical difficulties that will obviously arise with a break in relations.—Reuter.

Occupied Territory

London, Aug. 2.

The Board of Trade and Ministry of Economic Warfare announce that Finland is to be regarded as enemy-occupied territory under the Trading with the Enemy Act and for the purpose of economic warfare.

Moreover from today Finland is regarded as an enemy destination for contraband purposes and all cargoes originating or owned in that territory will be liable to seizure.—Reuter.

Philippines to Get New Air Station

Washington, Aug. 2.

The Navy yesterday announced that it would commission a naval air station at Langley Point and Cavite, in the Philippines, on September 1. The commanding officer of the station has not yet been designated.—United Press.

India Already Independent In All But Name

San Francisco, California, Aug. 2.

SIR Firoz Khan Noon, high commissioner for India to Europe and the two Americas, painted a new picture here of India as already exercising virtually all the functions of a free nation, and lacking only official recognition of her new status.

"The fact that I am here in the United States negotiating directly a new trade, navigation and commerce agreement between the United States and India shows the extent to which India has already won her freedom," he declared.

"Free and Equal Member"

"In the gradual evolution of other British dependencies into free and equal members of the British Commonwealth of Nations the relinquishing to them of control of their own foreign affairs has always been the last step towards complete independence.

"India today is in complete control of the administration of all her domestic affairs, and we are even beginning to exercise control over some of our foreign affairs—such as treaty making.

"We are, in fact, already an independent nation except for the official recognition of it—and that is just around the corner."

Sir Firoz declared that in all India today there are only 100,000 whites.

"Of this total number," he stated, "fifty thousand are soldiers, while of the others some are servants.

"There remains also only 1,000 members of the British Civil Service. All the rest of the administration of government is now in our own hands."

Local Problem

Sir Firoz explained that the last and only obstacle to recognition of India's independence is purely a local one of internal domestic politics.

"In 1935 when we rejected the constitution which England offered us, we are told to go ahead and prepare our own constitution and England would accept it.

"Since then dissensions between our two major political parties has alone prevented our preparing that constitution.

"Gandhi's party, which might be qualified as the conservative one, represents 90 per cent. of all India. The opposition party, which might be classified as the 'left' represents the other 10 per cent. Once they get together on a compromise, our already attained independence will be recognized."

No Doubt of Acceptance

Sir Firoz declared there was no doubt in his mind of England's acceptance of their constitution as soon as they can prepare it.

"I do not know of an Englishman," he declared, "either in parliament or out that will not be glad to get us off their hands. India has never paid one cent of taxation or tribute to England since the day that Queen Victoria first took us over. We have only been a bad investment and trouble-makers for her."

The new, independent India that is emerging, he stated, will have some strong socialistic principles in its structure.

"The new India," he stated, "owns the railways, postoffices, irrigation works and many other public utilities. This came about by the fact that as the English withdrew we took over all installations which they had made."

Indian Control

From the standpoint of government, Sir Firoz declared that it is now entirely in the hands of Indian officials.

"Even in British India," he stated, "The administration in all eleven of the districts has been in our own hands since 1937. On the outbreak of the war, each of the eleven provinces for more than two years had been administered by Indian Ministers elected by Indians and responsible to Indian legislatures."

All India, he stated, accepts Gandhi's conception of independence as

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 6)

Japan's War Machine Deprived of U.S. Oil

Washington, Aug. 2.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT yesterday applied a virtual embargo on the export of all types of motor fuel and lubricating oils to Japan in what was described by authoritative sources here as a new blow at the Japanese war machine.

Without mentioning Japan by name—though the move was obviously directed at the Island Empire—the President shut off such shipments to "destinations other than in the western hemisphere, the British Empire and unoccupied territories of other countries engaged in resisting aggression."

The President specifically ordered the existing embargo on aviation fuel and oil to be made absolutely air tight and also ordered that machinery be set up to place an embargo at will on all other types of petrol and oil.

The only loophole for other oil supplies to Japan was thus left ready to be shut immediately when and if he deemed such an absolute embargo to be necessary.

Using Low Grade Spirit

A spokesman of the Office of Export Control said that the order was prompted by reliable information that Japanese and German bombers were using low grade aviation petrol containing an octane percentage much lower than in the fuel mentioned in the President's original embargo, which applied only to aviation petrol, which contained an 87.5 octane percentage.

The President left the door open for continued oil shipments to Japan—enough to keep her non-military industries functioning—by limiting the exportation of "other petroleum products to usual pre-war quantities" on a pro rata basis and subject to the issue of export licences.

The Export Control spokesman said that this meant that Japan or any other prescribed nation could obtain certain oils, such as crude, for furnaces, but only in quantities necessary for their industries and at the will of the President.

Thus, he explained, if Japan persisted in her aggressive ventures in East Asia, President Roosevelt, by refusing export licences, could dry up Japan's entire oil supply in the United States and bring her industries to a virtual halt.

Move Welcomed

Dr. Hu Shih, Chinese Ambassador to Washington, hailed the export ban and said he was "greatly gratified" by President Roosevelt's order.

"I am sure this will greatly strengthen our *moral* and I think it will be of great benefit to the whole cause of the Democracies fighting for freedom," Dr. Hu said. "It really is a very effective weapon."

Prior to yesterday's action, export of aviation petrol or lubricating oil had been subjected to export licences.

Text of Announcement

The text of the White House announcement of the oil ban follows: "It is announced the President has directed the Administrator of Export Control to take the initiative for further regulation in respect to the export of petroleum products in the interest of national defence. The action will have two immediate affects.

"It will prohibit the exportation of motor fuels and oils suitable for use in aircraft and of certain raw stocks from which such products are derived to a destination other than the Western Hemisphere, the British Empire and unoccupied territories of other countries engaged in resisting aggression.

"It also will limit the exportation of other petroleum products, except to destinations referred to above to the usual or pre-war quantities and provide for pro-rata issuance of licences on that basis."—United Press.

Ship's Sailing Unaffected

San Francisco, Aug. 2.

The sailing of the Tatuta Maru will not be affected by the Washington order cutting off the export of motor fuels and oils, it was learned today. The Japanese liner is expected to sail tomorrow night or Monday morning.

The ship will carry 350 passengers but no cargo. Its silk cargo valued at US$2,000,000, is expected to be sent by freight cars to the east immediately.—United Press.

Americans in North China May Appeal To Washington

Tientsin, Aug. 2.

Americans in North China contemplate officially drawing the attention of Washington to personal and other difficulties encountered as a result of local retaliation to the United States and British freezing measures.

These are reported to have so far included: Refusal of travel permits to United States nationals, many of whom are unable to leave port, while those possessing documents are unable to send heavy luggage by rail.

Recall of export permits granted before the promulgation of the freezing measures for the shipment of essential articles to the United States, causing cargo awaiting shipment to remain on the Bund, and failure to grant new permits for exports, with similar conditions applying to imports.

Curious Case

Refusal of the Post Office authorities to handle parcels for both British and Americans.

A curious case is related by an American, who is reported to have checked his luggage at a certain railway station and received a receipt, only to be told subsequently that "United States luggage is frozen."

The Post Office authorities, in declining to hand over parcels received for British and American individuals and establishments and in refusing to accept parcels for transmission from British and American nationals, are said to have declared that they are awaiting instructions from Peiping.

A reputable transport concern reports that heavy luggage belonging to either British or American nationals is no longer accepted by the railway authorities.—Reuter.

France Regards Japan As Ally Says Marcel Deat in "l'Oeuvre"

London, Aug. 2.

"France's attitude toward Japan is that of an ally," writes M. Marcel Deat, notorious pro-Nazi journalist discussing the Indo-China pact in the Paris newspaper "l'Oeuvre."

"We cannot distinguish between defensive and offensive," he continues, according to the German controlled Paris radio. "It is useless to colour our gesture with hypocrisy," he says. "It is against Britain and her friends in Bangkok, General Chiang Kai-shek, Russia and the United States that we have taken our precautions."—Reuter.

Japan Preparing for Any Emergency

Tokyo, Aug. 2.

While Japan began tightening its belt economically, at the same time it launched widespread military preparations to be ready for any emergency, a survey showed today.

The nature of these military preparations cannot be disclosed, but it can be said that Japan today probably has the largest forces in her history under arms.

The mobilization of the armed forces is resulting in labour shortage. Because of this factor, the Ministry of Education has announced that all students of middle schools and higher classes will be immediately organized as members of the National Service Corps for collective labour coincident with military training.—United Press.

Japan Expected to Go Ahead Whatever Democracies Do

London, Aug. 2.

JAPAN'S reported bid for use of Thailand naval and air bases in return for cession of more Indo-Chinese territory to Thailand, yesterday was widely believed here to have been the result of leniency with which the Democracies intend to enforce economic sanctions against Japan.

On the other hand, Tokyo's quick apology to Washington for the bombing of the Tutuila and the offer of indemnity, as well as promises of measures to prevent recurrence of such an incident, was regarded as strong evidence that the Japanese would remain cautious and were anxious to avoid needless provocation of the United States, lest all loopholes in the Democracies' embargos be plugged.

A small minority of experts here, speculating on why Japan apparently is preparing to extend her influence and power over Thailand and risk inciting the Democracies to make fullest use of their economic quarantine, believed Prince Fumimaro Konoye, Premier, expects Japan to feel the full force of the Democracies' measures anyhow, no matter what course he steers.

They said he was evidently assuming an attitude of "after us the deluge," and was seeking to continue the southward drive regardless of the threatened embargo which he assumes to be inevitable.

Likely to go Ahead

Most commentators concluded that Japan herself was likely to make it impossible for the Democracies to pursue a policy of even semi-appeasement, just as Chancellor Adolf Hitler's actions in 1939 frustrated the desire of certain influential Britons to continue appeasing Germany.

The impression prevailed here that continuance of Japanese southward expansion could cause first, lasting and total stoppage of Japanese trade with the Democracies, and second, a British-Australian guarantee—viewed benevolently by the United States—of the Netherlands East Indies against aggression, third, of certain mutual assistance arrangements between the British Empire and China.

There was a growing awareness here that the Dutch could not be expected to enforce economic sanctions against Japan more rigidly than the English speaking powers. There also was growing belief that any risk which the N.E.I. incurs in participating in parallel action against Japan entitles them to greater assurances of support from the Democracies.

Assault Against Russia

Other quarters here were wondering what policies the democracies would adopt if Japan struck against Russia in the north, before expanding her southward push.

Although it has never been made public, the British-Soviet alliance of July 13 popularly was assumed not to apply to the Far East.

An all-out Japanese southward offensive could cut the Democracies from supplies of oil, rubber, tin and other strategic materials from east Asia and threaten isolation of Singapore and security of vast British possessions.

On the other hand, a Japanese assault against Russia might decisively turn the tide of battle against the Soviets on all fronts and improve the chances of ultimate German victory.

Students of the Far East believe that a Japanese southward drive would be a more immediate menace to the British commonwealth but that a Japanese attack on Russia would be far graver and have longer range danger.

Monopoly Sought

Reliable sources here yesterday said in exchange for the province of Laos and the ancient city of Angkor Vat in Cambodia, Japan was asking for a virtual trade monopoly in Thailand, including rubber, tin, rice and the use of Thai naval, military and air bases.

Thailand gained Laos and Angkor Vat from Indo-China as result of Japanese mediation of the border conflict.—United Press.

Dr. Quo Tai-chi Sees Pressure On Thailand

Chungking, Aug. 2.

"World interest now centres on Thailand, since Japan is not only moving toward that country, but is actually in Thailand itself," declared Dr. Quo Tai-chi, Chinese Foreign Minister, in a press interview this morning.

He added that the "latest indication is that Thai recognition of Manchoukuo is a result of Japanese coercion. Recently there had been hopes that Thailand would resist Japanese aggression. The fate of Indo-China, her neighbour, should be a warning to Thailand, but it is regrettable that Thailand allows herself to be dominated by Japan. Thailand's move not only concerns China but other Powers in the Pacific, who have already demonstrated their displeasure at Japan's aggression against southern Indo-China by economic measures against Japan."

Questioned if China was taking counter-measures against Thailand, Dr. Quo replied that the Chinese Government had not yet received official confirmation of the report of Thai's recognition of Manchoukuo, but that it was considering the question, though fully understanding that Thailand's move was entirely due to Japan's coercion."

Britain, U.S. Thanked

The Foreign Minister, expressing gratification at the economic measures against Japan on the part of Britain, the United States and the N.E.I., stated that British and American parallel and concerted action was in line with China's persistent desire for closer cooperation against the aggression Powers.

He said: "The measures are not only a serious blow to Japan but mark a further clarification of the international situation, China found herself in a peculiar position in the first two years of the war, fighting alone without allies though receiving some assistance from Britain, the United States and Russia. Our enemy was not then regarded as a common enemy by other powers. There was even a tendency on their part not only to avoid provocation but to appease Japan.

"The recent economic measures marked the first direct action on their part against Japan."

Questioned if Mr. Harry Hopkins was coming to Chungking, Dr. Quo replied that no official word had yet been received, but assured him of a warm welcome if he came.

After declaring that all German and Italian diplomats, consular authorities and nationals had left China, Dr. Quo said only missionaries had been allowed to remain so long as they restricted their activities to missionary work and abided by Chinese laws.—Reuter.

California Produces 1,476 Planes in June

Los Angeles, Aug. 2.

The Los Angeles Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce yesterday reported a record production of 1,476 warplanes in June. The figure brought production for the first six months of 1941 to 7,423 planes or more than the entire volume of 1940. Hundreds of the planes were being flown to the east coast for delivery to Britain, the Chamber said, and many also were being sent to Singapore.—United Press.

U.S. Navy Takes Over Honolulu Coast Guard

Washington, Aug. 2.

The Navy yesterday took over personnel, equipment and activities of the Honolulu (14th) district coast guard for the duration of the emergency.—United Press.

Further Canadian Division Arrives In Britain

London, Aug. 2.

The Third Canadian Division, commanded by Major-General C. B. Price, has just arrived in Britain.

Besides thousands of soldiers, the large convoy also brought hundreds of United States technicians, and several hundred airmen trained in Canada.

Given Big Welcome

They were welcomed by Capt. Margesson, Secretary of State for War, the Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian High Commissioner, Lieut-General Sir Henry Pownall, Vice-Chief of the Imperial General Staff, and Rear-Admiral Sir Arthur Bromley, representing the Dominions Office.

Men of a French-Canadian regiment, among the new arrivals, were delighted to find that Capt. Margesson and Mr. Massey both spoke fluent French.

Before leaving the ship they listened to soldiers singing a favourite French-Canadian song.

Promise Implemented

The arrival of these thousands of fresh troops implements the promise made by Mr. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister of Canada, in a recent broadcast, when he said that during the year Canada could dispatch to Britain a third infantry division, an armoured division, and many reinforcements, equipped and maintained at Canada's own expense.

Major-General Price won his commission in the field during the Great War.

A year ago, when invasion seemed imminent, and Canadian troops stood between Hitler and London, General Price commanded an infantry brigade of the First Division.

Large Convoy Crosses Safely

An Atlantic convoy made history with its arrival in Britain, it is learned here, when one of the largest convoys to cross that ocean arrived yesterday.

It brought large supplies of ammunition and other war materials from Canada and the United States.

More American Fighters

Personnel carried included more Americans to join the Eagle Fighter Squadron, and nurses and doctors from the United States and Canada to do hospital and first-aid work in Britain.

More lumberjacks arrived from Nova Scotia to join their mates already in Scotland.

Much food was also brought.

The only excitement during the voyage, said a member of the crew of one ship, was when escorting warships "chased around dropping depth charges."—Reuter.

Tatuta Maru Allowed To Unload in U.S.

Washington, Aug. 2.

The Treasury Department yesterday granted the Tatuta Maru permission to unload all its cargo in San Fransisco, including US$3,000,000 worth of silk.

The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, said that the vessel could have 50 hours in which to unload.

Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, said at a press conference that libel suits would not be permitted to interfere with clearance of the Tatuta from San Francisco. Mr. Welles said he had assured Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura, Japanese Ambassador of that fact.

The United States Marshal's office in San Francisco earlier had issued writs of attachment against a portion of the Tatuta's cargo. The attachments were obtained by five American firms which demanded delivery of cargo on the ship consigned to them.—United Press.

Australian Officials Visiting N.E.I.

London, Aug. 2.

Senator Foll, the Australian Home Secretary, and a number of Australian journalists are arriving in Bali by special Dutch air-liner next week on a ten-day visit to the Dutch East Indies, says the Batavia radio. During their stay they will visit the naval base and dockyards at Sourabaya. The party will leave for Singapore on August 15.—Reuter.

One of the very few bare-legged actresses in dress roles, Paulette Goddard will again dispense with stockings in Paramount's "Nothing but the Truth."

THE CINEMA

"Florian"

Anton	Robert Young
Dianna	Helen Gilbert
Hofer	Charles Coburn
Oliver	Lee Bowman
Emperor	Reginald Owen
Countess	Lucile Watson
Trina	Irina Baronova
Victor	Rand Brooks

Once again a quadruped steals the show from under the noses of humans by its beauty and intelligence. This is in "Florian," which opened at the Roxy Theatre yesterday and which tells an exciting story of a horse and its trainer and the latter's search that takes him across an ocean where he finds the "emperor's stallion" hitched to an ordinary peddlar's cart. In addition to an exciting story there are other attractions that will find many pleased and these are the Viennese waltzes and ballet, the latter one of the most beautiful to be seen on the screen in a long time. Of human actors, Mr. Charles Coburn takes the honours with a sincere performance as an elderly doctor who helps the hero in his quest for the horse. Mr. Robert Young, too, is good as usual, while others of note are Messrs. Lee Bowman and Reginald Owen, with Miss Irina Baronova turning in an amusing performance of a temperamental ballerina. Her dancing is superb. Horse lovers, and even those who are not acquainted with equestrian art will be thrilled by the horse show, with Florian and several other beautifully trained steeds.

An amusing cartoon precedes the main feature.—G.P.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Nicolsky—Dronnikoff Wedding

The wedding took place on Friday of Miss Alla N. Nicolsky, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. V. Nicolsky of 741/22 R. Ratard, and Mr. Serge N. Dronnikoff, of the Shanghai Power Co., son of Mr. and Mrs. N. G. Dronnikoff of 1375 Avenue Road. The ceremony took place at the Russian Cathedral in Rue Paul Henry.

WEDDING

Nicolsky-Dronnikoff

The wedding of Miss Alla N. Nicolsky and Mr. Serge N. Dronnikoff took place at 4 p.m. on Friday at the Russian Cathedral, in Rue Paul Henry, Father Sergei Borodin and Deacon V. Konovaloff officiating. Mr. Dronnikoff is connected with the Shanghai Power Company while his bride is a student of medicine at St. John's University. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. N. G. Dronnikoff.

The wedding was attended by a large number of relatives and friends of both the bride and bridegroom. The matron of honour was Mrs. C. Malinovsky and the Misses N. Kuznetsoff, M. Teltoff, N. Tokmakoff M. Katil and A. Mikshefl were bridesmaids. M. V. W. Tokmakoff served as the best man while Mr. V. Dronnikoff, G. Miranoff, E. Poushtorsky, V. Fridriff, and A. Katil were ushers.

The bride was given away by her father, Mr. N. V. Nicolsky. She was dressed in a beautiful gown of Swiss embroidered organdie over a satin slip, with fine silk net veil caught with orange blossom headdress in the Russian "kokoshnik" style. She wore a beautiful bouquet of white gladiolas. The bridesmaids were dressed in light blue gowns and wore bouquets of pale pink carnations. The bride's mother wore a green lace dress and white hat.

Following the wedding a reception was held at the Park Hotel and the newly married couple will spend the honeymoon in Tsingtao.

FUNERAL

Mrs. Natalya Navrotzky

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Natalya Navrotsky were held yesterday afternoon when a Church service took place at the Russian Cathedral on Route Paul Henry, followed by burial at the Hungjao Road Cemetery. The late Mrs. Navrotzky, wife of Captain Gleb M. Navrotsky of Mollers' Ltd., died at The Country Hospital last Thursday followng two weeks illness with typhoid fever. Besides her husband, who was the chief-mourner, deceased is survived by one son, Nikita, aged 14 years. A beautiful spray of flowers from "husband and son" was lowered into the grave with the casket. Among others sending floral tributes were:—

Family S. S. Astafeff, V. Gridneva, Valio and Boris Markitant, Russian Navy Ex-Officers Club, V. V. and Nina Besual, Lydia and Margaret and Family Vals, Mrs. A. S. Alcott, A. A. Nefadoff family, O. A. Reinberg and family, Dr. Hans Danziger, Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Pate, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Garin, Captain and Mrs. J. R. MacDonald, Captain and Mrs. J. W. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Psial, Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Scott, Basil V. Dirich, Chang Zen Fu, Doo Yin-Tien, Yung Chung De, and others.

Funeral arrangements were under the direction of the International Funeral Directors.

Manchoukuoan Passport Restrictions

Changchun, Aug. 2.

New passport visas valid for only one trip are now required for foreigners travelling from Manchoukuo to Korea and the Kwantung Leased Territory. The former yearly six months' visas are no longer valid.

Similarly Japan and Manchoukuo have introduced control of telegraph and telephone messages, permitting only international codes by wire and in the Chinese and Japanese language for long distance calls.—Reuter.

*Nazi Division Routed

(Continued from page 1)

"In the Baltic Sea, our air force sank an enemy patrol ship and a tanker of 5,000 tons. Four enemy ships were heavily damaged. In the course of July 31, 15 German planes were brought down in air combats. We lost seven planes.

"A formation commanded by Tkachenko completely smashed a German regiment. Some 500 killed Germans remained on the battlefield. We captured prisoners, six tanks, two armoured cars, nine guns, eight machine-guns, eight lorries with shells, 18 cars, 50 bicycles and other trophies."

Developments in Situation

By Reuters Special Correspondent

While fierce battles continue to rage in western Russia, developments vitally important to the progress of the war have taken place in the international field in the past few days. These developments are regarded here as significant indications of future Russian international policy.

The foreign policy of the Soviet Government has been one of bold startling strokes, of which the latest and most striking is the agreement with Poland. To regard the signing of this agreement as mere opportunism dictated by a desire not to offend Britain would be a mistake.

General Policy

Like the agreements with Yugoslavia and the Czechs it fits in with the general line of policy of the Soviet Government adapted to war and post-war conditions and originating, as the newspaper "Pravda" says, from the Soviet-British agreement. Generally speaking since the German attack, Russia has returned to the idea of an anti-Fascist aggression front. Years ago this line of policy was one very dear to M. Stalin's heart and it has already been manifested in the Soviet Government's adherence to the League of Nations.

Its present development, as signified by the signing of the recent series of agreements with the governments of countries which have fallen victims to Nazi aggression, implies an important Russian contribution to the establishment of orderly relationship among the nations of Europe.

Necessary Step

It is freely admitted here that the so-called partition of Poland in 1939 was merely necessary to prevent Germany from approaching even closer to Russia's vital areas'—a policy which events of the past six weeks, it is argued, have justified, since the Baltic states and Russian-occupied Poland absorbed the initial shock of the German onslaught.

Although the agreement with Poland does not settle territorial problems which raise many arguments on both sides, articles in the "Pravda" and other newspapers are highly significant. These articles welcome restoration of Poland's creative powers after untold sufferings and the prospects of her regaining her sovereignty and independence.

Bulwark Against Nazis

Russia sees her role as that of guide and bulwark of Slavdom against renewed German aggression, a role which the Russians know will certainly be popular among the Slav peoples after their appaling persecutions at Nazi hands.

The arrival of Mr. Harry Hopkins has caused the greatest satisfaction and has still further increased Russian confidence in a gigantic anti-Hitler front. Mr. Hopkins' attitude, like Mr. Churchill's is exactly what the Russians would have welcomed in 1935. Then it would probably have prevented the war; now it will help win the war. The Russians are greatly impressed by Mr. Hopkins' lack of haggling and the straightness of his statement. "What do you want urgently? You will get it."

Pride in Army

Russia's immense pride in the army's achievements does not blind the people to the fact that the German war machine is formidable, with reserves of equipment greater than those of the Red army, and that complete and unremitting effort by the entire anti-German front is essential.

Russia's own effort is well summed up in the slogan seen everywhere: "Everything first for the army." This is not just words. It is the case everywhere. Factories, fields and transport concerns all say, "it is for our soldiers." The army has priority everywhere. The war effort is absorbing all the nation's energies.—Reuter.

British Firms in Tsingtao Allowed Petrol

Tsingtao, Aug. 2.

The British Consul, Mr. E.W.P. Mills, has been given to understand that petrol rations, which are unobtainable now will hereafter be allowed to British firms and individuals.

Yesterday the Japanese Vice-Consul called at the British Consulate and requested to be furnished with a list of petroleum requirements of the Consular staff and, unexpectedly, of Dr. R. F. Brown, a Briton. The Japanese Consular officer also called at the American Consulate for the same purpose.

Mr. Mills and the American Consul, Mr. Paul Meyer, were disagreeably surprised when they called on the Japanese Consul-General on Monday morning and after a wait of 40 minutes were unable to see him. The calls were made simultaneously without the usual preliminary appointment, but when they again called on the same afternoon after having made an appointment they were received by the Consul and Vice-Consul and told that the Consul-General, Mr. T. Takaoka, was too busy to see them.

Summer Visitors

The position of summer visitors here including over 100 Americans and about 60 Britons is still uncertain. While other nationalities are securing travel permits from the naval authorities without difficulty Britons and Americans have been told since Monday to leave their passports and to come back today. This morning they were told to come back on Monday.

While being told there are no bookings available on the sole Japanese shipping line the majority of Britons and Americans are not panicky, taking a sanguine wait and see attitude.

Local British authorities have not heard anything regarding conditions in Chefoo but it is understood that local British residents now in Chefoo who had bookings on the Tangshan Maru from Chefoo for Tsingtao on Thursday have informed their relatives here that they had to cancel sailing due to their inability to obtain naval travel permits.

There is certainly obstructionism in local bureaux but hitherto no disclosed cases of definite refusals.

The United States Vice-Consul at Tsinan, Mr. Carl O. Hawthorne, returned to that city last night after being unable to leave Tsingtao for several days following the ban on issuance of travel permits for Britons and Americans.—Reuter.

Few Bombs on Britain

London, Aug. 2.

Only a very few enemy aircraft crossed the coasts last night and a few bombs dropped at points in southwest England and Scotland caused no damage or casualties, states an Air Ministry communique.—Reuter.

*India Already Independent

(Continued from page 1)

that of Canada and South Africa, namely a member of the British Commonwealth of Nations on a basis of absolute equality.

Comparison with U.S.

"No realistic nation today," he declared dreams of existing independently by itself. "Even the United States, with all its population, wealth and resources could not exist alone for a single day were those of the combined three axis powers launched against her."

All Indian political parties having declared a truce in their internal fights in order to permit all India to present a united front in backing up England, Sir Firoz stated that it is hoped that during this lull the opposing parties may at last get together, patch up their differences and find a compromise basis for drawing up the constitution England has promised to accept. "Hence, recognition of our independence may come overnight at any time now," he stated.

Arsenal of the Empire

In the meantime, he declared, India has become the arsenal of the British Empire in the Pacific.

"The capacity of our four armament factories which have been in existence for 70 years now, has doubled. They are producing heavy-calibre guns, rifles machine-guns, ammunition of all sizes and tanks. A plane factory is being set up and we will also build automobiles.

"The greater part of our volunteer army of 500,000 soldiers is now overseas rendering good account of themselves on various fronts.

"Not a single Indian prince or leader will even accept the thought of totalitarian government.

"Even Gandhi himself has declared that if he had to choose between the defeat of England and continued subjugation of England, he would choose the latter, for the defeat of England would mean the disappearance of freedom from the world."—United Press.

American Pressmen Complain of Tokyo Censorship

Tokyo, Aug. 2.

American correspondents here of the United Press, "New York Times," New York "Herald Tribune," Associated Press, International news and the National Broadcasting System yesterday requested the Government to revise its censorship regulations.

The correspondents asked that they be informed when their cables are held up and what is deleted from them.

They also requested permission to import American food and clothing upon payment of normal duties, the issuance of petrol ration cards similar to those issued to various foreign embassies and permission to own and operate short wave radio sets.

The correspondents based their requests on the grounds that Japanese correspondents in the United States were accorded similar privileges and working conditions.

The United States Embassy said that it would be delighted if the Japanese Government granted the requests, adding that it believed that such a move on the part of the Japanese would "promote better Japanese-American relations."—United Press.

Chinese Diplomats Arrive in New York

New York, Aug. 2.

Sixty-four Chinese diplomats and members of their families, who were recalled from Germany, Italy and Nazi occupied countries, arrived here yesterday on the American transport West Point. All the diplomats are en route to Chungking.—United Press.

Leahy, Petain Confer

Vichy, Aug. 2.

Marshal Philippe Petain, Admiral Francois Darlan and Admiral William Leahy, United States Ambassador, conferred yesterday on various subjects, including the African situation.

Marshal Petain reiterated the complete independence of French policy in Africa, Asia and the Americas and the tone of the entire conversation was particularly friendly in contrast to a recent conference, said reliable reports.—United Press.

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COUPON DEBENTURES—INTEREST COUPON No. 15.

Holders of coupon debentures are hereby notified that the above-mentioned coupon, representing interest at the rate of 5½% per annum for the half year ending August 10, 1941, will be payable on or after August 11, 1941, at the office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai.

Holders are requested to list their coupons upon forms which may be obtained on application at the Accountant's Office of the above-mentioned bank. Such forms should then be left at the bank between the hours of 10 a.m. and 3 p.m., Saturdays excepted, three clear days previous to payment. Alternatively, holders may, if they prefer and their bank agrees, hand their coupons into their own bank for collection.

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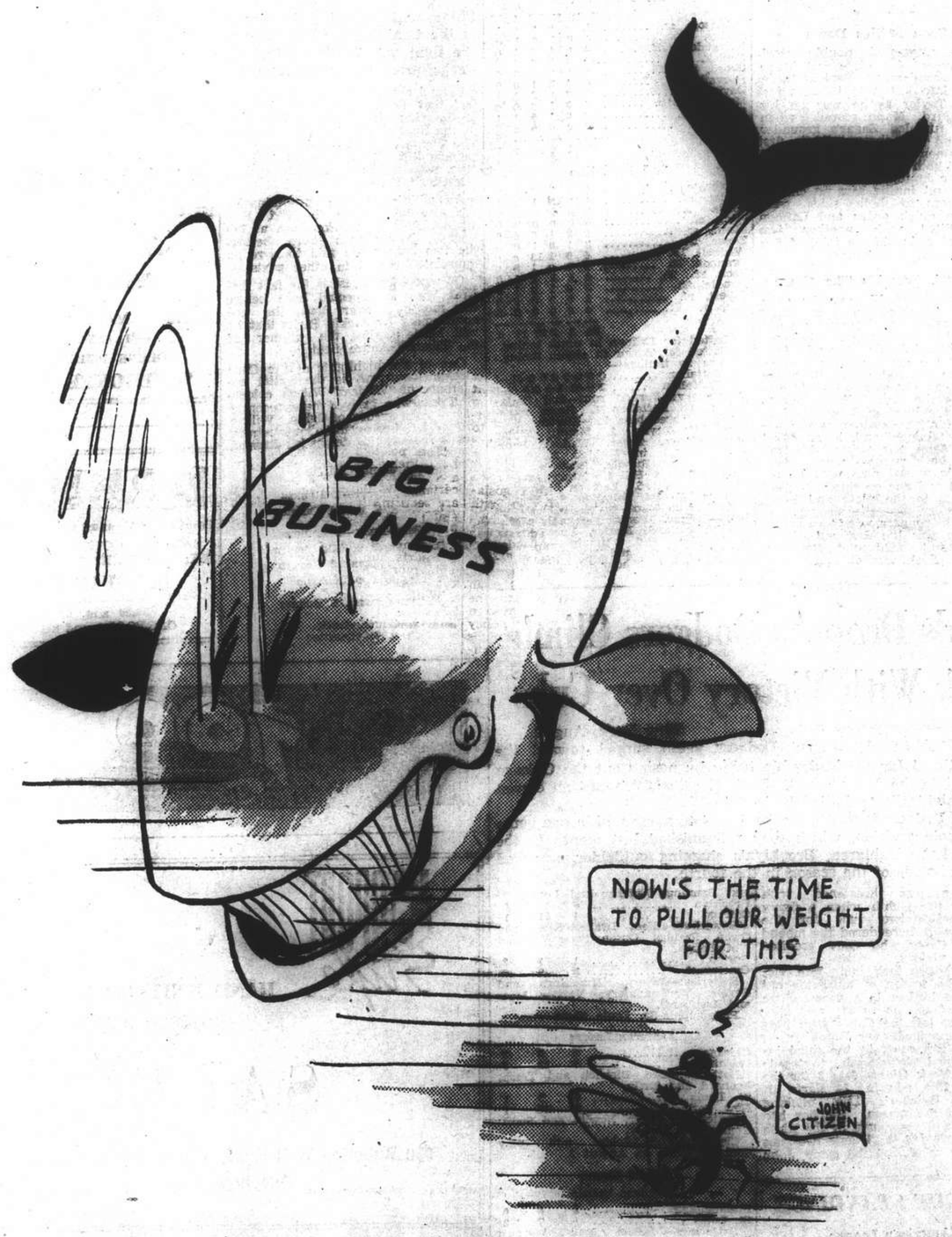
London Firemen Take a Rest

This picture harks back to the time when London's Fire Brigade was kept continuously busy by Nazi raiders. It shows firemen having a rest after an all night battle against a Blitz. For some time now the Nazis have not been able to raid the British capital with any serious effect.

£10,000 Needed for the 2nd China British Squadron



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THE SPORTS PAGE

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Safe At First

Nora Quincey, first sacker of the Erin Villa girls "A" softball team, is shown here as she was safe on first base in the initial inning of the game between the A.S.P. "A" and the Erin Villa outfits. The Portuguese girls won a thrilling encounter yesterday at the Race Course by 9-8.

Seventh Inning Rally Gives A.S.P. Ladies Narrow Win Over Erin Villa Squad

WHILE the large partisan crowd held their breath in suspense the A.S.P. "A" ladies staged a magnificent rally in the deciding inning, after trailing by two runs, to dash across the home plate three times and snatch victory from literally under the nose of the Erin Villa squad and win the principal encounter of the Erin Villa Ladies Softball League by the count of 9-8. Magnificent indeed was their grand recovery after an inglorious start.

The green-clad girls opened up the first inning with a hitting spree when they chalked up four runs. Nora Quincey first to bat, reached first base safely when Nadia Canavarro fumbled a bunt. E. Savage, next to face the mound, hit a fly to short stop and was caught out. Another error on the part of the pitcher saw the next batter, Priscilla Remedios, get to first base. "Girlie" Ellis, third base for the Erin Villa then faced the mound to hit a three bagger and brought in two players. On a fielder's choice Nadju Sarkari, short stop, reached first base and then stole two more. C. Edwards, sent a high ball over the second base but was caught out. Waiting for a good ball, A. Chue picked out a good ball and hit a grounder to short stop, while the two players on base came over the home plate. The next batter was caught out by the right fielder.

Naomi Machado, first to bat for the A. S. P. "A" aggregation, hit out in the field to reach first base safely, stole second and was caught out trying to steal third. Frances Caldas, who played a good game on the first sack, got a base on balls and stole second. The next batter, Marie Augusta Silva, was put out from an assist from third base to first. "Jiggy" Pereira was out on a fly.

In their half of the second inning, the Fighting Irish faired poorly the first batter, L. Oliveira, being struck out; M. Favacho being put from an assist from pitcher to first and Nora Quincey, who played good ball game out on first base also. The Portuguese ladies chalked up one run in their half of the inning when N. Canavarro hit a high ball over third base to reach first base safely and came home when Margaret Oliveira hit a two bagger. The next two batters were caught out.

In the third frame, the Erin Villa girls managed to get only one run against two from the A.S.P. squad. E. Savage rover for the green clads got a base on balls, stole second and third and came home off a hit from Nadiu Sarkari.

Out to retain their hold on the lead, the Fighting Irish went on another hitting spree to bring in four more runs. C. Edwards, first to face the mound was caught out on first base. Miss Chue, hit a grounder to third, reached first safely but was out when she left the base before the pitcher threw the ball. With two out, Lilly Beale hit another grounder to third reached first safely and stole second. L. Oliveira, next to bat, hit a two bagger and brought in Lilly Beale. The next batter, Miss Favacho hit a line drive along first base and on the first basemen's error ran to second, while L. Oliveira came home. "Girlie" Ellis was caught out.

Miss Marie Carnavarro in closing the fourth inning for the Portuguese ladies hit safely to reach first base. M. Oliveira, next to bat flew out. Miss Lachlan hit another safe ball to right field and brought in M Canavarro. The next batter was caught out on first base. Thelma Collaco then hit to third base to reach first safely. On a hit from "Kiddo" Oliveira along second base, Thelma Collaco came home. Naomi Machado was caught out on first.

Both teams bent on victory, held down their opponents scoreless for the next two innings.

With the score 8-6 in favour of the Erin Villa, the Portuguese ladies faced the mound for the last half of the seventh, with the determination of winning the game, and owing to several errors on the part of the Erin Villa Girls chalked up three runs to bring victory.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1. Wychwood Abbot; 2, Rio Princess.
Also ran:—Rita Dale, Wonderful Bernie, Talisman, Hot Sketch.
1½ length.—Time, 18.58.
Win, $14.50. Forecast 2-4 Div. $103 10.
Place, 1st $8.60; 2nd $18.20.

2—440 yd. flat.—1, Jorrock's Alone; 2, Golden Angelo.
Also ran:—Fairy Spirit, Grey Vulcan Hunter's Wish, Constant Valerie.
1 length.—Time, 27.32.
Win, $19.00. Forecast 6-4 Div. $74.20.
Place, 1st $10.00 2nd $10.20.
Double Event 1/2 2-6 Div. $30.60.

3—440 yd. flat.—1, Country Scion; 2, Orange Bud.
Also ran:—Foxey Argument, First Again, Maori Charm, Colonel Jasper.
4 lengths.—Time, 26.56.
Win, $29.50. Forecast 4-3 Div. $68.60.
Place, 1st $13.80; 2nd $9.70.
Double Event 2/3 6-4 Div. $62.70.

4—500 yd. flat.—1, Dauntless Question; 1st Odin.
Also ran:—Star Boy, Oregon Duke, Don't Fool, Sapphire, Dead-Heat.—Time, 30.91.
Win, $12.20—(3). $19.80—(5). Forecast 3-5, 5-5 Div. $59.70, $103.50.
Place, 1st $16.10; 2nd $15.00.
Double Event 3/4 4-3, 4-5, Div. $15.70, $61.10.

5—500 yd. flat.—1, Fan Fan; 2, Talgai Junior.
Also ran:—Captain Cora, Yeoman Corporal, Adam's Ruin, Top Notcher.
1½ length.—Time, 30.64.
Win, $13.40. Forecast 3-2 Div. $28.90.
Place, 1st $7.90; 2nd $9.70.
Double Event 4/5 3-3, 5-3, Div. $12.50, $18.60.

6—500 yd. flat.—1, Nocturne; 2, The Buck.
Also ran:—High Collar, Sir Sewn, Lady Whirlwind, Chez Madelon.
2½ lengths.—Time, 30.47.
Win, $20.50. Forecast 5-2 Div. $93.60.
Place, 1st $11.10; 2nd $14.80.
Double Event 5-6 3-5 Div. $95.30.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Moody Mask; 2, Great Rascal.
Also ran:—Husky Quaver, Sandy Willie, Royal Navy, Mr. Hattage.
1 length.—Time, 30.44.
Win, $23.00. Forecast 1-4 Div. $147.60.
Place, 1st $8.80; 2nd $8.50.
Double Event 6/7 5-1 Div. $59.50.

8—550 yd. flat.—1, Erindale, 2, Open Banner.
Also ran:—Youthful Parent, Stolen Quality, Fresh Brew, Common Custom.
9 lengths.—Time, 30.19.
Win, $24.00. Forecast 4-5 Div. $144.60.
Place, 1st $11.60; 2nd $16.80
Double Event 7/8 1-4 Div. $59.80.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Captain Charming; 2, Stolen Quibble.
Also ran:—True Promise, Cute Vanguard, Glenmore Leader, Cabotin.
3½ lengths.—Time, 30.03.
Win, $34.40. Forecast 6-5 Div. $102.10.
Place, 1st $9.20; 2nd $7.50.
Double Event 8/9 4-6 Div. $74.40.

10—800 yd. flat.—1, Mystie Bessie; 2, Radiant Scene.
Also ran:—Yeoman Caprice, Sandy Way Don't Forget, Best Candidate.
1½ length.—Time, 49.86.
Win, $11.30. Forecast 5-1 Div. $75 00.
Place, 1st $9.00; 2nd $17.50.
Double Event 9/10 6-5 Div. $46.80.

11—500 yd. flat.—1, Sauce Mayonnaise; 2, Cute Vagabond.
Also ran:—Colonel Jumbo, Grey Viking, Dover Cliffs, Whitey.
2 lengths.—Time, 29.77.
Win, $14.60. Forecast 3-4 Div. $125.60.
Place, 1st $8.50; 2nd $11.80.
Double Event 10/11 5-2 Div. $17.70.

12—500 yd. flat.—1, Royal Rebel; 2, Gallant Mayor.
Also ran:—Debtor, Orange Brand, Go Softly Mighty Cheerful.
1½ length.—Time, 29.72.
Win, $21.70. Forecast 1-5 Div. $111.90.
Place, 1st $10.80; 2nd $15.80.
Double Event 11/12 2-1 Div. $25.90.

Unusual Kittenball Feature Today

An unusual attraction in the customary Sunday morning engagements of the Erin Villa Invitation Ladies Softball League, "B" division, will be the senior loop tussle between the Mollers Ltd. and the Foreign "Y" Reds this morning at ten o'clock.

Attention will naturally be centred upon this fixture as it should be productive of a much higher brand of softball than the junior league clashes. The Foreign "Y" girls, now in third berth of the league standings, are strongly favoured to rout the representatives from the shipping firm. In fact, a win for the Imeas is a foregone conclusion. The Moller girls have not displayed any form of consequence during the entire summer with the exception of the time when they trounced the Race Clubbers.

An all-Chinese clash will be seen at eight thirty when the Ching Woo and Lanterns face each other on the diamond. The latter have proved themselves to be formidable contenders for the "B" division title this summer and have in their earlier engagements made their intentions clear.

At 8.45 a.m. the C.S.F. will swing bats with the Rangers, a new but hard—fighting squad. In the other two engagements, the A.S.P. "C" will be pitted against the S.M.C. in one while in the second the F.M.C. will battle the Telephones.

The complete schedule follows:—

"B" Division

a.m.
6.30 Ching Woo—Lantern ..... kp. 1
8.45 C.S.F.—Rangers ..... kp. 2
10.00 A.S.P. "C"—S.M.C. ..... kp. 2
10.30 F.M.C.—Telephones ..... f.m.c.

"A" Division

10.00 Mollers Ltd.—Foreign "Y" Reds ..... kp. 1

Khalsa Holding Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of the Khalsa Sporting Association will be held today at the Indian Hotel, 368 Tiendong Road. After the usual business has been conducted and a new committee has been elected, there will be a dinner party.

Second Battalion Trounces First by Clear-Cut Margin

AFTER a rainy spell that washed out the local City Baseball League encounters for the past two weekends, the Second Battalion yesterday crossed bats with the First Battalion in a game that was well attended, as many of the local baseball enthusiasts were on hand to see the contest. The Second Battalion, under the leadership of "Bozo" Duncan, had little difficulty in trimming their opponents, emerging victors by the one-sided score of 8-1.

"Bull" Mertes, iron-armed backstop of the Second Battalion was the hero of the encounter as he clouted Laffoon, hurler of the First Battalion, for a home run and a triple to lead the hitters while "Muscles" Taylor, also of the Second Battalion, was allowed three hits, two of which were for extra bases. Mann, with one hit in two trips to the plate, now takes the lead in the race for the individual batting title.

The game was faster than usual as the Second Battalion played errorless ball before the fine hurling of Hill, who struck out five of his opponents and allowed them only 8 hits, three of which the First Battalion got in the last inning, to score their only tally of the game.

Chief Reasons for Defeat

Laffoon did some fine pitching for the First Battalion as he only allowed the Second Battalion batters one hit more than his team-mates received but the errors committed by the poor fielding of the First Battalion and the bunching of the hits by the Second Battalion was the chief reason for the loss of this encounter.

The Second Battalion showed that they were out to win the encounter right from the first inning as they were lucky to score twice on one hit and two errors committed by the First Battalion and Laffoon had to strike out all three batters in that inning to retire the side. Mertes started out the first inning for the Second Battalion by fanning. Taylor hit the ball into deep centre for a two-bagger. Mann was given a free pass to first when he was hit by a pitched ball.

Laffoon Settles Down

In an attempted double steal, Taylor crossed the plate and Mann reached second when Penick threw the ball into left field in an effort to catch Taylor as he was on his way to third. Mann scored when Robinson fumbled Zagar's grounder to him and then threw wild to first base. Laffoon then settled down and struck out both Waddell and Brannon to end the inning.

The second inning saw no change in the score as both sides were retired in quick order and Laffoon was credited with another two strike outs giving him a total of five strike outs in two innings.

2nd Batt. Sew Up The Game

The Second Battalion sewed up the contest in the third inning as "Bull" Mertes started the inning by going to first when he was hit by Laffoon. Taylor then hit his second two-bagger of the game scoring Mertes. Mann then stepped up to the plate and followed the example of Taylor by hitting the first ball pitched to hit over the head of Klusendorf at left field for two bases to score Taylor. Zagar bunted and, in an effort to catch Mann who was on his way to third, both runners were safe. Zagar stole second and, with a man on second and one on third, Waddell stepped up to the plate and hit a fast grounder past the shortstop to score both runners.

Brannon was the first out of the inning when he flied out to Robinson on short. Pack was out on a foul fly to McMillian and Rundle fanned to end the inning and give the Second Battalion a six runs lead which they never relinquished.

Winners Go Further Ahead

In the fourth inning, the Second Battalion went further ahead after Hill had grounded out, Davis to McMillian. Metres, second man to face Laffoon in that inning, hit the first ball pitched to hit over the head of the right fielder and had little difficulty in going round the bases for a home run. Taylor was out, Laffoon to McMillian. The next two batters to face Laffoon were given a free pass to first and Laffoon ended the inning by fanning Waddell.

The Second Battalion scored their last run in the fifth inning on two hits. Brannon grounded out, Laffoon to McMillian, Pack hit a Texas Leaguer into right field. Rundle hit into deep left field to score Pack. Rundle was out as he attempted to steal third and hit grounded out to the second base.

The First Battalion came across with their lone tally in the final inning when Penick started the frame with a hit. Heard was safe on a fielder's choice as Penick was out on second. Horvath hit a Texas Leaguer, advancing Heard to second. Davis flied out to Mann, McMillian got his first hit of the season and Fantone, batting for Laffoon was given a free pass to first, walking Heard home with the lone tally. Robinson ended the inning by grounding out to Brannon

The box score:—

1st Battalion

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Robinson, ss.	5	0	0	2	1	1
Mudry, 3b.	4	0	1	0	1	0
Klusendorff, lf.	4	0	1	0	1	0
Penick, c.	4	0	2	8	1	2
Heard, rf.	3	1	0	2	0	0
Horvath, cf.	4	0	2	1	0	0
Davis, 2b.	1	0	0	2	1	1
McMillian, 1b.	4	0	1	8	0	0
Laffoon, p.	3	0	1	0	1	1
†Fantone	0	0	0	0	0	0
	32	1	8	24	7	5

2nd Battalion

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Mertes, c.	4	2	2	7	0	0
Taylor, cf.	4	2	3	1	0	0
*Biela	1	0	0	0	0	0
Fitch, cf.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mann, ss.	2	2	1	3	4	0
Zagar, lf.	3	1	0	1	0	0
Waddell, 1b.	4	0	1	13	0	0
Brannon, 3b.	4	0	0	1	5	0
Pack, rf., 2b.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Rundle, 2b.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Albert, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	0
Hill, p.	4	0	0	0	6	0
	34	8	9	27	17	0

†Batted for Laffoon in ninth inning.
*Batted for Taylor in eighth inning.

Score by innings:—

1st Battalion	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1
2nd Battalion	2 0 4 1 1 0 0 0 0	8

Summary:—Earned runs—2nd Battalion 6, 1st Battalion 1. Home run—Mertes. Three base hit—Mertes. Two base hits—Taylor 2, Mann. Stolen bases—Mertes, Zagar, Waddell, Pack. Runs batted in—Waddell 2, Mertes, Taylor, Mann, Rundle. Bases on balls—off Laffoon 2, Hill 4. Struck out—by Laffoon 8, Hill 5. Left on bases—2nd Battalion 6, 1st Battalion 9. Double play—Hill to Mann to Waddell. Passed balls—Mertes, Penick. Hit by pitchers—Mann and Mertes by Laffoon, Davis by Hill. Umpires—Allender (plate), Jackson and Rossell (bases). Time of game—1 hour 55 minutes.

Cards Drop As Dodgers Climb Back With Victory Over Cubs

New York, Aug. 1.

BROOKLYN'S determined Dodgers again surged toward the National League leadership today by nosing out the Chicago Cubs, while the first place St. Louis Cardinals dropped an eleven inning night tilt to Philadelphia 2 to 1.

The Dodgers topped the cubs 5 to 4 to move within one game of the pole position, which they relinquished last month to the Cards. Babe Dahlgren, Brooklyn's slugging outfielder, smacked his 16th homer of the season in the fourth.

Brooklyn was threatened with defeat in the eighth when a flurry of hits netted two runs for the Cubs. Drake surrendered the mound to Hugh Casey who was credited with the victory.

The Phillies took their 26th victory of the season in squeezing out the league leaders in a game which kept the fans up past midnight. The defeat left the Cards with only a one game lead over Brooklyn.

A four run spurt in the third inning enabled Pittsburgh to topple the New York Giants 6 to 3 for the Pirate's 12th win in 14 starts. It was Al Butcher's 11th pitching victory of the season. Butcher had a few anxous moments in the ninth when he yielded the Giants two runs before he could end the game. John Vander Meer fanned seven and allowed only a double and a single in pitching Cincinnati's Reds to a 5 to 1 win over the Boston Braves.

The amazing New York Yankees blasted the St Louis Browns by a 9 to 0 score today to continue their streak of victories, but more amazing still was the way in which "Lefty" Gomez won the game.

In the only other American League game of the day, the Washington Senators trounced the Chicago White Sox, 8 to 2 to move up into seventh place ahead of the St. Louis club.

Emile Lonard won his fifth straight game, the 11th of the season and his fourth game of the year over the White Sox thereby establishing himself as a "jinx" to the Windy City boys.

The Cleveland Indians and Philadelphia Athletics postponed their game until August 3 when they will play a double-header.

Box Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	11	0
Pittsburgh	6	11	1

Batteries:—Hubbell, McGee, Adams and Danning; Butcher and Lopez.

Brooklyn	5	16	0
Chicago	4	11	1

Batteries:—Allen; Drake, Casey and Owen. Franks; Ousen, Pressnell and McCullough.

Boston	1	2	2
Cincinnati	5	9	0

Batteries:—Javery, Hutchings and Berres. Montgommery; Vander Meer and Lombardi.
Philadelphia-St. Louis night game.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Chicago	2	8	2
Washington	8	12	0

Batteries:—Lee, Dietrich and Tresh: Leonard and Early.

St. Louis	0	5	1
New York	9	14	1

Batteries:—Auker, Newlin and Swift. Gomez and Dickey.
Cleveland-Philadelphia will play double header on August 3.

Night Game

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia	2	3	0
St. Louis	1	7	2

Batteries:—Johnson and Warren; Crouch, Hutchinson, Warneke and W. Cooper.—United Press.

LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	68	30	.694
Cleveland	55	42	.567
Boston	50	46	.521
Philadelphia	47	49	.490
Chicago	47	52	.475
Detroit	46	55	.455
Washington	38	57	.400
St. Louis	38	58	.396

National League

	W.	L.	Pct.
St. Louis	62	35	.639
Brooklyn	61	36	.629
Cincinnati	53	42	.558
Pittsburgh	51	42	.548
New York	45	44	.506
Chicago	44	53	.454
Boston	38	57	.400
Philadelphia	26	69	.274

—United Press.

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CANIDROME RESULTS

Saturday, August 2, 1941.

Race	Placed-Dogs			$5.00 Win F'cast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	2	4		103.10	
2	6	4		74.20	30.60
3	4	3		68.60	62.70
4	3 / 5	D.H.		59.70 (3-5) 103.50 (5-3)	15.70--(4-3) 61.10--(4-5)
5	3	2		28.90	12.50--(3-3) 18.60--(5-3)
6	5	2		93.60	25.30
7	1	4		147.60	59.50
8	4	5		144.60	59.80
9	6	5		102.10	74.40
10	5	1		75.00	46.80
11	2	4		125.60	17.70
12	1	5		111.90	25.90

Last Night's Highest Dividends:—

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 7 dog No. 1-4 Div. $147.60.

$2 Course Double Events Races 8/9 dog No. 4-6 Div. $74.40.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Action on The Polo Field

The polo ground at the Race Course was again packed with action yesterday afternoon, after a lapse of nearly three weeks, when six friendly matches were played during the course of the afternoon. The picture shows Rogoff and Chester Fritz pulling up sharply after the latter had missed the ball.

Canidrome Fight Card Altered; Saiko Unable to Appear

WITH Saiko unable to arrive in Shanghai owing to the local political situation Paul Lojnikoff, lightweight Champion of China, will be taking the ring tomorrow night against Al Dundee at the Canidrome, it was learned late yesterday. The winner of the fight will battle against Saiko sometime this month, Jackie Parks, promoter of the Shanghai Boxing Association, stated.

Second change for tomorrow is the fact that Peter Lojnikoff, brother of the champion, will meet Nakano in the Special Event of the evening. The Japanese fighter, who is out to redeem himself in the eyes of local fans, was to have fought against "Battling" Fester.

An addition to the preliminaries has also been made in Niki Boy against Young Slavko, both at 145 pounds. Never seen here before, the two boxers are said to have an impressive record in other parts.

Of especial interest is the fact that Niki Wan is expected here before this month is over and the announcement by Jackie Parks that he will battle against the winner of the Tihanoff-Andre fight.

One of the highlights at the Canidrome tomorrow, is the initial appearance of "Wildcat" Wilson, coloured boxer who arrived here recently with a good record of fights. Wilson will be fighting against Onufriechuck and is favoured to defeat his Russian opponent.

The programme follows:

MAIN EVENT—10 ROUNDS
Paul Lojnikoff *v.* Al Dundee

SEMI-FINAL—8 ROUNDS
K. O. Tihanoff *v.* Kid Andre

SPECIAL EVENT 8 ROUNDS
Peter Lojnikoff *v.* Nakano

PRELIMINARIES 6 ROUNDS
Wilson *v.* Onufriechuck
Gourevich *v.* Ruckenstien
Maltzeff *v.* Bruznetzoff
Niki Boy *v.* Young Slavko
Typhoon Ling *v.* Eddie Koo

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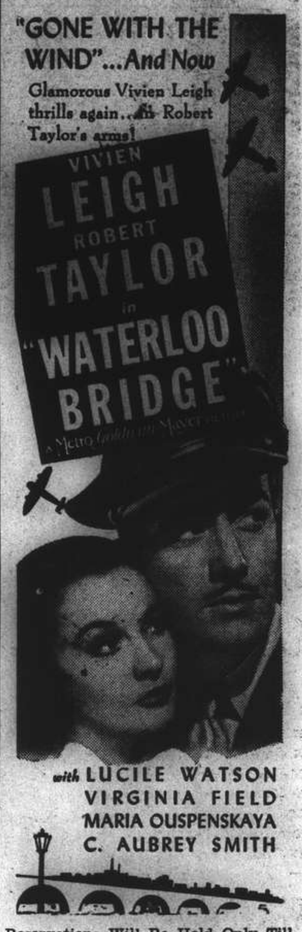
Admission: $1, $1.50, $1.80
"GONE WITH THE WIND"...And Now
Glamorous Vivien Leigh thrills again...in Robert Taylor's arms!



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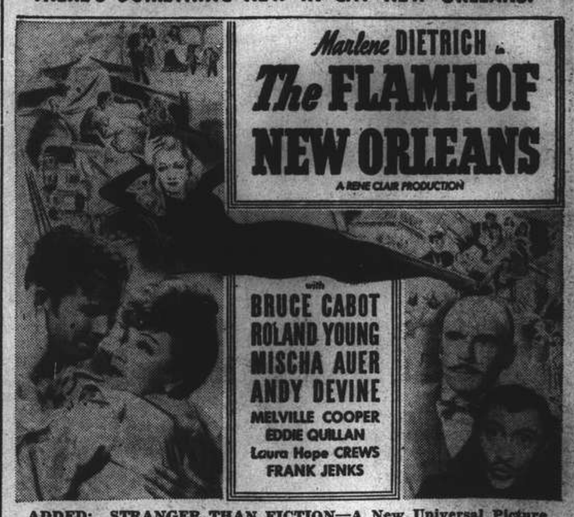

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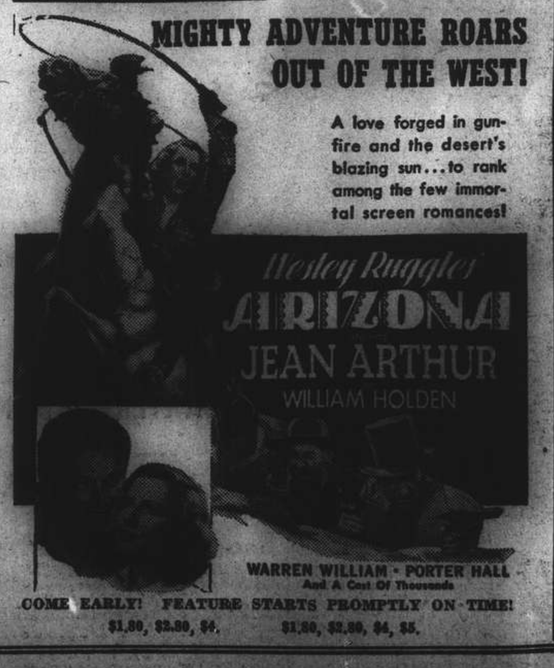

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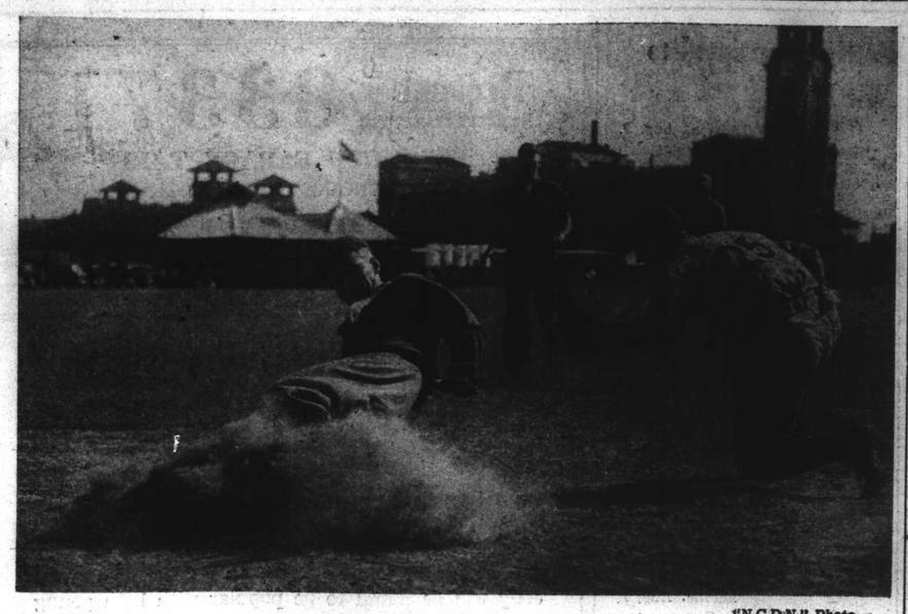

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Caught Trying to Steal Third

Rundle of the Second Battalion is shown here just after he was tagged out by Mudry in an effort to steal third base in the fifth inning of the game between the First Battalion and the Second Battalion, which was played yesterday at the Race Course. The Second Battalion won the game by the one-sided score of 8-1.

Fine All-Round Performance By Dean Helps Stragglers to Gain Five Wicket Victory

AN attractive and undefeated century and some more than useful bowling by Dean paved the way for the Stragglers to gain an easy five wickets victory over the Police in a league encounter on the S.C.C. Ground yesterday afternoon. Dean's 102, at which point he retired through sheer physical exhaustion, was by far the most outstanding effort of the afternoon for, after the Stragglers had began their knock extremely poorly—two good wickets were lost for a mere seven runs—he proceeded, after a shaky start, to extricate the hosts from a decided mess.

Through Dean's splendid innings the Stragglers still remain at the head of the league table bracketed with the Wanderers who gained three more points against the Colts. More than ever now the race for the title is a fight between the two S.C.C. elevens, the Stragglers and Wanderers.

The Police, winning the toss, took first knock and amassed 161 before being retired. In reply the Stragglers scored 162 for the loss of five wickets. The Police, opening with Pitts and Boddy, scored their runs at a fast pace at the outset despite the fact that Jenkins was bowling most accurately and at times brilliantly. He penetrated Boddy's defence with a ball that would have bowled anybody at 38, following which Pitts and Gash added fifty in fast time for the second partnership. At 88 Gash, after a useful innings, played across a slow one from Dean and had his stumps disturbed. Blix left at the same total while eight runs later Pitts was well held by Orr off Dean for 73 which included eleven wallops to the boundary.

Rot Sets In

Actually Gash's departure was the signal for the commencement of a rot, wickets falling one after the other in quick succession, the eighth partnership being split when the board read 130. Baker and Novgorodoff, by big hitting added 30 for the ninth wicket, the total being 160 when Baker was well taken behind the sticks for 24. Richardson left at 161 at which point the innings was brought to a conclusion.

Despite the fact that Jenkins was the most difficult bowler to play Dean returned the best analysis of four wickets for 48 with his slow spinners.

Stragglers' Shaky Start

Batting fifteen minutes before the tea interval Simpson left at four, clean bowled by Boddy while in the first over after tea Pote-Hunt had his stumps disturbed by the same bowler with the total at seven. This marked the end of the Police success for a time. Sluis being next out at 49 after he and Dean had gradually got on top of the attack after a far from confident start. Brown replaced Sluis and played a steady game allowing Dean to go for the attack now that he had his eye in. Dean played all the bowlers well and was severe on all loose balls. He was partial to the leg side and his runs came at a fast rate. Although affected by the hot sun he carried on till he reached 102 when victory was in sight before he retired. Sinclair stayed only a few minutes but Jenkins with a nice four to fine leg off Boddy won the game with fifty minutes to spare. Boddy captured the three wickets that fell to the bowlers at a cost of nineteen apiece.

The Police fielding was bad, numerous chances going begging, only Novgorodoff, who fielded quite as well as anybody seen on the S.C.C. Ground this summer, being excused from these remarks.

Police C. C.

F. A. Pitts, c Orr, b. Dean	73
B. B. Boddy, b. Jenkins	10
S. V. Gash, b. Dean	13
D. L. Blix, run out	0
F. Peasgood, b. Pearson	7
F. C. Woodley, c. Brown, b. Pearson	9
E. C. Baker, c. Pearson, b. Jenkins	24
A. C. Barton, b. Dean	8
W. H. Baldock, b. Dean	4
D. Novgorodoff, not out	12
W. H. Richardson, c. Brown, b. Orr	0
Extras	1
Total	161

Fall of Wickets:—1-38 Boddy, 2-88 Gash, 3-88 Blix, 4-96 Pitts, 5-111 Woodley, 6-115 Peasgood, 7-126 Barton, 8-130 Baldock, 9-160 Baker, 10-161 Richardson.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Orr	2.7	0	16	1
Jenkins	8	2	38	2
Chadwick	2	0	13	0
Fletcher	3	0	15	0
Dean	8	0	48	4
Pearson	6	0	30	2

S.C.C. Stragglers

J. W. Pote-Hunt, b. Boddy	4
P. V. Simpson, b. Boddy	1
A. V. T. Dean, retired	102
E. J. Sluis, run out	13
J. B. Brown, not out	21
A. C. Sinclair, c. & b. Boddy	2
J. C. Jenkins, not out	12
H. E. Orr, did not bat	—
T. C. G. Pearson, did not bat	—
J. Fletcher, did not bat	—
W. V. K. Chadwick, did not bat	—
Extras	7
Total (for 5 wkts.)	162

Fall of Wickets:—1-4 Simpson, 2-7 Pote-Hunt, 3-49 Sluis, 4-140 Dean, 5-140 Dean, 5-148 Sinclair.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Woodley	12	3	39	0
Boddy	10	0	57	3
Peasgood	2	0	16	0
Baldock	2	0	16	0
Baker	4	0	27	0

Boddy bowled two no-balls.
Baker bowled two wides.

Wanderers Win Dreary Game by Decisive Margin

The Wanderers maintained their unbeaten league record yesterday afternoon on the Recs' ground when they gave the lowly placed Colts a thorough hiding to the tune of winning by 147 runs. The visitors batted first and whacked up 212 for the loss of nine wickets at which point they declared. After tea spectators were treated to the—an adjective of the proper dimension escapes us—spectacle of watching the Colts score exactly 65 runs between 5.09 p.m. and 7.11 p.m. or 122 minutes at the crease. Right from the start of the Colts' innings the hosts were in a mess, wickets going down like ninepins. Pat Madar came in at the fall of the fifth wicket and stayed at the crease for ninety ninety minutes for an undefeated 36. He alone of the losers reached double figures and while perhaps he felt justified in shielding his other batsmen in order to play for a draw, a more dreary, lethargic, somnolent—ah! words fail us—type of innings has not been seen in this part of the world for a long time.

Man of the Match

The man of the match, however, was the veteran Gordon Elliot. He has bowled extraordinarily well over a long period but never has he bettered his yesterday's performance. He secured eight wickets for a measly eighteen runs in 14.6 overs—truly a remarkable performance. His figures would have probably been even better had he not served up full tosses to the later Recs' batsmen in an effort to get them to "have a go." This is easily the outstanding feat of the current season with the ball and it is dobtful whether it will be surpassed this summer. All honours for the victory, which was gained only in the nick of time—one over remained for play when the last Colt was out—go to Elliot.

Timeless Test Match

The story of the game is simply a record of the Wanderers banging up runs and plenty of them and the Colts wasting time and generally trying to imagine they were playing in a timeless Test match. The eventual winners, thanks mainly to the splendid batting efforts of Stokes, Duckitt and Skipper Leach, who knocked up 45, 37 and 62 respectively, knocked up 212 for 9 declared. The Colts received a nasty series of shocks as soon as they took over the crease, the first five wickets going down in short time at 9, 9, 14, 17 and 20. The sixth went down at 27 and then came the big stand between Madar and Grundt. The latter stayed at the crease 40 minutes for 2 but during his stay the score was increased to 52. Elliot then came into his own again and shot the rest of the side out, the finish coming at 65.

S.C.C. Wanderers

L. Underwood, run out	14
A. Graham, st. Leriou, b. Madar	6
F. Marshall, c. Gomes, b. Madar	7
L. F. Stokes, c. Barma, b. Symons	45
E. R. Duckitt, b. Harris	37
D. W. Leach, c. Barma, b. Harris	62
Dr. H. H. Morris, c. Madar, b. Barma	19
G. B. Elliot, b. Buckley	2
G. C. Large, b. Buckley	1
R. C. Corfield, not out	1
R. U. Reynolds, did not bat	—
Extras	3
Total (for 9 wkts.)	212

Fall of Wickets:—1-17 Graham, 2-22 Underwood, 3-33 Marshall, 4-106 Duckitt, 5-127 Stokes, 6-156 Morris, 7-165 Elliot, 8-185 Large, 9-212 Leach.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Symons	9	1	48	1
Buckley	12	0	37	2
Madar P.	11	0	53	2
Barma	9	1	35	1
Harris	4.3	0	36	2

Harris bowled one wide.

Recs Colts

A. F. Gomes, b. Elliot	8
W. Quincey, c. Underwood, b. Ellio	8
J. H. Anderson, b. Elliot	0
J. Leriou, b. Leach	0
F. F. Harris, b. Elliot	1
C. J. Smith, b. Elliot	4
P. Madar, not out	36
E. Grundt, c. Reynolds, b. Elliot	2
A. Symons, b. Leach	0
Y. T. Barma, c. Duckitt, b. Elliot	4
T. Buckle[illegible] w. b. Elliot	0
Extras	2
Total	65

Fall of Wickets:—1-9 Quincey, 2-9 Anderson, 3-14 Leriou, 4-17 Harris, 5-20 Gomes, 6-27 Smith, 7-52 Grundt, 8-60

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Symons, 9-65 Barma, 10-65 Buckley.				
Elliot, G. B.	14.6	4	18	8
Leach	11	4	23	2
Graham	4	2	6	0
Stokes	3	2	4	0
Morris	2	0	12	0

Tyros Score Easy Win Over Parsees

The luckless Parsees went down to yet another league defeat yesterday afternoon on the Police Ground, their victors this time being the Recs' Tyros who won quite easily by 75 runs after they had scored 168 when batting first. After Kliene had been dismissed for nothing, Harry Madar and Hart-Baker batted very well for the eventual winners, their second wicket partnership realizing 61 runs at a run a minute. Hart-Baker was first to go at 62 for a more than useful 25 and though Kermani failed—the first time this season—Madar kept up the good work and passed his half-century before he fell a victim to the guiles of S. F. Shroff. He batted well for his 59 runs and never appeared in trouble, his main hits being ten shots to the boundaries.

Marcal and Meston, who both passed the thirty mark, did best of the remainder of the eleven, no less than five of whom failed to score. The total eventually reached 168 after 131 minutes batting, Shroff and Tata sharing the bowling honours with three wickets apiece for 48 and 44 runs respectively.

The Parsees had plenty of time at their disposal to get the runs needed for three points, but again their batting broke down badly and the end came at 93, just 75 runs short of the required total. S. P. Karanjia, with a characteristic innings which included two sixes, tried hard to stem the tide of defeat with a fighting knock of 41, but he received very poor support from the other members of the side, not on of whom could reach twenty.

It will come as a surprise to many followers of the game to learn that the man responsible for getting the Parsees into difficulties was Hart-Baker, the Tyros' skipper. His slow, well-flighted deliveries proved a constant menace to the batsmen not one of whom was able to take liberties with him. He captured five wickets at a cost of just over five runs apiece and he fully deserved his fine analysis. Kerani took three wickets at small cost while Meston's fast stuff sent back the remaining two victims.

Recs' Tyros

N. Hart-Baker, c. Karanjia, b. Divecha	25
A. A. Kiene, c. Karanjia, b. Charna	0
H. P. Madar, c. Divecha, b. Shroff	59
F. R. Kermani, c. Karanjia, b. Tata	0
M. Mohiddeen, l.b.w. b.	
L. Marcal, c. Divecha, b. Tata	38
E. B. Brodd, st. A. Tata, b. Shoff	0
E. J. Kidby, Charna	0
H. Meston, c. S. Shroff, b. Tata	31
E. Caro, run out	0
T. Katemopoulos, not out	5
Extras	4
Total	168

Fall of Wickets:—1-1 Kliene, 2-62 Hart-Baker, 3-66 Kermani, 4-92 Madar, 5-102 Mohiddeen, 6-102 Brodd, 7-107 Kidby, 8-14 Marsal, 9-153 Caro, 10-166 Meston.

Parsee C. C.

N. N. Mehta, l.b.w. b. Kermani	8
J. B. Tata, c. Kermani, b. Hart-Baker	3
S. P. Karanjia, st. Caro, b. Hart-Baker	41
M. J. Divecha, c. Mohideen, b. Hart-Baker	11
A. B. Tata, b. Kermani	14
S. F. Shroff, b. Meston	3
D. K. Mistry, st. Caro, b. Hart-Baker	2
B. R. Viccajee, b. Kermani	1
J. S. Kuka, c. & b. Hart-Baker	0
P. M. Charna, c. Mohideen, b. Meston	4
K. F. Shroff, not out	2
Extras	4
Total	93

Fall of Wickets:—1-9 Tata, 2-17 Mehta, 3-62 Karanjia, 4-67 Divecha, 5-73 S. F. Shroff, 6-81 Mistry, 7-82 Viccajee, 8-83 Kuka, 9-89 Charna, 10-93 A. B. Tata.

Lawn Bowls League Leaders Strengthen Hold on Top Spot

THOUGH receiving stern opposition from the formidable Hongkew Golf Club, the Clube Lusitano "Reds" strengthened their hold on the premier berth in the league standings of the first division of the Lawn Bowls League yesterday when they added another feather in their cap by disposing of the Hongkew Golfers 4-1. Keen competition was witnessed through the 21 ends and the narrow difference of nine woods is an excellent indication of the close tussle.

Meanwhile, in another first division engagement, the Police Recreation Club, the cellarites in the league ratings, almost scored a major upset when they met the Shanghai Junior Golf Club. But, unfortunately for them, as luck would have it, their effort fell short by one wood; the total shots aggregating to 62-61 in favour of the Junior Golfers.

At the grounds of the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club, the Shanghai Recreation Club displayed a glimpse of their true colours by accounting for their hosts by 3½ points to 1½. The Recs owe their triumph chiefly to G. B. Stormes' rink who whipped such a strong four as W.R. Chisolm's by 29 shots to 7.

The fourth tussle of the senior loop was held at the Race Course on the greens of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club. The S.L.B.C. "Blues" found the Clube Lusitano "Greens" an easy lot with the exception of one rink, captained by H. J. Encarnacao, which saved the Portuguese from a shut-out defeat.

Lusitano "Reds" Win Again

Continuing in their winning vein, the Clube Lusitano "Reds" added another scalp to their list when they scored another decisive 4-1 victory over the Hongkew Golf Club yesterday. They did not encounter as easy a time as many expected as they only managed to triumph by the narrow margin of nine shots.

A. M. Souza captained his rink to victory over C. M. Sequeira with only five woods to spare. The most decisive win, however, was scored by E. A. Souza's four who subdued the opposing quartelle by 13 shots.

CLUBE LUSITANO "REDS" 4; H.G.C. 1

Clube Lusitano		Hongkew	
A. M. Souza (skip)	22	C. M. Sequeira (skip)	17
S. del Rivero		M. P. de Campos	
F. Machado		E. C. J. Pereira	
F. M. F. Gutierrez		J. A. da Rocha	
E. A. Souza (skip)	26	A. G. Costa (skip)	13
J. P. de Campos		F. C. Ozorio	
O. H. Edgren		A. R. Portaria	
A. A. Leitao		C. G. da Silva	
H. A. Ozorio (skip)	12	A. M. Gutierrez (skip)	21
C. L. Passos		J. M. M. Britto	
B. F. Marques		L. A. M. Ozorio	
J. M. Gutterres		A. H. Corveth	
	60		51

Police Almost Upset Golfers

In a closely contested tussle, the Police bowlers came within an ace of registering their first triumph of the season yesterday when their total fell short of only two woods.

When the match had reached the fifth end both aggregations were tied with 16 points each. The Police drew slightly ahead in the 10th end when they held a two point advantage; the score then being 29-27. At the 15th end the Police were still ahead by two shots 43-41, but a strong come-back by the Junior Golfers saw them come through on top at the 21st end by 62-61.

S.J.G.C. 4 P.R.C. 1

S.J.G.C.		Police	
A. Denton (skip)	13	M. L. Crowther (skip)	23
W. Watson		W. Hutton	
H. Cranfield		G. H. Craik	
C. Fletcher		J. J. Gavan	
K. Swartzell (skip)	26	J. M. Sanbrook (skip)	19
H. Hill		R. C. Martin	
O. Schmied		C. McCahey	
R. Miles		I. B. Williams	
T. Thomson (skip)	23	R. J. Wimsett (skip)	19
J. Aquino		J. Ball	
P. Shaw		D. Crawford	
M. Benton		S. Nancarrow	
	62		6

Recs Beat Yangtszepoo

The Shanghai Recreation Club made some amends for their previous defeats yesterday when they beat the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club by a handsome margin of 18 shots. The corner-stone of their success was laid by G. B. Stormes' four who found surprisingly poor opposition in W. R. Chisolm's rink to win 29-7.

Y.B.C. 1½; S.R.C. 3½

Y.B.C.		S.R.C.	
A. Cheetham (skip)	19	G. V. Jensen (skip)	19
D. MacCallum		W. T. Manley	
L. M. Greenhalgh		A. J. Aldeguer	
W. G. Francis		A. L. Roberts	
A. Marshall (skip)	21	F. O. Madar (skip)	17
A. B. Hogg		G. N. Manley	
R. Matheson		J. M. C. Lopes	
A. McLean		T. J. Almeida	
W. R. Chisolm (skip)	7	G. B. Stormes (skip)	29
S. S. Wilkinson		C. Thompson	
H. McMahon		R. E. Manley	
W. C. Grant		B. A. Shirazee	
	47		65

The Clube Lusitano "Greens" proved to be no match for the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club "Blues" who, though losing one rink match, managed to amass as much as 75 points against the former's 36. J. E. Harvey's four and the rink skipped by E. R. Harmer encountered little difficulty in accounting for J. Sepe's and Dr. D. M. P. Gutterres' rinks.

S.L.B.C. "BLUES" 6; CLUBE LUSITANO 1

S.L.B.C.		Clube Lusitano	
J. E. Harvey (skip)	30	J. Sepe (skip)	9
T. J Goodman		L. F. Lopes	
A. T. Barrett		L. M. d'Almeida	
F. McLennan		M. R. Pereira	
C. Richards (skip)	16	H. J. Encarnacao (skip)	20
F. S. Ward		A. J. da Roza	
A. Braid		J. E. Medina	
E. E. Wallwork		A. C. Sequeira	
E. R. Harmer (skip)	29	D. M. P. Gutterres (skip)	7
J. Munro		E.A.S.C. de Sousa	
H. S. Bell		F. M. Gonsalves	
J. P. Stalker		J. A. Rivero	
	75		36

Second Division

S.R.C. 1½; Y.B.C. 4½

S.R.C.		Y.B.C.	
G. Madar (skip)	18	A. Sharp (skip)	18
N. C. Beeman		C. M. Keenan	
J. A. Tibble		H. Jackson	
J. R. McDonald		M. McVicar	
T. Veitch (skip)	17	L. Beattie (skip)	21
W. Moore		J. S. Mudford	
F. M. R. Remedios		W. Simpson	
E. Gifford		R. M. Jordan	
A. E. Collins (skip)	14	J. O. Drysdale (skip)	24
V. L. Xavier		F. C. McPherson	
T. C. Avery		J. Findlater	
H. R. Hotchkiss		J. Kearns	
	47		63

B.B.C. 3 COUNTRY CLUB 2

Barbarians		Country Club	
L. Bell (skip)	28	W. G. Crokam (skip)	12
J. Bowie		J. B. Gilroy	
J. G. Crighton		H. C. B. Way	
J. W. Coleman		E. S. Booth	
G. J. B. Pryde (skip)	17	H. C. Hopkins (skip)	20
W. Bow		J. T. W. Brooke	
V. Mason		P. D. G. Gain	
D. Phillips		P. W. Massey	
H. Finnigan (skip)	15	I. A. Beith (skip)	20
C. M. Maher		E. F. Bateman	
N. Bell		A. H. Alers	
W. Pike		J. Davidson	
	60		52

H.G.C. 5; CLUBE LUSITANO 0

Hongkew G.C.		Clube Lusitano	
C. A. Silva (skip)	32	A. A. Rodriquez (skip)	10
Alberto Costa		M. Sequeira	
G. Jorge		A. Baptista	
F. J. Skinner		F. Maher	
J. M. O. Sequeira (skip)	32	A. M. Sequeira (skip)	12
A. F. Diniz		C. Danenberg	
F. Medina		H. Costa	
O. R. Holmes		A. M. Collaco	
C. A. Pereira (skip)	29	H. A. Silva (skip)	10
A. M. Gonsalves		M. Ferreira	
A. M. Correa		D. M. Gutterres	
A. M. Jesus		L. M. Gonsalves	
	93		32

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PASSING SHOW NEWS AND NOTES

"Florian"

Helen Gilbert has a strong role at the Roxy Theatre today.

Current Films

ROXY.—"Florian."—A romantic drama of the fall of the Hapsburg dynasty in Austria following the World War, co-starring Robert Young, and Helen Gilbert, beautiful new film discovery. Others in the cast include Lee Bowman and Irina Baranova. Reviewed elsewhere.

CATHAY.—"Adam Had Four Sons."—This heartwarming story of six fascinating people has as its twin themes the saga of a family's struggle to survive and the ageless war of women for the men they love. With Ingrid Bergman, Warner Baxter, Susan Hayward, Fay Wray, Richard Denning, Johnny Downs, Robert Shaw and Charles Lind.

GRAND.—"Flame of New Orleans."—Marlene Dietrich in a brilliant interpretation, with Bruce Cabot, Roland Young, Mischa Auer, Andy Devine, Frank Jenks and Laura Hope Crewes.

NANKING.—"Arizona."—Thrilling and spectacular epic of the birth of Arizona and the colourful tumultuous era in American history when dauntless pioneers pushed back the lawless frontiers to carve an empire out of the sun-drenched desert and plain. With a mighty cast headed by Jean Arthur, William Holden, Warren William, Porter Hall, Regis Toomey, Paul Harvey and George Chandler.

CAPITOL.—"The Letter." — Somerset Maughan's gripping tale of illicit love and murder on a rubber plantation gives Miss Davis one of her greatest roles in a story-packed with suspense and thrills, plus the unique Maughan brand of bitter comedy. With Bette Davis, Herbert Marshall, James Stephenson, Gale Sondergaard and Sen Yung.

GOLDEN GATE.—"Waterloo Bridge."—Vivien Leigh of Scarlett O'Hara fame and Robert Taylor co-starred in a tender, dramatic romance of the Great War.

DOUMER.—"Dead End."—The screen version of the dramatic stage hit, depicting the tragic struggle of a city's unfortunates, directed by William Wyler, who directed "Wuthering Heights" "Old Maid," the cast including Sylvia Sydney, Joel McCrea, Humphrey Bogart and Claire Trevor.

UPTOWN.—"They Shall Have Music."—Jascha Heifetz, Andrea Leeds, Joel McCrae, Gene Reynolds and Walter Brennan.

Films Coming

"Strawberry Blonde."—A fun-filled romance of the gay nineties and after, with Cagney in a comedy role as a guileless swain whose trust in human nature is rudely jarred when his pal first pinches his gal and then leaves him to take the rap for a fraud he know nothing about. With James Cagney, Olivia de Havilland, Rita Hayworth, Alan Hale, Jack Carson, George Tobias and Una O'Connor. Coming to the **GRAND.**

"Dulcy."—With Ann Sothern, Ian Hunter and Roland Young. Laugh away a week-end with society's dizziest doll! Anything can happen and everything does as "Maisie's" star brings to the screen the mad adventures of a dumb-belle who's so daffy, she's dandy. Soon at the **ROXY.**

"Flame of New Orleans"

Supported by a fine cast, Marlene Dietrich stars at the Grand.

"Affectionately Yours."—Laughter jostles romance in the hilarious tale of a happy-go-lucky foreign correspondent who stages a *blitzkrieg* on the wife who wants to divorce him while dodging the sweetie who wishes to take her place. With Merle Oberon, Dennis Morgan, Rita Hayworth, Ralph Bellamy, George Tobias, James Gleason and Hattie McDaniel. Coming to the **CATHAY.**

"Pier 13."—Trigger-action drama, plus plenty of comedy relief, in the exciting romance of a devil-may-care waterfront cop, two motherless girls and a jewel thief who shoots to kill. With Lloyd Nolan, Lynn Bari, Joan Valerie, Douglas Fowley and Chick Chandler. Coming to the **GRAND.**

"A Day of the New World."—A full-length documentary film, bringing to the screen a day's event in the Soviet Union. Filmed on August 24, 1940, by 97 cameramen, from the Baltic to the China Sea, a true-to-life record, specially interesting and understandable to non-Russians. Coming on Wednesday to the **DOUMER.**

"Texas Rangers Ride Again."—Trading their pintos for patrol cars and their six-shooters for Tommy-guns, the Rangers go "scientific" to catch up with a gang of ultra-modern cattle thieves, in a drama packed with suspense and surprises. With John Howard, Ellen Drew, Akim Tamiroff, May Robson, Broderick Crawford and Charlie Grapewin. Coming to the **GRAND.**

"Pot O' Gold."—Romance and laughter, music and dancing are delightfully blended in the cleverly contrived story of an impecunious dance band, a boarding house lassie and a young man who puts over a new idea on the radio. With a great cast headed by Paulette Goddard, James Stewart, Horace Heidt, Charles Winninger, Mary Gordon, Jed Prouty, Frank Melton. Coming to the **NANKING.**

"Youth Will be Served."—Drama, laughs, excitement in a tale of the hill billy country that travels all the way from holdups and moonshiners to a girls camp and its inevitable variety show which, in this case, is tops! With Jane Withers, Jane Darwell, Robert Conway, Joe Brown, jun., John Qualen, Tully Marshall, Charles Kolloed and the other featured players. Coming to the **GRAND.**

Deborah Kerr

English actresses continue to assert themselves in English pictures. To look not so far back, there was Wendy Hiller who jumped into the front rank in Bernard Shaw's "Pygmalion." Only the other day, Phyllis Calvert caught the eye of critics and public with her performance of Ann Pornick in H. G. Wells' "Kipps."

Now comes Deborah Kerr in "Love on the Dole." Miss Kerr comes from Scotland and is only nineteen years of age. She has without doubt that invaluable asset known as personality. But she has more than that. She has the dramatic gift. For "Love on the Dole" is a picture which calls for dramatic intensity and no light handling.

Although still so young, Miss Kerr has risen to the occasion and proved almost beyond doubt that she can command a distinguished future. One writes "almost without doubt" because it is never wise to express an absolute verdict on one performance, however, good. Miss Kerr is at present at work in "Penn of Pennsylvania," the picture dealing with the great Quaker founder.

Perils of Picture-making

Something of the difficulty of making films in an English studio may be learned from what befell the company who set out to make "Quiet Wedding." On the day arranged to start production in London the severe air-raids began. The company was consulted by the producer and they all decided to go on.

Some of them, including technicians, had had their own homes destroyed, but they did not allow their private troubles to interfere with their studio work. Often "shooting" was interrupted by shooting of another kind and the whole crowd had to dive for shelter. But work went on and the picture was finished in time.

The worst moment of all was when a bomb fell almost on the studio and

"Arizona"

Jean Arthur dominates the fine cast. at the Nanking Theatre.

the whole company was exposed on the set. As the company in question included Peggy Ashcroft, Margaret Lockwood, Marjorie Fielding, Michael Shepley, Derek Farr and A. E. Matthews with Anthony Asquith, the director, it will be seen what a critical moment that indeed was for film and stage alike.

Barbara Stanwyck

It does not always follow that a film actress can rush straight to the front place and stay there. Some of the most famous have had surprising ups and downs. One of the most surprising experiences is that of Barbara Stanwyck for whom now everyone is clamouring.

But Hollywood was not always quite sure about Miss Stanwyck. Thirteen years ago she was playing the feminine lead in "Burlesque" on the stage. Paramount turned "Burlesque" into a picture and engaged Hal Skelly, the stage lead, to play his original part. But they did not engage Miss Stanwyck and gave her part to Nancy Carroll.

Now, she is unquestionably at the top of the tree with "The Lady Eve" and "Meet John Doe." Producing companies are almost fighting for her, but she has decided to husband her energies and make no more than two pictures a year. She has just finished "Pioneer Women." Her next engagement may be with Warners for "The Fortunes of Mamie Q."

To Dine and Dance

ALI BABA.—Night club. Guy Roberts orchestra.—Geza and Gino.

ARGENTINA.—Night club. George Roth and his orchestra. Marryfield and Sanders. Garden open.

BOLERO.—Night club. Charlie Albert's orchestra.

CASANOVA.—Gloria Andico's orchestra.

CATHAY HOTEL LOUNGE.—Morning and afternoon tea, cocktails.

CATHAY RESTAURANT.—8th floor.

COSMO CLUB. — Morris' orchestra. Dorothy Baker, June West and Kay.

D. D.'S NIGHT CLUB.—Russian and foreign style cuisine. Tino's orchestra.

FARREN'S.—Farren's music-makers. Sally and the Gairee Sisters. Pan Yu Yung and Pan Yu Lan acrobats. George and Allen.

JESSFIELD.—Night club. Teddy and Ferry Guzza—also Havsky.

MAXIM.—Night club. Lazarus and his orchestra.

METROPOLE HOTEL.—Grill and dining rooms for business tiffins and other occasions.

PARAMOUNT.—Cabaret. Tony Diaz's swing orchestra.

PARK HOTEL.—Dancing nightly. Sunday and Thursday tea dances. Itkis' orchestra. Aby and Emerico.

TOWER.—Night club. Tower orchestra. Nightly excepting Sunday.

"Adam Had Four Sons"

Supporting Warner Baxter, Ingrid Bergman is at the Cathay Theatre.

CONTRACT

By Albert M. Morehead

(In the New York "Times")

A feature of a Southeastern tournament was the play of J. P. Dunne of Miami. Mr. Dunne is the only blind bridge player who enters major tournaments. He once held the Florida State championship in the World Bridge Olympic, with Waldemar von Zedtwitz as his partner. He and Mr. von Zedtwitz, playing as partners in the South-eastern pair contest, made a high score on the following deal:

North: ♠ K 8 7 6 5 3 ♡ A 8 ◇ A Q 5 4 ♣ Q

West: ♠ Q 10 9 ♡ 3 ◇ J 10 9 3 ♣ K 9 6 5 2

East: ♠ J 4 2 ♡ K 7 6 2 ◇ 6 ♣ J 10 8 7 3

South: ♠ A ♡ Q J 10 9 5 4 ◇ K 8 7 2 ♣ A 4

North-South were vulnerable. The bidding was:

East	South	West	North
Pass	1 Heart	Pass	1 Spade
Pass	3 Hearts	Pass	4 Diamonds
Pass	4 Hearts	Pass	6 Hearts
Pass	Pass	Pass	

West opened the jack of diamonds. South won with the ace in dummy, led a spade to his ace, and led a low heart toward dummy, finessing dummy's eight. East refused to take his king, so dummy's heart ace was cashed, after which South took the spade king and ruffed a spade. Since the opposing spades were evenly divided, this established dummy's remaining spades. South conceded a trick to East's heart king and made his small slam.

When Mr. Dunne plays in tournaments, a member of the tournament staff sits at a near-by table and arranges the hand Mr. Dunne is to hold from cards with Braille markings. The other players at Mr. Dunne's table call out their plays as they make them. When the dummy goes down it is read off to Mr. Dunne once and he remembers every card in it from that time on.

Another High Score

On another deal from the South-eastern pair tournament, Mr. Dunne and Mr. Von Zedtwitz made a top score by rather unorthodox bidding. With ten hearts in their combined hands, they never mentioned the heart suit.

North: ♠ K J ♡ Q J 7 6 4 ◇ A 9 ♣ K J 10 5

West: ♠ A 10 9 8 6 2 ♡ 9 3 ◇ 7 6 ♣ Q 7 6

East: ♠ 7 5 ♡ 10 ◇ K J 8 4 3 2 ♣ 8 4 3 2

South: ♠ Q 4 3 ♡ A K 8 5 2 ◇ Q 10 5 ♣ A 9

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 No trump	Pass	3 No trump	Pass
Pass	Pass		

West opened the ten of spades. Dummy's king won the first trick, after which South took the club ace and finessed through West for the club queen. When the finesse succeeded and West's queen then dropped under the club king, South won twelve tricks at no trump.

Several North-South pairs made six-odd with hearts as trumps, but the higher trick-score at no trump gave the von Zedtwitz-Dunne pair a better score. One pair that bid six hearts failed to make it: the declarer finessed an opening diamond lead by West, and lost tricks to the diamond king and the spade ace.

An opening one no-trump bid on South's hand is generally disadvantageous at rubber bridge.

Test Questions

In duplicate play, each of the following hands was held opposite an opening vulnerable one no-trump bid. What response should be made? The answer in each case is the bid that was actually made by an expert player.

(1) ♠ A Q 10 6 5 3 ♡ 6 ◇ 7 5 3 2 ♣ 8 7

(2) ♠ K Q 10 7 ♡ A J 6 3 ◇ Q 5 4 3 ♣ 9

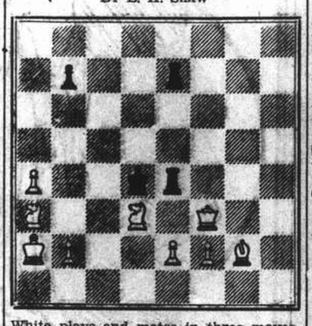
(3) ♠ A Q 10 6 5 ♡ J 3 2 ◇ 8 6 5 ♣ 9 3

(1) Three spades. Opposite a vulnerable one no-trump hand, game should be sure. (2) Three diamonds, in the hope that the no-trump bidder can rebid in one of the major suits (3) Pass. The pass would be equally proper at rubber bridge.

CHESS

PROBLEM No. 275

By E. H. Shaw



White plays and mates in three moves.

Answer to Problem No. 274

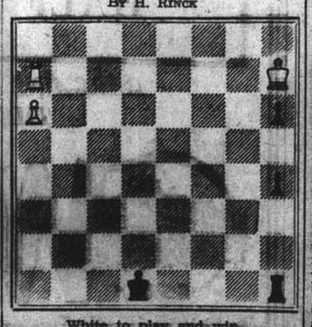
White: K on KR1; R on KB3; B's on K2, KKt5; Kt on KL7; P on KR3. Black: K on KR4; Q on K5; P's on K3, KKt3. Two moves, Key P — R4. Threat 2. Kt — B6. Variations: 1. Q × P + 2. R — KR3. 1. Q — Kt8 + 2. R — B1; 1. Q — K4, 2. R — K3; 1. Q — Q5 or KB5, 2. R — B4; 1. Q × R + 2. B × Q. Key gives the Black K a flight, and the Q another check. The unpinned R goes to four squares. Charming little problem.—"Observer."

The following submitted correct solutions to Prob. No. 274: E.A.P.

Answers to Correspondence, Prob. No. 273: K — Q5 is defeated by R block. Prob. No. 274 R — B4 is defeated by Q × K.

END-GAME No. 19

By H. Rinck



White to play and win

(Well worth a few moments' study)

Answer to End-Game No. 18

Black wins: 1... P — Kt5; 2. P × P, R × Kt; 3. P × R, P — Kt8; 4. P × P, P — B6ch; 5. P × P, P — R6, and White resigns.

Albin Counter-Gambit

	White Lasker	Black Alekhine
1.	P — Q4	P — Q4
2.	P — QB4	P — K4
3.	QP × P	P — Q5
4.	Kt — KB3	Kt — QB3
5.	P — QR3	B — Kt5
6.	QKt — Q2 (a)	Q — K2
7.	P — R3	B × Kt
8.	Kt × B	Castles
9.	Q — Q3	P — KR3
10.	P — KKt3	P — KKt3
11.	B — Kt2	B — Kt2
12.	Castles	Kt × P
13.	Kt × Kt	B × Kt
14.	P — QKt4	P — KB4
15.	P — B5	Q — K3
16.	P — B6	Kt — K2
17.	P × Pch	K — Kt
18.	B — Kt2	R — Q3
19.	QR — B	KR — Q
20.	R — B2	P — B5
21.	P × P	B × P
22.	R — Q	Kt — B4
23.	R — QB	Kt — K6
24.	R — B5	Q — B3
25.	Q — K4	Kt × R
26.	B × B	Kt — B6 (b)
27.	B × R	Q × B
28.	Q — K5	Q — Kt3
29.	Q — K7	Q — Q3
30.	R — K5	P — Q6
31.	P × P	Q × QP
32.	R — K3	Q — Q8ch
33.	K — R2	Kt — K4
34.	R — K8	Kt × P
35.	R — KB6	Resigns

(a) Lasker rightfully feels that the way to refute Black's counter-gambit is not to try to hold the pawn with B — B4 but to develop his pieces and play for the attack.

(b) Reinfeld, in his "Dr. Lasker's Chess Career, 1889-1914," has some analysis to show that this is the losing move and that 35. . Kt × P would have saved the game.

German Air Expansion in Most South American Countries

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

IN connection with the recent news of the arrest in Bolivia of the German Minister, Dr. Ernst Wendler, and of other officials, charged with connivance in a revolutionary plot against the Government, it is of interest to note that one of the arrested Germans was a pilot, doubtless belonging to the Lloyd Aereo Boliviano. This air-service was founded in 1929, on the occasion of the celebration of the centenary of Bolivia's independence. The German colony in La Paz, presented the Government with a German plane. This led to the founding of an air-service, the prime mover being Wilhelm Kyllmann, head of the Nazi party in Bolivia.

Bolivia, the inaccessible, lies in her high fastness between snow-swept peaks and arid plateaux on the one hand, and the impenetrable tropical jungle of the Amazon valley on the other. For centuries the lofty lake of Titicaca, girt round by ancient pre-Inca ruins, and monuments to vanished civilizations, formed the only gateway into Bolivia from Peru, which Inca highways led down the arid Sierras to the sandy wastes of Chile.

But her mineral treasures lured the Spanish *conquistadores* thither to work the far-famed silver mines of Potosi, and it is Bolivia's mineral wealth that has caused her today to be linked with outer world by four railway systems overcoming stupendous difficulties of terrain leading up to the high altitude of La Paz, the capital.

La Paz lies at a height of 12,000 feet above sea-level, overshadowed by snow-crested Mount Illimani over 22,000 feet in height, and by a range of seventy miles of glittering peaks. The golf course, so dear to Anglo-Saxons, lies 1,000 feet higher still, and doubtless inflicts great strain on the dauntless hearts that play there. Few Europeans live in La Paz for any length of time without suffering from the altitude.

Waterless and Desolate

The most usual approach to Bolivia is by the port of Mollendo in South Peru. The railway twists in tortuous fashion through sandy deserts to black volcanic plateaux as waterless and desolate as the Mountains of the Moon, and thence to the heavenly oasis of Arequipa, 8,000 feet high, a city full of Baroque churches and old Spanish colonial houses. From here the railway winds to still greater heights, near to 15,000 feet, to lonely uplands and lost meres, near which herds of wild vicuna browse on the sparse herbage. Finally the railway drops to Puno on the edge of Lake Titicaca, at a height of 12,000 above sea-level. Here passengers board steamers and after a night and a day reach the Bolivian frontier.

There are two railways to Chile, a short line running down to the port of Arica, where the gradient is so steep that passengers suffer from agonizing headache and earache, to the sudden change of pressure and altitude. The other railway is more gradual, past the mining town of Oruro, southeast to Antofagasta in Chile. A fourth railway, south-east, meanders its slow way into the pampas of the Argentine, fetching up eventually in Buenos Aires.

Fraught with Peril

But all these railways provide arduous means of communication and are fraught with perils to the road-beds from landslides, and with suffering from mountain sickness to the passengers. The airline, therefore, was a great boon, affording a speedy means of exit from the country.

It is not generally known that the Germans have established an intricate system of airlines operating in most of the South American countries, like a gigantic octopus spreading its tentacles over the entire continent, threatening a stranglehold from the Atlantic island of Fernando de Noronha to the Galapagos Isles in the Pacific.

After the Great War, many Germans set out for South America, done with Europe and its tragedies forever, (they thought) to carve out for themselves new careers in a New World. I myself came upon German settlers in small townships and villages in the back of beyond, between the ranges of the Peruvian Andes, colonists who had left Europe in the early twenties.

First Air Line 20 Years Ago

As far back as 1919-1920, a group of ex-pilots and officers from Germany and Austria, settled in Colombia, founded the first permanent air transport line. It was called Sociedad Colombo-Alemana de Transporte Aeros, Scadta for short. The leader was Dr. Peter von Bauer, and its technical director was a man of genius, Captain Fritz Hammer. In "Wings for the Trojan Horse," a remarkable article by Melvin Hall and Walter Peck in January "Foreign Affairs," Fritz Hammer is described as "having vision, an individualistic temperament, and the head of a wind-tossed hawk."

Scadta operated for nearly twenty years with conspicuous success and good fortune. Its first major crash occurred as late as mid-March, 1939, when many passengers were killed. I was in Bogota at the time, and the following week made a trip in a Scadta plane over the Cordilleras to Cali, with a young German pilot navigating. I sometimes wonder whether he chose to return to the Fatherland at the outbreak of war, or whether he, like others, is in some lonely *estancia* biding his time, awaiting some such political putsch as has just failed to succeed in Ecuador, to break out in Colombia, where his talents might be put to use.

With the possibility of war between Germany and Great Britain, the United States became increasingly nervous of the proximity of Scadta to the Panama Canal. Colombia also became alarmed, and decided to buy the German air line. A new air service was there formed, called Avianca, with Colombian and Pan-American interests, the latter having financial control. Dr. von Bauer resigned in January, 1940, and by June all the German pilots and personnel were retired with bonuses. Some of them took up farms in the wild eastern part of Colombia, to await happier times.

It is interesting to trace Captain Fritz Hammer's history, for it outlines the development of German air-penetration of South America. His was the brain that devised it. He served as technical director of Scadta until 1927, when he left to organize air service Syndicao Condor in Brazil. Under his brilliant direction, Condor expanded into a service covering 10,000 miles. It operated down 4,000 miles of Brazilian coast, across Uruguay to Buenos Aires. In the Amazon region it flew from Para near the mouth and contacted with Snapp, which developed traffic from the hinterland of the Amazon to the Atlantic. From Corumba in the west of Brazil it connected with La Paz in Bolivia and hence by Lufthansa of Peru with Lima.

Tentacle Towards Europe

Not only did Hammer organize services over the continent, but as director of Condor, he extended the service between Rio and Natal to the island of Fernando de Noronha. This was the first tentacle towards Europe in February, 1930. Here the airborne mail would be picked up by a Hamburg-Amerika liner which would take it to Grand Canary, where a Lufthansa plane would fly it to Europe.

That same year in May, a Graf Zeppelin airship made its first spectacular flight from Europe to Rio. By March, 1934, the Zeppelin Company was in a position to make a contract for a minimum of twenty airship trips a year. But in the previous month, Lufthansa had opened a weekly air service between Central Europe and South America via the west coast of Africa. This proved faster than the Zeppelin service which next year was reserved for passenger traffic only. The mail was carried by flying-boats which crossed the Atlantic from coast to coast in less than twenty hours.

Meanwhile, Hammer was planning an extension of Condor over the Argentine pampas, across the Andes to Santiago de Chile. An Argentine air service in financial difficulties, Aeroposta Argentina, was set on its feet by Condor, on condition that German pilots and mechanics were to be employed and German specialists called in for training.

"Naturalized" Brazilians

"Wings for the Trojan Horse" tells us that Condor flies the Brazilian flag and has a subsidy from the Brazilian Government, though its director and technical staff are German. It has eighteen pilots, nine of whom are German "naturalized" Brazilians, and the other nine Brazilian-born, of whom six have German names. It was in reality a German concern under Deutsche Luft'hansa. After the outbreak of war, Condor took over the aircraft of Lufthansa, and former Lufthansa members have often flown in charge of Condor planes.

In October 1935, Captain Hammer secured a concession from Chile, his assistant in the negotiations being Gustav Wachsmuth.

Two years later, to complete his encirclement of South America, Hammer founded Sedta, the air-service in Ecuador, operated by Germans and Ecuadorians. But the line seemed dogged with misfortune. Nearly 50 per cent. of its passengers travelled free, due to graft and nepotism. The greatest tragedy occurred in March 1938, when Captain Hammer, that outstanding genius, met his death, when he flew his plane into a mountain, killing all on board. His successor was Gustav Wachsmuth.

Pilots from Germany

The personnel of Sedta were pilots sent out from Germany. They were bitterly hostile to Pan-American Airways, constantly attacking that line in the press. The reputed head of the Gestapo in Quito, according to "Wings for the Trojan Horse," is said to pay large sums each month to Sedta. The German employees were billeted with German families who were paid for their board in credits available in Germany.

In July 1939, Sedta made a goodwill flight from Quito to Bogota, hoping thereby to begin a weekly service to Colombia, to regain the footing lost by the vanished Scadta. But the Colombian Government, backed by the United States, with an eye upon the Panama Canal, refused its consent.

Nothing daunted, the director of Sedta then attempted to secure a contract from the Ecuador Government to operate a service to the Galapagos Islands. Obviously, the sole *raison d'etre* of such a service to these lone isles would be the strategic site from which to threaten the Panama Canal.

Registered in Peru

Lufthansa Peru was the last link in the penetration of the continent. This service was founded as late as May, 1938, and flies over 1,210 miles of route, to Bolivia and Corumba. Though registered as a Peruvian concern, it is operated by Germans, its chief pilot being Capt. Berthold Alische, who attempted to connect with Iquitos, on the upper Amazon. Before the outbreak of war, he planned to operate a service between Lima and Guayaquil in Ecuador, thus linking up with Sedta.

In view of these air activities of the Nazis in South America, it is easy to understand the growing nervousness of the United States now alive to the dangers of attack from Africa to the coast of South America, where Nazi-controlled air lines and bases are all in readiness.

One cannot but note with interest that trouble has arisen in the same week in the three neighbouring countries of Peru, Ecuador and Bolivia. When one recalls that the Bank of Italy is the most powerful force in Peru, controlling many enterprises, one is tempted to wonder whether the frontier war with Ecuador is not being fomented by Fascist and Nazi connivance, to take place simultaneously with revolution in Bolivia.

There is no limit to suspicion in these days of political tension.

Puttick Appointed to New Post

Wellington, Aug. 2.

Described by the Defence Minister, Mr. F. Jones, as "the most outstanding officer in New Zealand's regular forces," Brigadier-General Edward Puttick, has been appointed Chief of the General Staff in New Zealand, in succession to Major-General Sir John Duigan.

Mr. Jones, in commenting on General Puttick's excellent record in two wars, said that he had played a notable part in bringing the Expeditionary Force up to its present high standard, and paid tribute to his work in Greece and Crete.

His experience abroad would be most valuable in meeting New Zealand's defence needs. General Puttick is leaving for home almost immediately.—Reuter.

Quezon Calling Up 15,000 Reservists

Manila, Aug. 2.

President Manuel Quezon, today called 10 infantry reserve regiments of approximately 15,000 men to the colours for incorporation into United States forces effective September 1.

Sr. Quezon's move was in response to a request from Lieutenant-General Douglas MacArthur, Commander of United States, Far Eastern Forces. It represents the second batch of Philippine forces to be mustered into the United States army. The first group was for the air corps and will be incorporated August 15.—United Press.

Manila Maru Freed In Capetown

Capetown, Aug. 2.

The Japanese steamer Manila Maru, on which a number of merchants recently obtained an order of attachment, is now free. A second writ has been transferred to the Belgium Maru. The attachment order was obtained on the grounds that it would be the only security for the cargo, valued at £26,000, on board the Belgium Maru, which they feared might not call at Capetown. The Belgium Maru, however, arrived on schedule.—Reuter.

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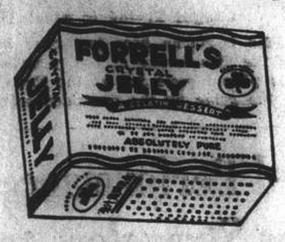

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IN PARENTHESIS

In a Quandary

A MOTORIST told a magistrate that he was so hard up he could hardly keep body and chassis together.

* * *

Patriotic Gesture

"So you traded in your old car, at last," said the pessimist.

"Yes," said the optimist, "I'm not one to hold back on our defence programme when the Government needs scrap iron."

* * *

Wild Village

VISITOR. "I hear you have a curfew in your town, and a bell is rung at nine o'clock."

Resident: "They used to, but they've stopped it now. It woke everybody up."

* * *

Welcome, New Member

COMMITTEE: "We wish to make you treasurer of our club."

Wealthy New Member: "Thanks for the honour. How much is there in the treasury?"

"Well, at present there is a deficit—but we thought you might be willing to make it up."

* * *

Just as Easy

THE new maid had worked on the Continent, and consequently felt herself a cut above the other servants. One day she was telling some of her experiences.

"How do the foreign dishes compare with English ones?" asked the cook.

"Oh," replied the maid, airily, "they break just the same."

* * *

New Experience

ONE of the Western Australian boys in Abyssinia sends this one home.

A bunch of Italian prisoners were told that they had to take a bath.

"What!" exclaimed one of them. "You mean go in the water?"

"Certainly," said the guard. "You need a bath; how long is it since you had one?"

Came the reply: "We've never been taken prisoner before!"

* * *

Dense Tar

A SAILOR, unexpectedly back in port, found his wife dressed up in her best party frock.

"That's the spirit," he told her. No need to look gloomy."

Just then the phone bell rang and the sailor answered it.

"What?" he said. "Oh, yes, judging from the number of U-boats we've sunk I should certainly think so." And he hung up the receiver.

"Who was that?" asked the wife.

"Oh," he said, "just a fellow who wanted to know if the coast was clear!"

* * *

Stop-gap Job

A KIND-HEARTED woman was visiting the prison and stopped to look at a young man who sat disconsolately on his cell bunk.

"How came you to be in this unfortunate situation, my poor young man," she asked gently.

"Well, you see, ma'am," he said, "I was working in a bank, and...."

"Ah, I understand," she interrupted with pity. "Temptation, and inadequate pay—How long had you been working in the bank before you got into trouble?"

"One night, ma'am."

* * *

It's All Off!

FOR many years the clergyman's sister had kept house for him. But at last she married, and he was left to himself.

Faced with the problem of finding a housekeeper, he at last decided upon a man-servant, and advertised for one. The next morning a young man called at the parsonage, and the clergyman proceeded to cross-examine him.

"Can you light a fire and have breakfast ready for seven?"

The young man hesitated, then said he could.

"Can you take care of the garden?"

"Yes, yes, a little," he responded, though not very warmly.

"Are you prepared to polish the steps, wash the dishes, and keep the house clean?"

The young visitor rose with a frown.

"Hang it all, parson," he said. "I came here to ask you about getting married, but if it's as bad as all that—well, it's all off!"

* * *

Letter from Mr. Lucifer

Aboard S.Y. Satanic.

MY DEAR MR. GUBBINS,

Care of the "Sunday Express."

My long holiday in these lovely southern waters must soon end, because I feel, somehow, that the world is nearing its greatest crisis since I appeared in the Garden of Eden disguised as a serpent and told Adam and Eve about the facts of life.

But for my intrusion into the simple lives of these charming, innocent people, the world might be a garden today, without rich men or poor men, without races, without creeds, without buying and selling, without worry, without disease, without greed, without envy, without all the things that make people hate each other and strive against each other and wish them evil instead of good.

And there are some indications that the world may go back to simple things unless I do something about it.

With his ruthless bombing my old friend and pupil Adolf has done more to make people aware of their condition and their foolish way of living than any man in history.

The sticks and stones that they worshipped are blasted to rubble in a moment, the world that they knew is literally crumbling before their eyes. As the war goes on money means less and less to those who hoard it, for although the rich can still buy a little better food than the poor, they can't buy larger quantities.

Incomes will soon be so heavily taxed that it won't be worth while to make more than enough to live on. And, in any case, all the money in the kingdom won't buy immunity from bombs, as those who have bolted to "safe places" have already found out.

At this moment the happiest, safest, and best-fed members of the community are the poorest paid. I refer to those who live simple lives on farms. With this object-lesson before them the people, weary of the causes of their troubles, may wish to go back to the conditions of Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden, though, of course, they will never be so innocent, and a garden in England during the winter months will certainly be no paradise.

It is in order to prevent this happening that I am returning. In fact, I may arrange to end the war before the rot sets in. There are many who must be tempted with the idea that our post-war ideal is to "get back to normal," and many, like Mr. J. B. Priestley, who have disturbing visions of a better world, who must be discouraged. You may have noticed the little Press campaign I organized which stopped his broadcasts?

In the meantime, my dear Mr. Gubbins, why not keep the widow company on board the yacht while I'm away? Her cocktails are as delicious as ever, and the best cabin in the ship is still reserved for "dear Uncle Nat," as she calls you.

If not perhaps I'll be seeing you soon in town.

Yours ever,

MEPHY.

Conditions in Wenchow During And After Japanese Occupation

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

FROM April 20, until May 2, Wenchow was occupied for the first time by Japanese troops. After some days of warning by naval and aerial activity, a report was spread that enemy troops had landed at the port city of Juian, at the extreme south of the province. People have come to disregard such rumours, and only a few evacuated at first. But when it seemed certain that enemy were actually moving up the canal north to Wenchow, the city was thrown into panic. People snatched up a few clothes and fled. By next morning persons of importance, young women and most young men of the student classes, office-holders in schools and government organizations, had disappeared, before the entry of Japanese soldiers, who had met with no opposition.

Hastily improvised Japanese flags displayed on all house doors gave the invaders a feeling of being welcomed. One of their first acts was to throw open all government offices and schools, for free popular looting. This generous gesture met with a worthy response. In one day these places were stripped as though by a plague of rats, not only of everything movable, but also of structure, such as doors, floors, windows, piping, iron-railings and roofs. Looting of private homes followed on this first orgy, and soon the practise became general, few houses escaping. The only extenuating factor in defence of the looters, who consisted mostly of the lower orders, was the closing down of business, and consequent unemployment and hunger.

Conduct of the invading soldiers was correct enough at the beginning, but later a marked change was noticeable, just as though a decision had then been taken that the occupation should not be permanent. Petty confiscations and house-to-house looting by soldiers started in a cautious fashion, but increased each day, until finally there was little restraint. But the conduct of the invaders towards the small foreign community was sufficiently correct and courteous.

Millions in Booty Removed

Earlier expectations of setting up a government to restore order were soon disappointed; the Japanese commanders seemed too pre-occupied with their main business of emptying the government export godowns in city and country. Day and night, lines of boats loaded with woodoil, tea and cloth, were rowed down to the Juian canal to waiting steamers. Many canal boats overturned as a result of overloading. Millions of dollars worth of booty was removed in this way.

It is now apparent that the motive of the invasion was to assist the naval economic blockade in its work. A permanent military occupation of this river valley surrounded as it is by mountainous guerilla country, would be a costly business with little advantage. Even during this short period the Japanese suffered hundreds of casualties in their brushes with Chinese soldiers closing in on the city in the surrounding hills.

One morning people awoke to the usual sound of busy stirring of a Chinese city, familiar sounds that had ceased with the entry of the invaders, and not a foreign soldier remained. Overnight, too, had disappeared all the foreign flag, political sympathy having changed in so few hours. In the interim between the departure of the new regime, and the return of the old, more unprincipled looting took place, a large department store suffering most of all—only the mere shell of the building structure remains.

Amnesty Proclamation

The first action of the entering soldiers—popularly acclaimed of course as conquering heroes—was to issue a proclamation threatening death for all looters, but forgiveness to looters who liked to return their stolen goods. Early next morning certain streets were strewn with every kind of stolen articles, an amazingly miscellaneous collection, even including wooden articles that had already been split up into firewood but still recognizable as loot. Meanwhile soldiers searched every house in the city, and where anything at all resembling loot was detected, the householder was taken away. In this work neighbours assisted the soldiers by telling tales. Executions took place daily.

There was nevertheless genuine relief at the return of the old regime, but general confidence grew very slowly. The Bank of China delayed re-opening and many shops remained closed. The continuation of fighting in the North and central areas of the province emphasized the prevailing uneasiness—also the concentration down the coast in June of a record number of warships large and small. Nevertheless, strong dislike of living in the country drew the evacuated city people back to their homes.

Occupation Major Misfortune

The occupation was a major misfortune timed at a date most inopportune to the area, which had already entered a black period of food shortage, rising prices and general poverty. The coming of the Japanese accentuated these and other evils.

Living costs are reflected in workmen's wages which were from 40 to 50 cents three years ago, and are now from $5 to $6. Rice stocks are low and all efforts to import grain for the poorer classes have been frustrated by the blockade. Street beggars, some respectable looking persons, are on every hand; but so far one does not meet many cases of actual starvation.

Blockade Intensified

The blockade continues and has been intensified. No ships have entered this part of the coast since the occupation, nor are there signs giving promise of a renewal of shipping in the future. Apart from the restriction this causes to outside trade, hardship is caused to certain individuals, particularly to the foreign community, which has to depend entirely on local produce—also the hospitals, of which the largest are operated under the auspices of the Christian missions, are getting to the end of their reserves of drugs.

Fewer Air-raids

Air-raids have greatly decreased since the wide-spread activity that preceded the invasion. Many country towns and villages that had never before been visited by planes, were then ruthlessly bombed. Wenchow was not done too roughly by in comparison with the murderous treatment of certain other cities in the province parts of which were left in ruins, such as Lishui, and Yungkang. In one raid over Wenchow during the spring a bomb which seemed to those on the ground to have been dropped with some deliberation, narrowly missed a foreign residence in the Methodist Mission (British) compound, and destroyed servants' quarters and other buildings, killing one servant. Fortunately the rest of the staff, and the missionaries were all in the compound dugout, and suffered no physical hurt.

After four months of blackout, during which time people have been using up fast-dwindling stocks of candles, eked out with ancient vegetable oil lamps, the electric company has at long last repaired its machinery, and produced light for the streets and private homes. Only the price has been raised to the colossal figure of $2.50 per unit.

Unusual Summer So Far Experienced In North Anhwei

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Fowyang, An., July 19.

For some unknown reason Yellow River floods have not yet reached north Anhwei. Two years ago they came down in all their fury on June 24. Last year they were over three weeks late, and didn't reach these parts until the middle of July. It is now well past the middle of July, and still there are no signs of the annual disaster.

Everything is in readiness. The dykes on both sides of the Sha River have been repaired for hundreds of miles. It is to be hoped that they prove more effective than they did the last two years when they broke under the terrific pressure, and hundreds of square miles of farm land were inundated.

Most Unusual Summer

This has been a most unusual summer. Usually the thermometer climbs over 90 round May 15 and stays put until the end of August. This year has been a most delightful exception to the rule. One could count on his fingers the number of days when it was really oppressively hot. On several occasions it hit the 100 mark, but there was little or no humidity, and so it was quite bearable. There has been only one spell of really enervating weather, and that lasted for only three or four days.

Perhaps the unusual amount of rainfall has helped keep the temperature moderately cool. The early spring was very dry; but the summer has been just the opposite. Two weeks ago there were torrential rains from Monday to Friday incessantly. The result has been disastrous for the farmers, specially those in the lowlands near the river.

The dykes built to keep out the Yellow River are now acting as a bane rather than a blessing, so that these rain waters are now unable to drain off the land. This means, that in many parts the soya bean crop is under several feet of water, and is ruined. These poor people, how they do suffer. If it isn't the Yellow River floods that rob them of their livelihood, then it is the local rains.

Wheat Harvest Very Poor

The wheat harvest this year was very poor, the poorest for a good many years. This was due to two reasons, firstly, owing to the floods last year, a great deal of the wheat was planted too late to come to anything. Secondly, a very dry spring, with hot south winds which broke the husks before the wheat could be gathered. In this way, not a small portion of the wheat was lost. The total crop this year was only about one-third of last year's yield which was a particularly good one.

The result is that the new wheat when it made its appearance on the market was dearer than the old. Flour on the street it now selling at $1 for two chin. The local people think it's terrible; but there are other places farther west where prices are a good deal higher.

Excellent Prospects for Shushu

But what the people have lost in wheat, they will no doubt make up in shushu. The frequent rains have been good for this crop, and the result is that unless something unforeseen takes place there ought to be an excellent harvest. This, besides helping to make up the wheat deficiency, will also give them an abundance of material for fuel.

In these parts, shuchiai (shushu after it is cut down) is the main article of fuel. Just now it is very dear, being as high as 15 cents a chin. Wood is only ten cents per chin. When the shuchiai comes in about two weeks time, the price of fuel ought to drop considerably. At present, owing to the annual floods, fuel is as big an item of expense as food for most of the poor people.

Owing to the height of the shushu the bandit problem has become rather acute. The road to Pengpu is now regarded as quite unsafe for travel, and merchants for the time being are possessing their souls in patience until the shushu is cut down.

Visit by Japanese Bombers

Ever since Chinese New Year, when the Japanese made their drive through north Anhwei this place had been left in peace. Last Monday, without any previous warning, three bombers flew over the city from east to west and dropped a number of high explosive bombs on the south of the city. About a quarter of an hour later they returned, and had a second try.

There were none of these diabolical incendiary bombs which on two former occasions wrought such terrific havoc with the thatched houses. But even so, the damage was quite heavy. About 30 persons were killed and as many wounded. The casualties wouldn't have been so high had the people had time to scatter; but as it was, the raid descended without any warning whatever.

The effect was electrifying. Next day hardly a soul remained in the city; everybody packed his lunch basket and left almost as soon as it was light. By 9 a.m. the city was like a deserted camp. There have been air-raid alarms every day since, but on only one occasion did the planes appear.

As a result of this daily exodus to the country, the merchants are hard hit. Business is at a standstill, and it is very difficult to make purchases. Not a few of the merchants have removed their goods to the country to be out of harm's way should they decide to treat the town to incendiary bombs.

Big Increase in U.S. Ship Construction

London, July 31.

"Impressive increases are noted in current ship construction in North America as compared with the volume reported a year ago," states the "Seattle Times." "For instance, 836 ships with a total of 5,350,000 gross tons were on the ways or under contract in American shipyards on June 1, 1941, as compared with 287 vessels of 1,528,260 gross tons on July 1, 1940."—Reuter.

Japan's Apology Over Bombing Cuts Little Ice in U.S.

Washington, Aug. 1.

Japan's apology for the bombing of the American gunboat Tutuila during a Japanese raid on Chungking appears to have cut little ice in the United States. The category to which it has been assigned is clearly indicated by news broadcasters and commentators, who said that Japan sent "the usual regrets."

There were plenty of people here besides Congressmen, who declared yesterday that the bombing was deliberate, and who believed that Japanese airmen meant to get the ship. They pointed out that the Tutuila and the American Embassy were not in Chungking but across the river and that the bombers did not need to interfere with fighters. Therefore, if it was not deliberate bombing it was amazingly careless and inaccurate.

It was remembered that Japanese spokesman delighted to enlarge on the excellence of the aim of their airmen and the fact that they bombed only military objectives. People here commented that the Japanese could not have it both ways and opinion here, based on reports from Chungking and their knowledge of what the Japanese have done in the past, led to the theory that the bombs were meant for the Tutuila and the Embassy.

Panay Incident Recalled

Moreover, though the Panay has been paid for, it should be remembered in Tokyo that the incident is not forgotten or forgiven and the Japanese still have to live it down if they desire better relations with the United States.

Yet another important point is that American opinion has been incensed by stories of the recent relentless and savage Japanese bombing of Chungking civilians. They know that the bombing of Chungking has been as indiscriminate as that of London and believe that it has the same objective—terrorization of the civilian population. There is ample sympathy here for Londoners, but more for the people of Chungking, for whereas Londoners had the R.A.F. with which to strike back, Chungking women and children had to weather scores of raids without the ability to strike back.

It may be, and probably is, argued in Japan that what happens to Chungking civilians is no concern of Americans. Possibly not, but the fact must be faced that America looks on China as one of the Allies fighting Fascist aggression, and that she feels strongly about the four-year old Japanese aggression in China, and this feeling is one which Japan is bound to weigh at a time when her relations with the United States are badly strained.—Reuter.

Informal Portraits

Snapshot Guild

Summer is an ideal season for informal portraits of your family and friends, and they're just about as easy to take as any other snapshot. Naturally, such pictures are not to be compared with the expertly-lighted, skillfully executed portraits made by experienced professional studio photographers. The well made informal outdoor study, however, has an interest and atmosphere all its own.

Here are several points to remember:

The subject should be completely at ease and in a natural pose. This is readily obtained by seeing to it that he is in a comfortable position, with his attention concentrated on anything but the camera.

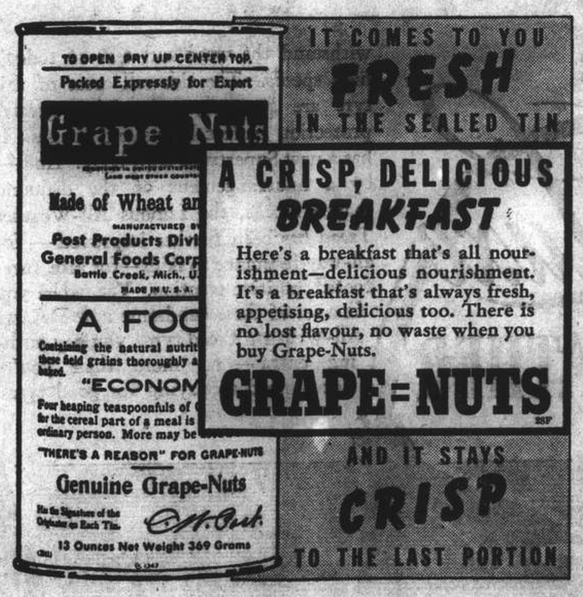
Get close enough so that the person's head fills most of the picture space. If your camera doesn't focus nearer than five or six feet, an inexpensive portrait attachment, which merely slips over the lens, will permit making real close-up shots.

Watch the background—any objectionable objects will detract from the centre of interest. Use a low camera angle, or place the subject on some slight elevation, such as the crest of a knoll, so you can take advantage of the sky for a plain but effective background.

To obtain a good likeness of a person, you need reasonably soft lighting. That is, shadows that are well illuminated and fairly bright in relation to the directly sunlit features. Instead of facing direcly into the bright noonday sunlight, have the subject turn so the strong light comes well from one side of the face, then time the exposure to record detail in the shaded side of the face. In this way you will eliminate the dark shadows—so noticeable in pictures taken at this time of day—that appear below the nose and eyebrows.

There are several other good methods of obtaining soft lighting. A newspaper or large white blotter placed near the subject's face, but out of the range of the view finder, will reflect light into the dark areas, softening the harsh shadows and bringing out detail. Or you can place your subject in the open shade—as on the shady side of a house under an open sky, and give the normal exposure for such conditions.

Follow these simple suggestions and you'll get good informal portraits. Start a collection today. Their appeal and variety will justify a special place in your album.



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CEYLONTA TEA
presented in the New
"FLAV-O-TAINER"
PLIOFILM-CONTAINER
Obtainable at all Compradores soon

Lipton's fragrant and delicious tea is now imported in a new container that retains all the freshness and richness of the tea as on the day of packing.

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SHANGHAI

FOR THE FIRST TIME
in more than 100 years
WE ARE REVOKING ON OUR
ANNUAL SUMMER SALE

FOR THE REASON THAT
with the current tendency of the Chinese Dollar to drop in value, our present, keen, competitive prices do not permit of any reduction in to-day's prices on standard goods, particularly since prices at Home are on the up-grade.

HOWEVER
during the month of August we shall make special offers on Fashion Goods, Oddments, Shop-soiled Goods, and Broken Lines, etc.

Here are special prices on some goods which are being offered for one week, commencing on Monday, August 4, until Saturday, August 9.

DRILL TENNIS FROCKS
3 only White Drill Tennis Frocks, smartly cut but slightly shop-soiled—all that remains of this season's stock. Sizes 14 and 16 only. Usually $27.50 each.
This Week $9.50 ea.

SUMMER COLLARS, etc.
About 30 White Linen, Lawn, and Lace Collars, Jabots, etc.
NOW HALF PRICE

BRASSIERES
47 only, odd American and English Brassieres, slightly shop-soiled, but can easily be made equal to new with a little Lux and tepid water. Well worth your immediate attention! Usually $7.95 ea.
This Week $1.95 ea.

SUMMER HATS
AT HALF PRICE
Commencing on Monday we are offering the whole of our remaining stock of this season's modern Millinery in Straws, Linens, Piques, etc., all together 69 Hats—every one a genuine 1941 Model.
AT HALF PRICE

SUMMER SHIRT BLOUSES
32 Summer Washing Cotton Shirt Blouses, short sleeves. These again are slightly shop-soiled through being displayed in the Store, but can easily be made as good as new. In all sizes.
ALL LESS 33 1/3%

"CLASSIC" SILK HOSIERY
220 pairs of "Classic" Canadian Silk Stockings. A really first grade Stocking—one that will wear well and fit perfectly. Cotton tops, in four good shades and, of course, all sizes.
Usual Price $10.50 pair
This Week $6.50 pair

CHILDREN'S SOCKS
About 200 pairs of Children's All White and coloured Socks. In a good variety of sizes. Of course, they were all imported from England.
THIS WEEK HALF PRICE

SUMMER GLOVES
About 50 pairs of Ladies Summer Washing Gloves—shop-soiled.
EVERY PAIR HALF PRICE

HALL & HOLTZ, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
SHANGHAI'S OLDEST STORE

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to
THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI.
To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."

St. Peter's Role:

The Roman Complaint

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—For BISHOP CURTIS kind words, at the end of his anti-Petrine sermon, for Catholics and their mission work especially, we are grateful. Without raising the cry of "False! false!" to everything he states in his letter of August 28, I should nevertheless like to take exception to much of it. He complains to you, Mr. Editor, for lopping off three paragraphs which contained an essential point, saying, "It is like a kidnapper remonstrated with when he returns the head saying, 'It is complete but for the head'." Our complaint against him is that he has done something similar and worse; tried to give us the Church with its head, Peter, lopped off. The Catholic apologist is faced with the task of proving the perfectly obvious: That the Church, like any other great living body or thriving organization, ought to have a visible head. If the local manager of a business concern returns to the States he considers it the normal thing to appoint a visible head to take over the direction of affairs; otherwise his business will go to pieces. If he is a man of very strong faith he may leave everything to the Holy Ghost, but I doubt it. Now Catholics have the extraordinary persuasion that Christ had at least as much common sense as the average Shanghai business man.

It is a fact that the greatest bishops and priests of the early Church, who are the witnesses to its faith, and on whose teachings the Church draws today, were clear and unanimous with regard to Peter's real and effective primacy. At the Council of Ephesus (A.D. 431) the papal legate stated: "No one, yea, all ages know, that the holy and most blessed Peter, the Prince and Head of the Apostles, the Pillar of Faith, the Foundation of the Catholic Church, received the keys of the kingdom from our Lord Jesus Christ....who even until now, and always, lives and judges in his successors. Wherefore, our holy and most blessed Pope, Celestin, Bishop, his successor in order, and holder of his place, has sent us to this Holy Synod to supply for his presence." As in the early apostolic councils, so in all the later councils presided over by the Pope or his legate, it could be said, "It has seemed good to the Holy Ghost and to us...." For the Lord certainly did promise the Church the guidance of the Holy Spirit; but His Church, the one he personally founded on Peter the Rock, not any and every group irrespective of when or by whom it was founded or whether it is in heresy today or not. There is no evidence whatever that He promised the guidance of the Holy Spirit to any church not connected with Peter. For it doesn't make sense that the Spirit is to be blamed for the many contradictions taught today. E.g. if one group teaches that the Pope is infallible, and another the exact opposite, that he is not infallible, both cannot be correct. The Holy Spirit is the spirit of Truth, not of contradiction. So let's not charge the poor Holy Spirit, whose function is to guide, only that Church which history shows was founded by Christ, with the mistakes of men.

The BISHOP is wrong when he states petulantly that the four chapters of the Vatican Council of 1870 (1869-70 to be exact) were passed, as is common knowledge, against the weight of learning in the Roman Church itself, by an assembly packed with ignorant Italian bishops." This council was an ecumenical council for which approximately 1050 of the most learned prelates from the whole Catholic world were eligible. Of this number no less than 774 actually took part. The question of papal infallibility had indeed caused great controversy before its definition but the overwhelming majority, some four-fifths of the council, believed the matter should be officially discussed and then defined. Only a very few of the bishops in the minority party seem to have had any doubts about the dogma itself even before definition, but feared for various reasons that it might not be opportune to have it defined at that juncture. Rare are the parliaments which have ever discussed any important matter so carefully or so thoroughly as was this question at the Vatican Council. In the course of two months all the pros and cons were examined and debated over and over again. As long as the discussion lasted the members were perfectly free to express their views. When the final vote was taken, 433 were in favour, only two, one an American bishop, the other an Italian, were opposed. These two, when the result was announced, immediately advanced to the papal throne and acknowledged their acceptance of the truth as defined. No one of the bishops or cardinals, even those who during the discussion had raised the strongest objections and who were not present at the final vote, rejected the official decision. In the same way, the distinguishd Frenchmen and Englishmen who, outside the Council, had expressed opinions antagonistic to the promulgation of the dogma while it was still under deliberation, e.g. Gratry, Montalembert, Lord Acton, Newman, submitted after the decision was made; and Newman's defense of the dogma in reply to Gladstone's letter is one of the finest I have ever read. Only Dr. Dollinger, the German, and a few of his adherents apostatized because of the decision.

BISHOP CURTIS' branch theory might lead to some queer conclusions. There would be Roman Catholics, Russian Catholics, Anglo-Catholics, Protestant Catholics, etc. Moreover, our people wouldn't be satisfied to be relegated to the status of a mere branch; historically we are, and hence shall continue to claim to be, the tree. I might as well admit that we have no objection to being called "Roman Catholics" if by that is meant that we are Catholics whose head is the Bishop of Rome. Too many people however argue against us: a. Roman; therefore foreign, Italian; therefore Fascists, and conclude that all Catholics whether American, English, Chinese or whatever, are Fascists. b. That the acceptance of the term Roman means that we acknowledge the branch theory; that we have merely the Roman form of Catholicism, whereas others have the English form, others the Greek form, etc. BISHOP CURTIS, who apparently doesn't like Italians especially if they are bishops, seems to imply both these points when he dubs us Roman. Hence, better just call us Catholics—our friends and our enemies both understand that. If others are anxious to appropriate the term Catholic for themselves, let them use their own adjectives without applying any to us.

In conclusion, I do not wish at all to imply that BISHOP CURTIS is entirely wrong. In fact, by believing in the Sancta, Catholica et Apostolica Church, he is three-fourths right. There is but one thing missing: he will be a full-fledged member of the Church of the ages when he takes the only logical step and accepts also the Romana, the headship of the Bishop of Rome, successor of St. Peter. And so we generously forgive his attack on that great saint whose feast is celebrated today. After all, for nineteen centuries various people have made the stoutest but in the end futile attempts to destroy the Rock on which Christ founded His Church. Peter, however, stands there unshaken; for Peter can "take it."

UBI PETRUS IBI ECCLESIA.

Nanking, Aug. 1.

Out in Hungjao:

A Delightful Gesture

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Last evening I dined with a friend in the Hungjao District. During the day my mind had been running on the general unrest in the world, and possibly because I was due to dine in a controlled area, on such disagreeable matters as cholera inoculation, passes, and such like.

In preparation for my excursion into the occupied area, I was duly inoculated, for the second time since April, and obtained a new pass. This on a hot day gave me—unjustifiably I admit—a feeling of resentment against my fellow-beings in general, and against all instigators of New Orders in particular.

As the evening wore on, I experienced some apprehension about the dawn of August 1, and the possibility of a searching examination at the barrier, which however I made certain of reaching before midnight. Actually I arrived at the Great Western Road barrier at 11.15 p.m. and stopped my car for examination.

Two members of the military post detached themselves from the group and approached my car, one of course being the sentry, carrying rifle with bayonet fixed. I was prepared for a curt examination and possibly a peremptory order to pass through.

What actually happened was that the sentry stood by with a cheerful grim on his face whilst his companion handed to my wife through the open window a bunch of zinnia and asparagus fern.

I do not suggest that this unexpected and pleasant gesture will of itself impede the prosecution of the immutable policy towards co-prosperity in this part of the world, but it has left me in a state of wonderment.

CARANURE.

Shanghai, Aug. 1.

This English:

And the Precisians

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Without any humility I say that both versions are wrong. The word "only qualifies the words "certain documents," and not either of the verbs. Therefore the proper usage should be "We are able to submit only certain documents pertaining to etc. etc. I dislike the verbiage, but deal with it only for the purpose of this argument.

PEDANT.

Shanghai, Aug. 2.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF AUGUST 3, 1871

The Spanish Government appears to have concluded the contract, to which our Manila correspondent referred a few weeks ago, for the conveyance of mails between the Philippines and Singapore; as the Postmaster-General of Hongkong, notifies the dates of fortnightly despatches, beginning from July 18.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

XCDN

"The Voice of Democracy" in Shanghai
Wave length 208m. Frequency 1440kc.
P. O. Box 403, Shanghai
Telephone 16067

To-day's Programme

7.30-12.00 Chinese Programme with News Broadcasts at 7.45 and 11.00 and Chinese lesson at 8.30
10.25 New Religious Service relayed from Holy Trinity Cathedral
11.45 Light Classical Selections
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.30 News in German
2.00 Symphoniekonzert
(1) Symphonie Nr. 5 in C Moll Op. 67....Beethoven
(2) Largo aus "Xerxes"....Handel
(2) Symphonie Nr. 8 in B Moll—"Die Unvollendete"..Schubert
3.00 Sunday Afternoon at the Bandstand
4.00 Children's Half Hour with "Georgie"
4.30 Chinese Programme
6.30 Hungarian Programme
7.00 Indian Programme
7.30 "The Voices of Democracy"—Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Greece
An Allied Federation Broadcast
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News, War Commentary and "Listening Post."
8.30 Salon Music
9.00 News in English and B.B.C. Programme Announcements
9.15 "Christian Issues in Wartime" Talk by the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth
9.30 Frank Barry's Half Hour
10.00 XCDN Concert Hall
(1) "Danse Macabre"—Saint-Saens
(2) "Solveig's Song" from "Peer Gynt"
(3) "Serenade"—Schubert.
(4) "Pilgrim's Song"—Tschaikowsky.
(5) "Suite No. 1 (Fantasie) for 2 Pianos"—Rachmaninoff.
(6) "The May Night"—Brahms.
(7) "The Nut Tree"—Schumann.
(8) "Scent of the Jasmine"
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

Foreign Language Broadcasts

CHINESE.—(Kuo Yu) every day at 7.45 a.m. 1, and 6 p.m.
CHINESE.—(Shanghai dialect) every day at 11 a.m., 5.30 and 11.50.
CZECH—Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Fri. at 2, and Wed. at 7.
FRENCH.—Every day at 1.15 except Sunday.
GERMAN.—Every day at 1.30.
GREEK.—Saturday, at 7.
HINDUSTANI.—Sunday at 7.
HUNGARIAN.—Sunday at 6.30.
POLISH—Monday and Thursday at 7.

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 News, War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 The week's anniversaries. A programme devised by Christopher Stone.
9.15 News letter to the Far East, O. M. Green.
9.30 Dance Music by Geraldo and his Orchestra.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. Anona Wynne.
10.30 Danger. Men at Work.
11.00 New Books. V. S. Pritchard.
11.30 Music by London Tango Orchestra.
Midnight. American Commentary. Elmer Davis.

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 80567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 24.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcasts in four languages

Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French and reading. Memorial of France (Chapter 5).
1.15 Light music.
6.30 Semi-classical concert.
8.00 Light music.
9.00 Concert:

Musical entertainment and stage music.

Beethoven: Coriolan (Overture).—Mozart: six German dances.—Schubert: Rosemonde (Overture). — Schubert: Rosemonde. — Schubert: Hungarian March in do minor.—Beethoven: Symphony (Wellington's victory at Victoria).—Schubert: dances.—Beethoven: Egmont (Overture).—Beethoven: The ruins of Athens—Haydn: Military Symphony.—Schubert: Military March.

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THE NEWS OF THE WORLD
CONCISE
CLEAR
CANDID

XMHD broadcasts news in English daily at 12.45 and 9 p.m. and news in Chinese daily at 12.30 and 9.15 p.m.

MAILS COMING AND GOING
EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS
WEATHER REPORTS
LOCAL EVENTS OF THE DAY

At other hours, the Shanghai Christian Broadcasting Association broadcasts in English and Chinese language programme of music and talks.

LOCAL FOOD PRICES

Average prices obtaining on August 1. H.—Hongkew Market and Shops in Hongkew District. W.—Seymour Road Market and shops in Western District F.C.—Markets and shops in the French Concession.

	H.	W.	F.C.
BEEF			
Rib	.360	360	370
Rump	400	440	370
Sirloin	400	440	—
Soup	200	200	220
Suet	150	220	100
MUTTON			
Lamb	160	160	150
Gigot	160	170	150
PORK			
Lard	.130	160	123
Leg	230	260	—
Cutlet	260	260	285
Should.	210	260	217
Knuck.	130	100	080
VEAL			
Cutlets	360	500	—
BUFFALO			
Rump	340	300	270
Soup	180	180	180
Goat	—	—	150
PREPARED MEAT			
Bacon	240	320	290
Ham F.	380	400	470
Ham C.	247	320	320
S. pork	207	—	170
FISH			
Carp	—	120	140
" live	—	220	—
Cod	150	150	130
Eel live	270	140	100
M'darin	200	360	—
Prawns	045	050	—
Salmon	160	180	—
Soles	160	120	110
W'bait	150	140	090
Yellow	080	120	100
SALTED FISH			
Herring	..	080	065
Ribbon	080	080	080
Salmon	160	160	125
POULTRY AND EGGS			
Chick.	300	260	260
Duck	750	700	600
Eggs	200	300	216
FRUIT			
Apples	100	060	100
Bananas	100	100	120
Lemons	180	140	140
Oranges	21	12	16.80
Pears	050	060	080

	H.	W.	F.C.
VEGETABLES			
B'boo	100	080	—
Beans	040	040	050
B'root	010	020	015
C'bage	025	020	020
" F.	035	025	030
" S.	015	020	020
Carrots	045	050	050
Onions	010	010	010
Potatoes	030	025	023
" S.	—	040	—
Spinach	020	025	020
To'toes	070	060	060
Turnips	020	030	040
GROCERY			
Coffee	380	340	360
Flour A.	075	070	080
" C.	073	070	072
Macar.	120	130	120
Noodles	066	062	063
Salt T.	056	066	050
" C.	056	039	046
Sugar T.	085	110	110
" H.	075	085	088
Tea C.	600	600	500
OIL AND BEAN CURD			
Bean	020	030	010
Salad	185	200	200
Soya	176	178	190
MILK, BUTTER AND BREAD			
Milk, A	115	110	135
" B	075	083	065
" A.T.T.	120	113	—
Milk	210	440	400
Buttr	820	850	850
Margar.	210	235	250
Bread	075	075	075
SOAPS			
Toilet	070	075	100
Wash.	160	112	120
RICE			
K'mee	087	086	080
Foreign	066	065	066
COAL AND FUEL			
Anth.	437	50	460 465
Kitchen	440	—	460
Brique.	16	16	16
Char.	—	—	47
Wood	—	—	090
K'sene	145	132	136

Velva Masque
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Elizabeth Arden

Bring youth and vitality back to your cheeks! Elizabeth Arden's VELVA CREAM MASQUE offers you new beauty in twenty minutes. Your appearance is re-made at your own dressing-table—almost as if you had just emerged from a long and elaborate treatment at the Elizabeth Arden Salon! Few preparations are more luxurious in their effect than VELVA CREAM MASQUE: twenty minutes application and the result is miraculous.

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NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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REACTIONS FROM HOME

By O. M. GREEN

The Slav community in London declare that Hitler is committing suicide (that community includes all the Balkan peoples as well as Russians). It seems safe to say that after some initial success the Germans have found the Russians much more formidable than they expected. A correspondent who was in Finland during the Russian invasion states that that was no criterion of what the Soviet army can do, the troops being largely novices who had no desire to fight against Finland. He also calls attention to the continual propaganda in Russia during the past two years on the urgent need of strengthening the frontier "against British incendiaries and bombers." Stalin of course knew perfectly well that he had nothing to fear from us. Because of his treaty with Hitler he could not give the danger he feared its real name. It would be very strange if Stalin ever trusted Hitler an inch.

A point worth notice is the strong emphasis that M. Molotov put on the national character of the war in his inaugural broadcast. He used no Communist slogans but called it by the term first used when Russia was invaded by Napoleon, "war for the Fatherland." There is no doubt whatever that the peoples of Russia who hate the Germans like poison have responded with an enthusiasm stimulated by their recollections of the humiliating peace of Brest-Litovsk and the new political consciousness born in them in the past twenty years. Hitler can make mistakes like other people, and he never did a sillier thing than in calling up reactionary Russian exiles to fight for him, promising to give them back their estates in Russia.

The eagerness in England to give all possible help to Russia is as palpable as the air breathed. One sign of it is the spontaneous offer of the coalminers' leaders to forego all holidays this summer in order to raise the coal output to its proper level. The coal question has been badly bungled. When Italy entered the war and France collapsed, the call for coal exports fell off heavily and in spite of the fact that even then the nation was not getting all the coal it wanted, thousands of miners were allowed to drift off into other work or to be conscripted. England is faced with a shortage of coal next winter not only for households but for industry and absenteeism has increased the shortage. This accusation has caused bitter controversy. But the truth of it is now admitted by Mr. Bevin in a warning he has issued that miners who stay away from work without sound reason will be sent into the ranks. I do not think it will come to that. Even Mr. Gallacher, our one Communist M.P., has declared that British Communists will now help the Government tooth and nail to help the Soviet.

* * *

We have begun by battering the Germans very satisfactorily from the air. The Ruhr, all northwest Germany and the centres of German industry in occupied France have been getting a thorough pasting. What is so specially satisfactory is that the bulk of this fighting has been done by day, and over France or far out over the Channel. No doubt the best of the German pilots have been sent to the Eastern front, but when one contrasts our losses over enemy territory with the German losses in the Battle of Britain (though they certainly outnumbered us then by 10 to 1) such results are indeed striking. There is also no doubt whatever that the intrinsic superiority of our new aeroplanes over the new German models remains as marked as ever. The new Messerschmitt, of which the Germans boasted inordinately, has been encountered and easily dealt with by our new Spitfires and Hurricanes.

* * *

Sir Mark Young, the new Governor of Hongkong, is one of two brothers who have progressed on parallel lines in the Colonial Service. His elder brother Sir Hubert is Governor of Trinidad, Sir Mark, who has lately been Governor of Tanganyika Territory is a sturdily built man, with a kindly smile, a good lawn tennis player, who gave frequent parties on his court at Dar-es-Salaam and used to read the Lesson in Church. He is hardly going to a bed of roses in Hongkong (if anyone expects or wants such a thing in these days) but his task may be lightened by the evident bewilderment of Japan over the almost unbelievable weather cocking of Hitler's policy since she was first so foolish as to have anything to do with him. Time was when one thought the Japanese rather a clever people, but anything worse than their recent diplomacy could hardly be imagined.

Apropos of diplomacy Mr. Eden's recent selections are not quite an example of the promotions from the lower deck which are hence forward to be the practice if not the rule, since most of them began at Eton or Harrow. But they are all well under 50 except Sir Ronald Campbell lately our Minister in Belgrade, who is 51, and even that seems to some of us enviably juvenile. They are all described as a perfect brain trust, notably Mr. Oliver Harvey who becomes Mr. Eden's principal private secretary, after having distinguished himself as Minister in Paris, Sir Ronald Campbell who went as Minister to Washington, undoubtedly did splendid work in Yugoslavia. The fact that he managed to bring away the bulk of the British community there was a great feat.

* * *

If the Diplomatic Service is to be reformed two things seem to be supremely necessary. One is to abolish the diplomatic voice. Recently a lecture was given by a very eminent diplomatist on a particularly interesting subject. His lecture was probably admirable to read, but he read it rapidly in a low toneless formal voice all on one note without the faintest attempt to emphasize any points, so all went to sleep. One has come across that sort of voice, with manner to match, and to ordinary folk it is simply infuriating. But far more important is it that our diplomatists should be allowed to function as such. Since the last war through all the era of futile conferences by peripatetic politicians our ambassadors and ministers have been reduced to "little better than messenger boys."

Then with years and years of experience in handling the alien had their jobs taken from them to be bungled by men whose only qualification was that they might have sat for a year or two in a Minister's chair in Whitehall. It is said to be a fact that our Embassy in Paris faithfully warned our Government, a long time before the fatal event that France would collapse after a fortnight's fighting with Germany. Everyone remembers the outcry against secret diplomacy after the last war. But it had kept Europe out of a general conflagration for a century, and might well have averted the Four Years' War if its advice had been heeded.

* * *

An event took place not long ago which would have seemed impossible a year ago when, at a luncheon in honour of the Belgian Government, given by the British Chamber of Commerce of Belgium, the President of the Board of Trade proposed the toast of King Leopold and paid him a glowing tribute for his steady refusal to work with the Germans and for the example which like his father he had set to the Belgian people.

But in this Captain Lyttelton voiced a now general feeling. The full facts of King Leopold's surrender are given in a carefully documented book ("The Prisoner of Laeken": Cresset Press) by M. Emile Cammaerts, which has appeared in London. M. Reynaud's bitter accusation was in fact completely unfounded. The initial cause of disaster was the French defeat on the Meuse, which compelled the Belgians to fall back from strong prepared positions. After four days desperate fighting they found themselves penned in a tiny corner of Belgium, hampered by swarms of refugees, and without food or water. In answer to the King's appeal they hung on to the last in order to co-operate with Gen. Weygand's expected winter offensive, but that offensive never came. King Leopold certainly sent ample warning beforehand to the Allies that he had no option but to surrender but owing to the state of the battle the message never reached them. Since then King Leopold has faithfully carried out his promise to his army to stay and "share their fate." He is no Quisling, but as Admiral Sir Roger Keyes said from the outset when begging the world to withhold judgment, "a very gallant gentleman."

THIS SHANGHAI WEATHER

By ARTHUR DE C. SOWERBY

Whether it is the result of sun-spots, the absence of typhoons, the weakness of the monsoon or cooling winds from Siberia is something for meteorologists to argue about, but the fact remains that for once the usually accurate Chinese Nature calendar has completely broken down in its weather forecast regarding the present season. The day of Great Heat, or *Ta Shu*, which fell on July 23 and was supposed to begin a 15-day period of intense heat in China, was no warmer than the day preceding it. Actually the maximum temperature on that date was only 85.5 degrees Fahrenheit, which was nearly 10 degrees less than that of July 7, the day of the Lesser Heat, and may be considered distinctly cool for Shanghai summer weather. The minimum temperature of 71.4 degrees made a blanket necessary at night. The days following the first day of the Great Heat period up to time of writing have have been comfortably cool here in Shanghai, and people have been asking one another what has become of summer as they speculate upon the causes of this most unseasonable but greatly appreciated weather.

It is true that it has been unusually wet, with almost daily rains, so that the increased humidity has somewhat reduced the cooling effects of the comparatively low temperatures but, even so, no one can possibly complain of the heat experienced here this year, except for the brief spell of high temperatures which commenced on the day preceding that of the Lesser Heat, lasting less than a week instead of the expected fortnight. Indeed, the rainfall in the Shanghai area this year has already reached the phenomenal figure of forty inches, or twelve inches in excess of the average for the past 68 years. The rainfall recorded here during July was over twelve inches. It is not known here whether or not similar heavy rains have occurred in other parts of China, because, as a result of disturbed political conditions in this part of the world, practically all telegraphed or radioed news of weather conditions has been suspended, but Chinese rumours are to the effect that very serious floods may be expected in China this year. Already Japan has suffered at least one such calamity this summer.

* * *

According to a statement appearing in the "North-China Daily News" of July 29, local meteorogists, presumably the Jesuit Fathers in charge of Siccawei Observatory, ascribe this unusually heavy rainfall in the Shanghai area to the absence of typhoons this year, that is to say, typhoons including our area in their orbits. Actually there have been quite a number of typhoons emanating from the typhoon-cradle in the general vicinity of Guam in the western part of the Pacific Ocean north of the Equator, but most of them seem to have kept well to the east of the China coast, reaching Japan without coming near Shanghai, while at least one of considerable violence passed westward over the Philippine Islands, failing to come north at all.

It would be interesting to know whether or not our local meteorologists mean to suggest that excessive summer rains such as experienced here this year would always be the result of the absence of typhoons. If so, I would like to ask them to explain how it came about that we experienced such fiercely hot and dry weather last summer, when, also, there were markedly fewer typhoons affecting the Shanghai area than usual? If memory serves me correctly, last summer's heat and dryness were attributed to this absence of typhoons. There seems to be something wrong somewhere, for surely two such entirely opposite groups of meteorological phenomena cannot be attributed to one and the same cause.

An alternative explanation I have heard offered for this season's cool and excessively wet weather is that the regular summer monsoon, or prevailing southeasterly wind, has been weak this year. This, at best, can only be offered, however, as the immediate cause of cool weather and heavy rains for it in turn, must have been caused by some other as yet unexplained phenomenon. Yet another suggestion offered is that there has been an unusual rush of cold air southward from Siberia, but here again this explanation only calls for a further explanation.

* * *

Some time ago, it will be remembered, it was announced that an unusually large number of sun-spots, or perhaps it was a group of unusually large sun-spots, had appeared, which, it was prophesied, would seriously affect atmospheric conditions on the Earth's surface. Indeed, radio-transmission was badly interrupted at the time, so much so that broadcasts from several stations in Shanghai were rendered almost unintelligible. This was in March, and since that time it cannot be denied that we have had an excessive amount of rain in the Shanghai area, while there have been reports from many parts of the world of severe floods. I believe I am right in saying that the sun-spots have continued to show all through this period.

Sun-spots are well known to affect magnetic conditions on the Earth, which, in turn affect the weather. They are supposed to be rotating storms in the incandescent gases at the surface of the Sun, which, causing vortices, as such storms do, open passages to the somewhat cooler, but still incandescent, gases within the outer mantle. The reason why they appear black to the observer on the Earth is that the incandescent gases they reveal are so much cooler and therefore less incandescent than those on the Sun's surface that they look black by comparison with the latter.

* * *

Be that as it may, however, the point about sun-spots that affects our Earth's atmosphere and causes abnormal conditions is that out from these holes in the Sun's outer mantle, thousands of miles in diameter, come terrific rushes of radiant energy, which, if directed towards the Earth, bombard it, so to speak, although coming from a source 93,000,000 miles away, and so upset normal magnetic and atmospheric conditions upon the latter. It may, therefore, be suggested that the sun-spots are the fundamental cause of this season's upset weather conditions, and, if this be the case, then we can hardly blame the Chinese Nature calendar, which is usually so accurate, for being at fault. The occurrence of sun-spots shows a certain definite periodicity, so that a well-versed modern astronomer might conceivably be able to predict such weather as we have been enjoying, but such a prediction would certainly be altogether beyond the scope of a weather calendar invented who knows how many centuries or even millenia ago by Chinese farmer-savants.

The next 15-day period in the Chinese Nature calendar commences on Friday, August 8, and is called *Li Chiu*, or "Beginning of Autumn." It will be interesting to note whether or not a marked change in weather conditions occurs on that date. There should be a drop in the temperature. As a matter of fact, it is on August 8 that local Chinese are prophesying the occurrence of unusually severe floods in this country.

Wisdom from the Weeklies

Grimmer Portent Words can often be as disturbing as events, not because of what they ostensibly mean, but because of the state of mind they betray, observes "Truth." One of our leading Imperial statesmen has re-uttered the once too-familiar phrase that the war will be won by killing Germans. To the killing of Germans no blitzed inhabitant of these islands will object. But the way to win a war is not by hoping to kill off masses of the enemy, particularly if the enemy has masses of killable people to the tune of some 100,000,000. The object of war is to impose one's will on the enemy or, conversely, to prevent the enemy from imposing his will on oneself. The way to do that is to outwit him in strategy and tactics. It is, as a great American general once said, to master the art of war, which consists in "getting there firstest with the mostest men." It is often necessary to indulge in mass slaughter. Gen. U.S. Grant found it so. But the necessity is itself a confession of the bankruptcy of ideas of generalship and skill. It is a reversion to the primal instinct for blind slaughter as a means of self-preservation. In the last war we became familiar with it, because the blood-baths of the Somme and Passchendaele had to be explained by soldiers who had failed to find any better method of beating the Boche. That it should now be revived is a grim portent. Despite temporary reverses, we are surely not yet so bankrupt in leadership that we must again return to so primitive a recipe for victory.

* * *

Canadian Finances Canada is in no sense self-sufficient, suggests the "Economist." What the Dominion buys from the United States is normally paid for by the proceeds in gold and dollars of sales to the United Kingdom; and Canadian industry is inter-locked with American, a connection which has caused great difficulties in working out designs for tanks and aircraft to be built in Canada and which implies, in most items of manufacture, that Canada must depend on the United States for many of the parts to be assembled. Since the war started, purchases from America have gone up, swollen by raw materials, components and machinery for war production, and the deficit in this trade is growing. On the other hand, although sales to the United Kingdom have also mounted, the United Kingdom is short of gold and dollars to pay with; and the problem of paying the United States has therefore become serious. Every month, twice as much in value is bought by Canada from the United States as Canada sells to the United States. In trade with the United Kingdom last year, there was an export surplus of $787 millions, of which between two-fifths and one half was covered by the repatriation of Canadian securities, one third by the transfer of gold from the United Kingdom, and one fifth simply by the accumulation of sterling balances in London on Canadian account. This year, when Canada is to supply $1,500 millions' worth of munitions, materials and agricultural produce to the United Kingdom, the British deficit may be $1,150 millions; there are limits to the quantities of gold and Canadian securities that can be thrown in; and there is the prospect of a "substantial war debt" due from Britain to Canada. The position is, therefore, that Britain cannot pay Canada, and Canada finds it correspondingly difficult to pay the United States for essential war supplies. But these are precisely the considerations of finance which President Roosevelt has laid down must not hobble full aid to the democracies; his remedy is to pay for goods with goods or the promise of goods; and Canada is bound to the United States, not only by the joint American-Canadian Defence Board, but also by the joint committee which has just been set up to work out priorities for war materials.

* * *

War Zone Courts The establishment of war zone courts in England and Wales recalls the struggle which took place last summer between Commons and Government over their Enabling Act—the second Emergency Powers (Defence) Act of 1940,—suggest the "Economist Members of Parliament insisted that, at least in cases in which the death sentence was imposed, there should be a right of appeal, and that this right should be granted in the Act itself, instead of being left to chance in the regulations to be made under it. This demand was conceded; and, in fact, the regulations also included the right of appeal for cases in which a sentence of seven or more years' penal servitude has been passed, and for any other case which the president of the court thinks should be reviewed. Moreover, the appeal tribunal, which will consist of three judges, can review the conviction as well as the sentence in these cases. With these exceptions, no appeal can be made from the decision of a war zone court, which consists of a High Court judge as president and two advisory members appointed from a panel of justices of the peace. There will be no jury, but both prosecutor and defendant can be represented by counsel, and the ordinary rules of evidence will be maintained. Although the purpose of the new courts is to expedite criminal justice in a time of emergency, it is probable that they will only be used for serious cases. Thus they can direct that a person should be tried by the ordinary courts if, having regard to the nature of the offence and the military situation, they think it advisable. On the other hand, they have to consider any representations which may be made to the contrary by an officer of His Majesty's forces, and any representations he may make as to the gravity of the offence in the light of the military situation. Thus, although the courts are not, and do not resemble, courts martial, military consideration will be taken fully into account. The establishment of the courts is not, of course, a declaration that the military situation, which presumably can include the situation caused by air-raids as well as invasion, is retarding unduly the ordinary process of justice; or that invasion is at hand. It is a precautionary measure, and these courts cannot function in any area until that area has been declared a war zone by the minister of Home security.

* * *

Barnsley Humour All the good stories in the world have come from commercial travellers, according to Colin Booth (in the "Listener"), who is one. I've collected orders and humour in every country, though actually I have found more humour in Barnsley in Yorkshire than in any other place. One day I stood on the railway platform as the miners were coming home from the pits. A little black-faced miner came dashing up the stairway, puffing and blowing, just in time to see his train disappear in the distance. Another miner turned to him and said: "Ard lines, owd lad, but tha didn't run fast enough." "Oh yea I did," came the reply "'T' trouble war I didn't start soon enough." Which, when you come to reckon it up, was exactly correct. Here is another true example of what can happen there. Three miners, straight from the pit, came into a well-known jeweller's shop. One of them said: "We want to see some clocks. We're makin' a presentation to 'im (pointing to the smallest of the three "for 'is Gowden Weddin'." Quite a number of clocks were placed on the counter, but the little chap couldn't decide which to choose. At last he got it down to two. "Nay, I can't make up mi mind which o' these two to 'ave," he said. Then the jeweller had a brainwave. "Well, look here," he said, "there's no hurry. Let your wife call in and decide." The miner looked up and said: "Not likely. She's nowt to do wi' it." "I like that," said the jeweller, "when I've just been given an inscription to put on 'Presented to you on the occasion of your Golden Wedding!'" "Aye, that's right," the little chap replied, "but it's not her Golden Weddin'—it' me wot's been married fifty years—and she's my third wife." And the third wife gave a tea to nearly 100 people at which the clock was presented, with all solemnity, to the little chap on his Golden Wedding. Let me conclude with a true incident from an air-raid on Sheffield. In one street there stood a motor lorry. Two A.R.P. Wardens, hearing a bomb come screaming down, dashed under the lorry for cover. The bomb exploded some distance away and they scrambled out again. As they were brushing themselves down a soldier came dashing up to them. "Hey," he said, "what have you been doing under that lorry?" "Taking cover, of course," they said. "Crikey!" replied the soldier, "and I ran as fast as I could to get away from it. I'm driving it and it's full of ammunition."

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Romance and Reality

in Shanghai by Ann Sterling

WE had intended to talk about Big Business Boys of the Bund this morning, those small but infinitely energetic young gentlemen who throng the pavement from dawn until dark, hopefully pressing their wares on an unresponsive public.

The tea boys—a lukewarm drink at one cent per cup, YOU figure out the profit!—the sellers of peanuts and bright-coloured sweets, of little round cakes and shoe laces.

Big Business Boy "In Tea." N.C.D.N.

Not to mention the tattered imps who dodge through perilous traffic in pursuit of unprotected cotton trucks and their friends who frantically sweep up the rice grains from the gutter into doll-sized dust pans. They, too, are Big Business Boys if organization is a test. Ever notice the "foreman"—inevitably well-dressed—lurking at the corner?

Not one of these gentry, so far as our spies have been able to discover, appears to be seriously affected by the "freezing" orders that have thrown Shanghai into a frenzy.

Take it this way: Suppose you are "in tea"—and your day's profits reach, with luck and a coin from an occasional philanthropist, thirty cents. Suppose, following the upward price swing that includes everything from beans to beer, you have raised your price per cup to two cents.

Even so, you don't spend a great deal of time deciding whether your assets will be most advantageous in Sterling, or American dollars—in Chinese currency, piastres or bags of flour.

Lack of capital does have its compensations, though the "have nots" seldom appear to be counting their blessings.

* * *

AT THE CROSSROADS

A friend of ours—who blithely declines to worry over Things, at least in public—has worked out his own little Design for Living under freezing conditions. It's a simple scheme, proceeding on the premise that dollars may be rationed in Shanghai.

"I'll just give up the flat," he averred, "move a cot into the corner of the office, get in a few tins of salmon and go about my business.

"Think of the money I'll save in rent!"

We had a few suggestions, too. Filing cases—denuded of their precious contents, of course, you can't have Everything—would do nicely for storing personal effects. Say, toilet articles from "A to D"; shirts under "E" and on down the line to the perfect symmetry of "Winter underwear" (if any) under "W". What maker of steel filing-cases could reasonably object to such domestic arrangements?

* * *

EXPERIENCE

Then there is—as always—the Voice of Experience, with ideas of her own on the subject of perilous situations. A veteran of the 1937 Exodus from Shanghai offered a few suggestions over the luncheon table.

"Probably you're perfectly right," admitted The Voice. "Probably I should be rushing around to the compradore and buying everything in sight. But I always remember 1937.

"I didn't buy much then, myself, since I was planning to go home in the first ship. But Marie, who had the apartment next door, bought hordes of things. Then her office decided to evacuate her to Manila. So she gave everything away. Then she wasn't sent away after all!"

* * *

ROTARY ANN

Gayest affair of the week was Thursday's tiffin at the Metropole, when Shanghai Rotary members celebrated the twenty-second anniversary of their founding.

Wives of Rotarians—honour guests of the day—were speakers. Mrs. G. E. Marden and Mrs. William Z. L. Sung, wife of the Rotary president, gave the woman's view of the international organization in brief, witty and penetrating speeches.

Guests of the day included M. Stanislaw de Rosset, Polish Charge d'Affaires; and M. de Rosset; Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Myercough, of the Institution for the Chinese Blind in Hankow; Mrs. W. H. Hudspeth, the Rev. E. J. Ottewell and Mrs. Ottewell.

Mrs. V. E. Duclos, Miss Roberta Fryer, Mrs. Thomas S. Lea, Mrs. A. A. Chen, Miss Lily Chao, Mrs. T. Chao, Mrs. Eric Clarke, Mrs. S. N. Yang, Mrs. C. M. Wentworth, Mrs. V. D. Thomas Tsu, Mrs. Jack Foy Wu, Mrs. F. W. Poate, Mrs. P. T. Carey, Mrs. A. Eveleigh, Miss Ruth Tsai, Miss M. G. Darroch, Miss J. R. Darroch and others.

Mrs. G. E. Marden
Rotary Club tiffin speaker. N.C.D.N.

MID-SUMMER MODE

With Shanghai summer at its height—and DON'T mention The Rains—majority of Rotary guests chose tub silk to wear at the tiffin. A few favoured cottons.

Mrs. Sung wore a gown in two tones of blue, printed silk with the conventionalized design outlined in black; Mrs. Marden a tailored dress of pottery rose printed in white, with a broad-brimmed white straw hat and white accessories.

Mrs. Clarke chose royal blue and white printed silk, one of those microscopic designs so smart this summer, with a broad-brimmed black hat. Mrs. Duclos' white crepe frock was gay with an embroidered yoke—in surf blue and gold.

Another Frozen Asset. N.C.D.N.

RETURN

Back in Shanghai again, from a short trip to Peiping, are Mrs. Giacomo Zanetti and Lieutenant A. D. Kilmartin. Here from the North is Lieutenant A. F. Metze, Assistant U. S. Naval Attache in Peiping.

* * *

NAVAL CHANGE

Commander H. V. Creer, R. N., British Senior Naval Officer in Shanghai, has left for an undisclosed destination southwards. Commander J. B. Woolley, R. N., Royal Naval Staff Officer, becomes, concurrently senior naval officer, and Lieut.-Commander S. Polkinghorn, R.N.R., commands the British gunboat in port.

Commander Creer, who is an Australian, will feel at home in the south, where so many of his compatriots, naval and military, are serving.

* * *

INNOVATION

Cricket Club members are looking forward to August 9, date of the first cinema at the club. War films—and other selected features—will be shown.

* * *

TO AFRICA

Miss Blanche Chapman, of the S.M.C. schools, is leaving soon—depending on shipping accommodations—for East Africa. She is going to teach in Nairobi.

* * *

COOLIDGE PASSENGER

One of the most active members of the American community—Mrs. Wirt Leonard—is leaving Shanghai in the President Coolidge. After more than twenty years in China, broken by four trips around the world, Mrs. Leonard is sailing for America to make her home in Ithaca, New York.

Identified with numerous civic and war efforts, Mrs. Leonard has played a major role in the success of the "Moonlight Follies," directing garden distractions and beauty corps.

She was the guiding spirit in the Children's Fresh Air Camp, established in 1935, and founder-president of the Croix de Lorraine, that energetic group organized to send comforts to the Free French forces in all parts of the world. One reason for her intense activity on behalf of the Free French: Mrs. Leonard's father is living in Occupied France.

The place of such a woman in an international community like Shanghai is impossible to fill.

* * *

IN AND OUT

Mr. K. P. Fletcher from Hongkong on a short business trip. Mr. J. Middleton-Smith going south. Object: joining up.

SHOWERS

Widely entertained before her coming marriage to Mr. J. W. Dearn is Miss Betty Rodgers. The wedding is to take place—we understand—in September.

Mrs. T. D. Adams is giving a shower in honour of Miss Rodgers on August 6 and Mrs. J. Wallis Chapman will be hostess at another on August 13.

Mrs. Adams guests will include Miss Rodgers, Mrs. Chapman, Mrs. C. G. Riem, Mrs. J. W. Dearn, Miss Phyllis Dearn, Mrs. E. A. Dearn, Mrs. Rowena Walsh, Mrs. William Roper, Miss Miriam Forbes, Mrs. H. V. Bernard and Mrs. Z. Karanjia.

* * *

PARTY OF THE WEEK

Captain Frank Miners entertained members of the Zero Club at tiffin at Holt's Wharf last Sunday and a good time was had by all—that being the usual newspaper cliche.

Feature: Adventurous voyage in a launch down the turbulent Whangpoo, nearly to the uncharted confines of Woosung.

Rotarians Celebrate Anniversary N.C.D.N.

Women guests took the spotlight at Thursday's Rotary tiffin at the Metropole Hotel, when members celebrated the founding of the local organization. Above, Mr. William Z. L. Sung, president, is entering his guests names with the secretary, Mrs. A. Giavonnini. Mrs. Sung was one of the tiffin speakers.

HOLIDAYS

Off for a stay in Peitaiho are Mrs. S. M. Carlisle and her small daughter. And Mrs. Dorothy Brooking, her young son, and Miss Kitty Sharp are planning a trip to Weihaiwei, principally a sea-breeze holiday.

* * *

IN TRANSIT

Here from Hongkong: Sir Atholl MacGregor, Chief Justice of the Colony.

Departure: Mr. John Goette, I. N. S. correspondent in Peiping, in the Nitta Maru.

* * *

POSTPONED

Booked to sail on furlough in the N. Y. K. liner Nitta Maru, Major and Mrs. K. M. Bourne, with their two sons, are due to leave in the President Coolidge. They are bound for Canada, where the boys will enter school.

* * *

ROUNDABOUT

Mr. G. Godfrey Phillips, Secretary of the Council, is returning from Japan via the Netherlands East Indies, owing the transportation difficulties involving the Island Empire.

* * *

CONGRATULATIONS

To the Shanghai Gas Company, who have reduced their surcharge owing to more scientific and economic operation of their plant. It's like pennies from Heaven in these dark days of rising costs.

* * *

CONSULAR NOTE

En route to Batavia is Mr. Harold Braham, of H.M. Consular Service. Mr. Braham was Consul in charge of the Consulate-General in Marseilles at the outbreak of World War I, after having been attached to the Commercial Secretariat in Berlin.

He was formerly in Shanghai, serving with Sir Louis Beale, now attached to the British Purchasing Commission in New York, has just finished an assignment in Manchoukuo.

* * *

SOUTHWARD-BOUND

Among the week's departures for the south are Mrs. G. E. O. Mayne and Mrs. E. F. Hardman. Eventual destination: Calcutta. Mrs. Mayne plans to spend a month's holiday with her son in Kashmir. He has just finished his cadet course and will have leave before being posted.

* * *

TO AMERICA

Sailing for the United States in the President Coolidge is Mrs. G. J. Brims, accompanied by her son and daughter. She plans to go to New York, where she will visit her sister.

* * *

MARINE DINNER PARTY

One of the jolliest parties at the French Club last Saturday was the dinner given by staff officers of the Fourth U. S. Marines in honour of their popular new commanding officer, Colonel Samuel L. Howard.

Seated at the long table, gay with mid-summer flowers, were the hosts: Lieut.-Colonel D. Curtis, Major G. D. Hamilton, Major R. H. Ridgley, Major C. W. Kail, Major Swen Jensen, Chaplain H. R. Trump, Captain F. P. Pyzick, and Captain R. B. Moore.

Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Gardiner, Mrs. Lindsay B. Moller, Mme. Du Pac de Marsoulis, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Petersen, Miss Juanita Griffin, Miss Joyce Middleton, Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Petersen, Miss Frances Albison, Miss van den Heuvel, Mr. L. R. Schinzal, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Sandor, and Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Rodger.

* * *

MOONLIGHT NIGHTS

Once more the lanterns are a-glow in the Hayim Garden and the popular thing is to take your dinner guests to the XCDN "Moonlight Follies," long postponed but gayer than ever.

Constant changes in the floor show—additions like the appearance of the popular "Radio Rascals"—make it desirable to see the "Follies" several times. Take our word for it!

When Shanghai finally tossed away umbrellas and raincoats last week, the benefit re-opened in all its glory on Friday. Last evening, American night, was booked to the last table.

Here's many, many balmy, moonlit nights for the "Follies." Even the moon in the sky is co-operating.

* * *

INDEPENDENCE

Members of the Swiss colony in Shanghai celebrated the 650th anniversary of Swiss National Day on Friday, with M. Emile Fontanel, Swiss Charge d'Affaires, host at a cocktail party that evening.

The Swiss Club was the scene of a most enjoyable dinner dance following the cocktail party, community singing of Swiss national songs proving one of the highlights.

Gay Garden Distraction World News

One of the most popular attractions at the XCDN "Moonlight Follies" is the darts stall, where a good eye and muscular control count. Mr. H. D. Rodger directs activities in the above picture, with Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Middleton, Mrs. V. E. Duclos and others watching the board.

That Capricious Wheel N.C.D.N.

If you attended the "Moonlight Follies," when it re-opened Friday evening, you probably took a chance on the paddle wheel. Few could resist. Seen above are Mrs. Wirt Leonard and Mr. A. H. George, chatting with Mrs. T. B. Dunn, who presided over wheel destinies.

RECEPTION

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. King, whose marriage took place at Holy Trinity Cathedral on Friday morning, were toasted by friends at a reception given that evening in the lovely garden of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. A. Hutchison.

Mrs. King—the former Miss Margaret Mackenzie of Hankow—greeted the guests in a frock of heavy white crepe, made along Grecian lines, with gold accents.

Mr. King recently was transferred to Shanghai from the Hankow office of his organization.

* * *

ROMANCE

Married in Hongkong on July 29 were Miss Marie Therese Neubauer and Mr. Ian Morrison, son of the late Dr. G. E. Morrison of Peiping. Mrs. Morrison spent a number of months in Shanghai, as the guest of Mrs. John Alexander. Mr. and Mrs. Morrison have left Hongkong for Burma, plan to be absent three or four months.

* * *

IN SCOTLAND

News has just been received in Shanghai of the birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Fraser. Mr. Fraser was a former S.M.C. architect. They are living in Inverness and the baby's name is Graham.

FOURTH ESTATE

Two Fourth Estate weddings of the week are of particular interest to Shanghailanders.

Married at the Union Church yesterday were Mr. A. Tyler Hull, Jr., Pathe newsreel cameraman and lecturer, and Miss Constance Margaret Wilson. Mrs. A. T. Steele was matron-of-honour; Mr. Victor Keen best man. The bride was given away by Mr. J. T. S. Reed.

Mr. and Mrs. Hull are leaving soon on a trip to North China and Japan. Eventual destination, the United States.

Reno, Nevada, was the scene of the marriage of Mr. John Morris, Far Eastern manager of the United Press; and Miss Sandy Tittmann, niece of Judge and Mrs. Milton J. Helmick. We understand that Mr. Morris will be assigned to Manila at the conclusion of his leave in the United States.

* * *

SOIREE

Perfect summer weather is in prospect for the Shanghai Recreation Club soiree, set for August 26. What could be more enjoyable than dancing under the stars on an August evening? The Recs—of course—have a history going back for some fifty years, long have been outstanding in sports.

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Helen of Troy inspired strong men to "do or die" with but a glimpse of her fervent beauty . . . and rhapsodic poets tell us she wove a spell when she opened her seductive lips. Beautiful among the beautiful . . . divinely exciting among women . . . a magnet of loveliness! The secret treasure of her beauty was found in the bewitching fascination of her lips.

The creators of Michel Lipstick know full well the importance of enchanting lips. Michel's incomparable magic will enchance the beauty of your lips, capture for them youth everlasting. Among Michel's tempting shades there's one just for your lips: Blonde, Cherry, Brunette, Vivid, Scarlet, Raspberry and Cyclamen. Insist on the genuine Michel. Three sizes: DeLuxe, Large, Popular

For a perfectly matched make-up, choose a Michel Rouge that harmonizes with your Michel Lipstick. Make your eyes more starry with Michel waterproof Eye Cosmetique and give your skin a petal freshness by using Michel Face Powder.

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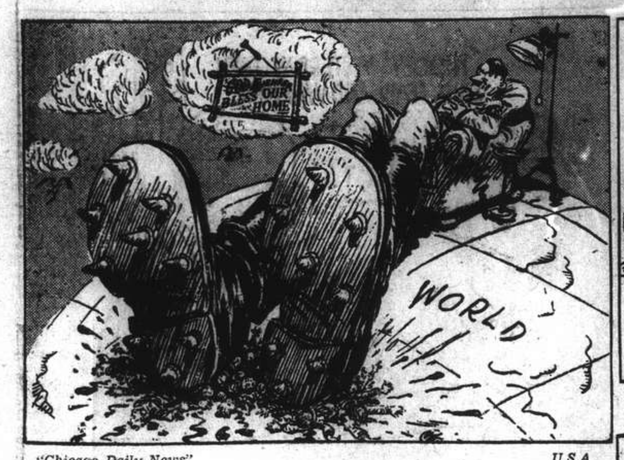
CARTOONS OF THE DAY



"Chicago Daily News" U.S.A.
"Hitler's living room"

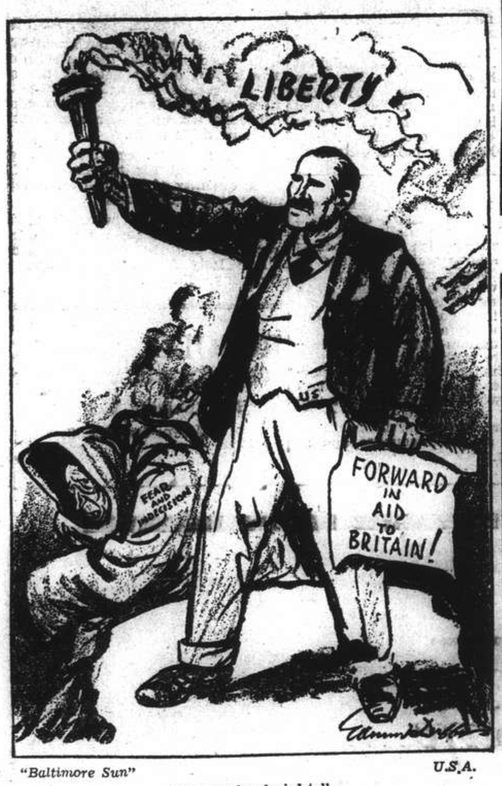
"Pittsburgh Post-Gazette" U.S.A.
AIR RAIDS.

"Glasgow Record" Britain
"Thirsty traveller"

"Evening Standard" London
Dr. Joseph Goebbels moulds German thought toward the United States.

"Providence Journal" U.S.A.
"Some bundles for Germany"

"Glasgow Record" Britain
"But Tony has his doubts"



"Baltimore Sun" U.S.A.
"From the heights"

"Providence Journal" U.S.A.
"Perfect Accord"

"Baltimore Sun" U.S.A.
"The whites of his eyes"

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

Wedding of Mr. P. Shaw and Miss A. Pevneva

The wedding took place yesterday morning at H. M. Consulate-General of Mr. Percy Shaw, son of the late Mr. John Shaw and Mrs. Lydia Shaw, of Wallasey, and Miss Alexandra Pevneva, daughter of the late Mr. Serge Pevneva and Mrs. Anna Pevneva, of Sevastopol. Mrs. D. Ferguson attended the bride as matron-of-honour, and the witness was Mr. George Johnston. After the ceremony a reception was held at 11 Kinnear Road, the residence of Mrs. D. Ferguson.

Chinese Issue Statement on New Car Licence Plan

The uncertainty which has prevailed for some time among owners of cars resident in the Western area regarding the necessity of taking an extra licence with the Western Area Special Police will be interested to read of a proposal by Mayor Chen Kung-po of a joint car licensing system between the Settlement police, the French police and the authorities of the Western district. The following statement was issued by the Chinese authorities here yesterday regarding the scheme for one licence plate for the three administrative districts:

"The financial problems of Western Area have been under discussion for the past several weeks and many difficulties have been overcome. One of the items blocking the way of progress in the discussion is the auto licence issue.

"Joint auto licence system means that the owner of an automobile pays a licence fee to one administration of a district to enjoy the privilege of driving his car in the other two districts—that is, if an auto licence fee is paid to the S.M.C. it will be permitted in the districts of the F.M.C. as well as of the S.S.M.G. and vice-versa.

"Mayor Chen Kung-po has in his mind to improve good feeling among different nationals in Shanghai and to avoid conflict in cases of auto licences. With the spirit of co-operation between the authorities concerned, he has been discussing this matter with the earnest desire at obtaining approval of the above scheme.

"We may hope that this joint auto licence system will be enforced and so auto owners will enjoy more driving and less expenses."

Death of a Prominent Swiss Industrialist

With the passing of Mr. Sidney Brown, on the day the Swiss Confederation was preparing to celebrate the 650th anniversary of its foundation (Friday) and in the 50th year of existence of the firm which, together with his brother Mr. Charles Brown and Mr. W. Boveri, he had founded in Baden, Switzerland, that country loses one of the outstanding figures of its industrial development.

Though of British origin, the Brown family faithfully served their adopted country and, with the Sulzers, to whom they are related by marriage, have largely been instrumental in building up the highly developed heavy machine industry for which Switzerland is now famous.

After a long technical and administrative career full of notable achievements and a life devoted to the progress and welfare of all who had the great privilege to work under him, Sidney Brown had for the last few years gone into partial retirement, though he was ever ready to give the help of his keen judgment when difficult problems confronted the management.

The unexpected collapse of France must have been a cruel blow to him who loved the French people and their capital and never failed to spend a few weeks each year in Paris.

The death of this great and kind man will be deeply deplored by all who met him and had occasion to enjoy the never-failing hospitality which awaited visitors to his beautiful home in Baden.

Unlicensed Boarding Houses; 30 Fined

Thirty Russians and refugees from Central Europe were each fined $10 in the First Special District Court yesterday for operating boarding houses without obtaining S.M.C. permits beforehand. Most of their houses are located in the Wayside district. Some of them contended that they did not know that regulations governing the granting of such permits existed. They were told by the judge to obtain permits as soon as possible. They were charged only after the police had repeatedly warned them.

Japanese Ask Permission To Discharge Cargo

San Jose, Costa Rica, Aug. 2.

Owners of the Japanese vessel, Heiyo Maru, yesterday cabled the Minister of the Interior requesting permission to discharge the ship's cargo, which was destined for Panama, at the Costa Rican Pacific port of Puntarenas.—United Press.

Sequel to Bombing Outrage

A number of hand-grenades and several small bombs were unearthed by officers of the Western Area Special Police yesterday in the home on Jessfield Road of one of the two suspects who were injured in the bombing outrage at Jessfield Park on Friday before the holding of a lantern procession to celebrate Axis recognition of Nanking. The principal in the bombing incident, a youthful terrorist, met instant death when a hand-grenade he had concealed in his person, exploded through careless handling.

The investigations which followed swiftly on the heels of the outrage it was learned yesterday, led the police of the Western area to conclude that a man who was injured and who was suspected of being an associate of the deceased, was undoubtedly concerned in the affair.

The enquiries conducted under the personal supervision of Mr. C. C. Pan, Commissioner of the Western Area Special Police indicated that terrorists had planned ahead to cause serious disorder during the festivities, but their plans were frustrated through the accident.

A second suspect, who was injured was a Chinese girl, who sustained severe head injuries after being hit by fragments of the grenade.

Mayor Chen's Measures To Protect Public

Nothing lost in the street will be picked up by any one without reporting it to the authorities and there will be no need of closing front doors while occupants of houses are sleeping; these are the aims of Mayor Chen Kung-po of the Greater Shanghai Special Municipal Government who has just organized the Shanghai Special Municipal Peace Preservation Headquarters.

Mayor Chen revealed the aims of the new organization while making a speech at the inaugural ceremony which was held on Friday in the auditorium of his Civic Centre office at Kiangwan. He said that people in Shanghai, specially those living in the outskirts of the city, were suffering tremendously from lack of adequate protection. To safeguard them peace and order must be preserved.

The Mayor disclosed that he would first organize a peace preservation corps. In doing so he would open an officers' training class. Soldiers of the corps would also be trained in a special class and all military units in the Native City will be brought under the control of the commander of the corps, a post which he now holds concurrently.

Big Japanese Troop Movements Reported

London, Aug. 2.

There are indications of a considerable movement of Japanese troops from Japan to Manchoukuo, according to well-informed circles in London. It is understood that part of this movement is taking place through Korea while other troops are being conveyed across the Sea of Japan.

It is understood that the movements have been proceeding during the past week but while no figures are available in London it seems clear that the Japanese garrison in Manchoukuo is being considerably increased.—Reuter.

Bangkok Not Surprised By Credit to Japan

Bangkok, Aug. 2.

The announcement of the Japanese Finance Ministry regarding a credit of 10,000,000 baht to the Yokohama Specie Bank from a Thai banking syndicate came as no surprise to bankers here, as there were persistent rumours of intense behind-the-scene activities in the past two days.

One of the direct results of the British and American freezing order has been a sharp drop in the rubber market.—Reuter.

China Gets Medical Supplies From Rangoon

Chungking, Aug. 2.

A Seventh Day Adventist Mission caravan of nine trucks has arrived here from Rangoon over the Burma Road. Members of the party said the road is in good condition despite rains. They brought medical supplies for missions in "free China."

They were delayed at Lashio by heavy rain but Mr. Z. H. Coberly, leader, said that otherwise the whole trip from Rangoon could be made in three weeks. Two days before they arrived the Seventh Day Adventist Mission Sanatorium here was destroyed by air bombs.—Reuter.

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FASCO	*(Blue label) Universal favourite in 24 shades*	$2.50 per yd.
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North China Mails Move Regularly

The fact that many residents in Shanghai have of late been receiving their mail from Chefoo and Weihaiwei infrequently has led to the circulation of rumours that there may be a postal ban effected by authorities in northern treaty ports. Rumour also has it that Shanghai mails destined for the northern districts might also have been stopped. The rumours are unfounded, although there might have been individual cases of censorship or delays caused by irregular shipping schedules.

A high official of the Shanghai Post Office said yesterday that there has been no postal ban at any place in this country although in the past postal services had to be suspended at many places in view of hostilities. Even mails destined for Chungking-controlled interior have been received and sent out by the Post Office here, it was explained.

Looking into the file, he found out that the latest mail from Weihaiwei and Chefoo dated, July 27, arrived in Shanghai on July 29. He stated, however, that there might have been individual cases of censorship and that the censored mails might be "released" several days later. There have been cases of total censorship but there has been no postal ban. There have been no restrictions on out-going mail, he concluded.

Restrictions on Passengers

An official of the Daiten Kisen Kaisha, when approached yesterday with reference to difficulties encountered by foreigners returning here from Manchoukuo and north China, stated that they had nothing to say on the matter. The report had it that foreigners, on holiday in Manchoukuo, are unable to return in the D.K.K. steamers unless already in possession of a return ticket.

Subsequent to the report which appeared in yesterday's issue of the "North-China Daily News," which stated that foreigners in Chefoo were unable to return to Shanghai for the time being, it is learned that steamship companies are investigating conditions which, in part, concerned cholera precautions, but information on the subject generally is vague and, it is hoped that the Japanese authorities soon will make a statement.

Six Nantao Gambling Dens Cease Business

Indicating that the authorities of the Chinese city regime in Shanghai are trying to force gambling houses in Nantao to close business by levying a very heavy tax, the six biggest Nantao establishments closed their doors yesterday because of their inability to raise the tax money, it was learned from reliable Chinese sources. Some of them may reopen later if they are able to pay.

On Friday, it had been reported in the "Chinese-American Daily News" that an order had been issued by the Chinese City Government requiring each of the six biggest gambling houses, including the Lu Pao and Tung Ching "Tea Houses," to pay a tax amounting to $3,000 daily. The order was to have become effective on Friday. Managers of the establishment decided to close business because they were unable to pay the tax seeing that they had already promised to pay other taxes, including the "business tax," it was said.

Sequel to Death of Two People in Fire; Arson Alleged

A private criminal case in which two defendants were alleged to have set a house on fire thus causing two persons, relatives of the complainant, to be burned to death, because they were angry with the complainant, who had asked them to move out from his house, was heard in the First Special District Court yesterday. The serious charge arose from a house-renting dispute, the landlady, Mrs. Feng I-yu insisting that her house at 36 Sung Ching Li, in Tsepoo Road was burned as a result of an arson on May 31 of this year.

It was recalled in court that as a result of the fire, Mrs. Feng's 65-year old mother and her nephew aged 10 were burned to death. Six other persons, several of them relatives of the woman complainant were seriously burned or injured. She alleged in a petition to the court that the house was set on fire by Hsieh Ting-hsien and an accomplice Pang Ching-mou, both tenants in her house. While Pang is still at large Hsieh appeared in court yesterday and was released on cash bail pending further investigations. The woman complainant, besides framing the private criminal charge, also asked for $20,000 in a civil claim.

Burma Stops Dealings With Japanese

Bombay, Aug. 1.

The Government of Burma issued an order today prohibiting all transactions with Japanese firms—Domei.

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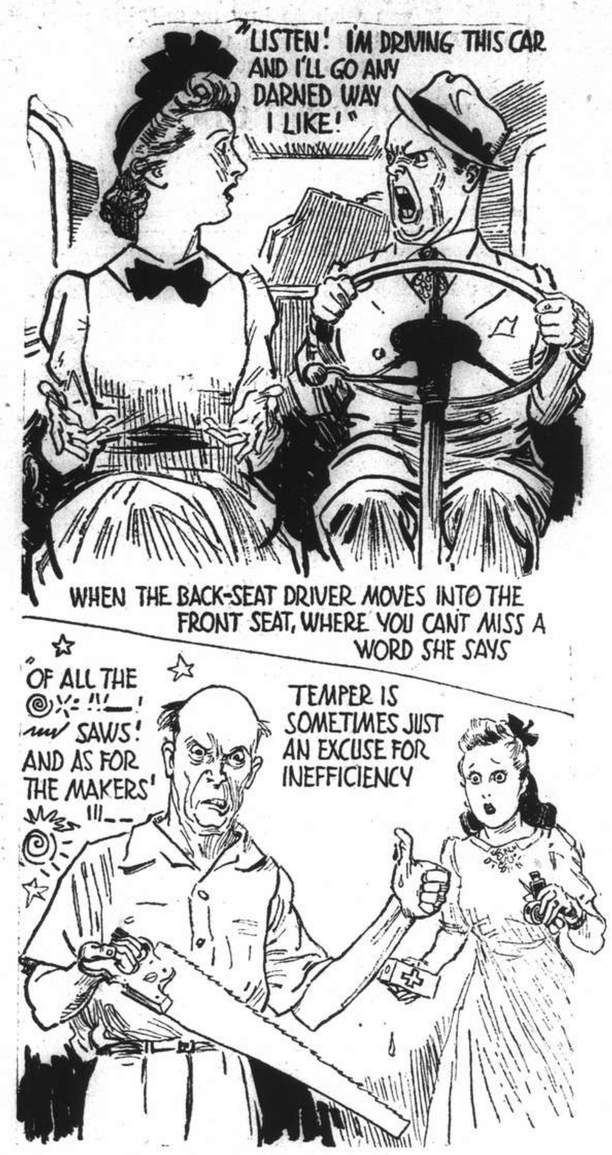
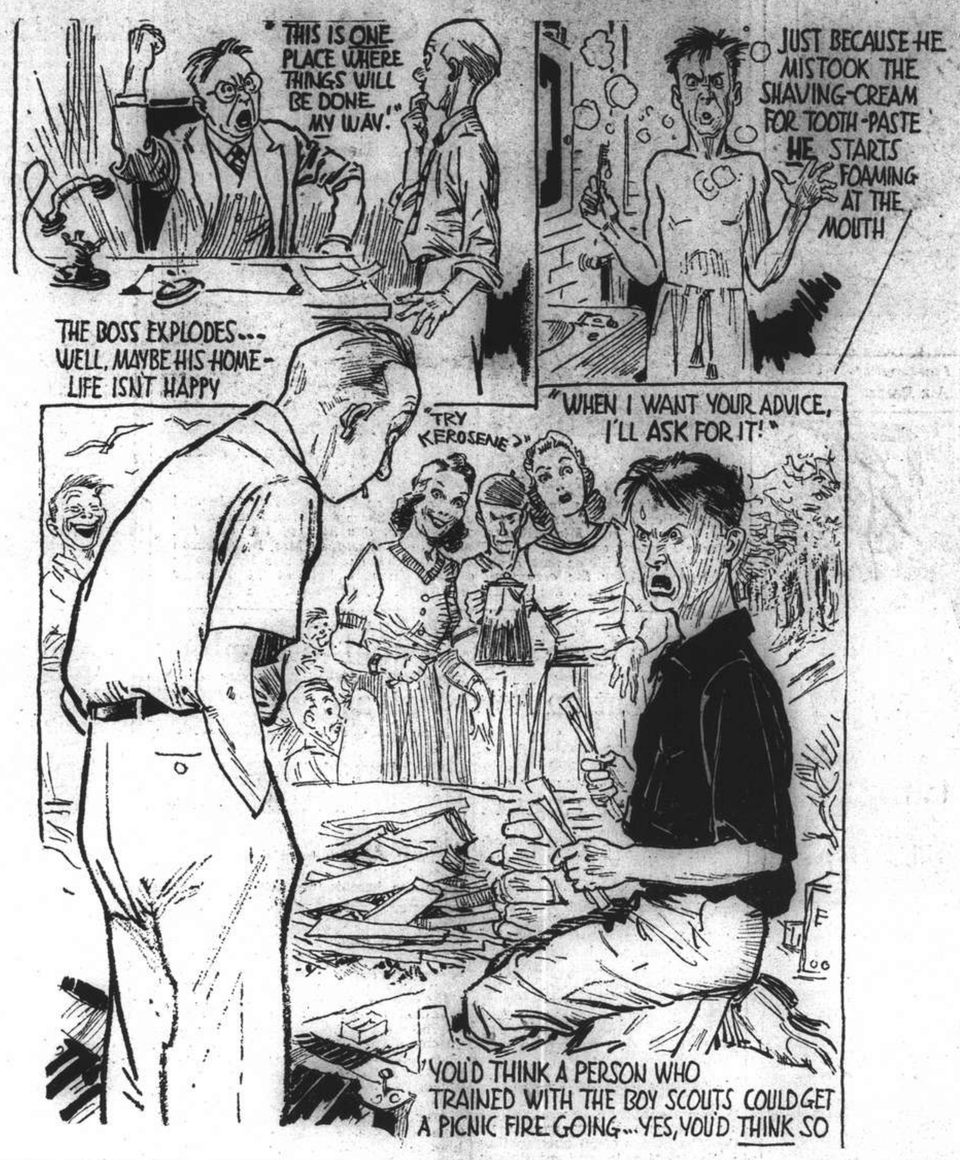
By J. NORMAN LYND





FAST SERVICE BETWEEN NORTH AND SOUTH CHINA PORTS TRAVEL "JARDINES"

Lend-Lease Bill Best Token Of the New Order To Come

(Text of broadcast given over the B.B.C. by Miss Dorothy Thompson, world famous American journalist, who is at present on a visit to England).

"Two or three times since the beginning of the year I've had the privilege of speaking to you from the other side of the water and now I am here on English soil for the first time since the war began. I want to thank you for the kind letters and messages you sent to me after those broadcasts. It's bewildering for anyone who has watched from afar your superb conduct in this war to be thanked for anything she may have said or written, for you cannot know the immense gratitude that we Americans feel for you, the people of Britain. To pay in words and not deeds is a very poor return indeed.

"We in America know what you've done for us, we know that between us and the greatest military might in human history stands this brave, lovely and strong island. We know that if it were not there we should immediately be gravely menaced; we know that it is your shattered houses, your gutted churches, your soldiers and your stubborn resistance that have given us time; time, that most precious commodity, time to set our own house in order, to raise an army, to reorganize our industries, to measure and apportion our resources and to lay our strategical plans.

Gratitude of American

"Yes, you've given us that priceless commodity Time, and for that I bring you the gratitude of the overwhelming majority of all Americans. And I bring you my personal gratitude for something else, that something else which keeps us all going....the confidence that God has some purpose in creating the human race. You have restored to many of us a deep faith in human nature and in humankind.

"We've all had moments during these last so wasted twenty years when we began to think that Democracy was an illusion and freedom a childish dream. When we start taking freedom blandly as a right without any sense of reciprocal duties; when we let democracy degenerate into a wild scramble for personal priveleges or group privileges; when we let tyranny stalk abroad whilst people shrug their shoulders and avert their eyes; when we seek pleasure as a substitute for joy, and when in indifference we close our eyes to human suffering and injustice and thought that no one was really responsible for anyone except himself, most of us thought that all this world was going to crack up into chaos because there was not a single people who would really take up the lance and risk their lives and fortune against what they know is evil and wrong, and we'd all go down in disgrace before the tanks and planes and guns of the gangsters, and kindness and personal courage and nobility and civilization will only live again on this earth perhaps after hundreds of years.

Confidence Restored

"It was your resistance, the wonderful rallying of the British spirit that occurred after Dunkirk that settled that question in our minds forever; if you had given up in that awful moment we would have given up too; everybody would have given up. We would all have tried to worm our way out or cringe our way in. This would have been a world populated by people who despised themselves. We would have tried to come to come with ourselves by apologising for ourselves, we would almost begin to think that white was black and the black was white, to condone what we think inevitable and to hate what we love. And when people begin to do that they find themselves in a peculiar kind of hell with their own consciences or else they cease to be any sort of free men or great people; they cease to be complete human beings.

"When we on the other side read of the hell you went through during the past year, of how your men and women forgot themselves in rescuing others, how they endured the loss of their homes and all their possessions with stoic fortitude, how they answered every ghastly blast with a defiant 'No' to Hitler; then we over there asked ourselves whether we could stand up to it like that, and do you know we got the idea that perhaps we could, at any rate we would have to try to for at long last there was an example for us.

Fear Abated

"You people in Britain have released more minds from fear than you can possibly imagine: that was the great **act of liberation** you performed in this war. And in doing that you've defeated Hitler on the first ground, for you've already defeated Nazism, you've already defeated the Nazi revolution, or what they call revolution.

No matter what we all have to go through yet Hitler can never more make any more Nazis. Before that awful blast on England, before the world realized to what wanton acts of brutality the Nazis could stoop, there were some quite nice people who thought maybe Nazism had something: only the bought and the craven can be trained into Nazis now.

"Even your opponents in the United States, and you have a very few, even they don't dare say they're Nazis; even German Agents have to worm their way in on the ground they're not Nazi; if we're not careful, even Hitler may be recommending himself on the ground that after all he wasn't really a Nazi.

What Britain Means

"You have given a great new meaning to the word 'Britain' ....it means for everybody 'fortitude,' 'heroism,' 'cheerfulness,' 'humour,' 'toughness' 'generosity' and 'sacrifice.' It's a very great thing, the greatest thing that any people can do, to restore confidence and meaning to great words that people have lived by and that had become so tarnished and desecrated that we were afraid to use them any more, we could hardly speak them without cynicism.

"Well, you woke us up also: I'm sure that we seem slow in the United States, we move much too slowly to suit me, but when you look at the record of the past year I'm sure it is pretty impressive. A year ago we had not only the Neutrality Act, but the Cash and Carry plan which meant that not a scrap of goods would be sold to you or any other belligerent power except for cash on the line. Hitler was trading on that—he counted on the love of money being one of his first allies.

"We didn't have any army to speak of, just what would correspond to your territorials, and our industries were wholly engaged in the manufacture of automobiles and refrigerators and radios and other goods for pleasant peace time consumption. The majority of Congress, a year ago, was still living in the illusion that the war was far away and could never possibly touch us.

Lend-Lease Bill

"Well, today in place of cash-and-carry we have the Lend-Lease Bill, and I hope that you think as I do that it is one of the most imaginative acts ever passed. Hitler keeps talking about his 'New Order,' by which of course he means 'New Orders,' but that Lend-Lease Act is the first real contribution to a new International order and a new International spirit that has been made during this war. I think its the first time in History that two completely sovereign Nations have agreed to share what they have without any money considerations at all.

"We've said to you: 'Carry on' hold the line whilst we prepare, and we will send you everything that we can spare that you need, and don't mention it, old fellow. Now that's the way good neighbours act when one of them is in trouble—its the human way to act, and the way ordinary people act all the time when they are friends with each other, but Governments usually don't.

"I came through Bermuda the other day and saw another sign of our New Order, yours and mine: there, flying beside the Union Jack was the Stars and Stripes—flying over air and naval bases that you have rented us on British soil. Do you know how revolutionary that is? Two flags flying side by side, for ever I hope, on the sovereign territory of one of them with no fuss and bother at all. That's something you've done for us, and it can only mean that your country and mine are never going to go to war with one another in history, never.

U.S. Now Prepared

"During the last year we've introduced conscription into America, and over a million men are in training; barracks, whole cities of soldiers have grown up all through the United States. I've been to a number of these camps and I wish you could see them: the men are big husky healhty chaps, for military training is taking the softness out of our boys, some of whom had almost forgotten how to use their legs. But they are really a fine lot, and, incidentally, a great number of our boys are over here already, flying with your air force.

"It took us a long time to get our industries keyed up, but the worst of that is over, and now planes and ships and guns are coming off the line in a manner to warm your hearts and mine. Our ship production is well ahead of schedule, and its a comfort for me to remember that what the Germans know about mass-production they learnt from us in the first place.

"Now all this is a great deal to have happened in a year, but we have a President who usually gets his way and who is just as bent on licking Hitler as Churchill is. So if we think how things looked a year ago and how they look now, we have every reason for confidence: we know that the common people all over the world, and on all continents are on our side, and in the long run that's the greatest asset we can possess. Our two great nations are bound together by a person-to-person affection such as never existed before in our history, and let you and I resolve that nothing will ever again pull us apart, and when the war is won we shall make that New Order for which human beings everywhere have waited so long in vain, not a world of new commands but of new vision, not the bleak world of dog eats dog but of co-operation—the co-operation of our resources which are so great, not a world of masters and slaves, but a world where each performs the task to which he is best fitted—all necessary to each, and each necessary to all—a world which we are beginning to see emerge in the midst of this war—the world that will be worthy of so much courage and so much faith.

Huge U.S. Expenditure On Armaments

Washington, Aug. 2.

Cash expenditure on the United States armaments programme in July amounted to almost exactly $1,000,000,000—the largest sum since the Great War. The previous highest was $903,700,000 in May. The July total included nearly $33,000,000 spent under the Lease and Lend Act. Officials believe that in a year's time the defence programme may cost $2,000,000,000 a month.—Reuter.

Oil Magnate Dies in America

Houston, Texas, Aug. 2.

The death here yesterday of William Rhodes Davis, the internationally known oil magnate, at the age of 52, recalls his activities at the time of the Mexican Government's expropriation of British and American-owned oil fields.

He was then reported to be negotiating a deal for the export of a large quantity of Mexican oil to Germany on a barter basis.

Shortly after the outbreak of the war Davis denied reports that he had arranged for the sale of Mexican oil to Italy for trans-shipment to Germany.—Reuter.

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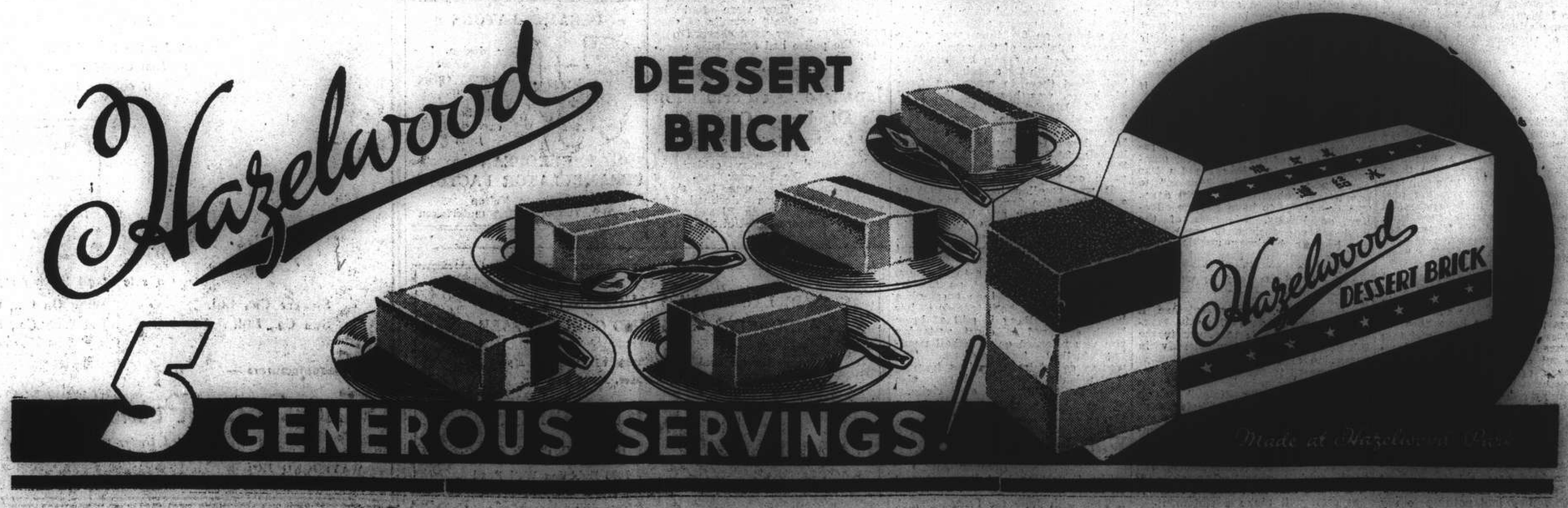

5 GENEROUS SERVINGS!

FROM DAY TO DAY

KING Haakon of Norway, who was born in 1872, celebrates his birthday today.

GROSS total for British War Saving Campaign at the end of April was £734,998,773.

MRS. J. R. Liley, matron of the Cathedral School, with John and Tony are leaving for Australia.

MRS. Henry H. Cohen arrived back in Shanghai by the Dutch Mail Line after six months absence from Shanghai.

AT 9.30 p.m. tomorrow from station XCDN, Yvonne McNeill will give a pianoforte recital of 16th and 17th Century music.

IN all, New Zealand has now bought —through "Fighter 'Plane Funds"— 26 aircraft for Britain. Recently a further £4,660 arrived.

THE service in Union Church at 10.45 a.m. today will be conducted by Rev. C. W. Allan and will be followed by the Communion of the Lord's Supper

THE speaker in the series "Christian Issues in Wartime," over XCDN today will be the Rev. W. H. Hudspeth, whose topic will be "The Rescue of Christendom."

ENTHUSIASM for the Land Army was the prevailing spirit when women of the 1919 class registered yesterday for war work. Large percentage asked for land labour.

RECENT arrivals in England from Nazi-occupied Belgium are hundreds of Belgian secondary schoolboys, who have escaped across five frontiers to join the Belgian Army in Britain.

OF the £5,445,978 subscribed so far to the Duke of Gloucester's Red Cross Fund, one and a half million pounds has been spent on food and comforts for our prisoners of war.

THE programme, "Voices of Democracy," sponsored by the Allied Federation is on the air at 7.30 p.m. today, over station XCDN, when speakers representing Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia and Greece will broadcast.

"KALAHARI" is the name asked for one of the two fighter 'planes donated to Britain by the people of the Bechuanaland Protectorate. Cheque for £10,000 towards the purchase of the couple of fighters reached London recently.

IN the First Special District Court on August 1, Pan Yung Wo, the licensee of the Wei Lee Hoh Kee Dairy Co., was fined $30 for submitting three samples, which upon bacteriological examination, were found to be below standard.

THE Kwangsi Provincial Government has petitioned the Ministry of Education for grants-in-aid for the establishment of several middle schools in the province for students coming from the war-affected areas, a Kweilin message to the "Shun Pao" states.

THE headquarters of the Shanghai Peace Preservation Corps has been formally established at the Civic Centre. The necessity for peace maintenance and co-operation among corps member was stressed by Mayor Chen Kung-po commander of the Corps in his inaugural address.

TODAY over Station XMHA at 9.30 p.m. Mr. K. A. Persen will broadcast the first part of a speech entitled "Free Norway's Aims and Hopes," which was delivered by Hon. Wilhelm Munthe Morgenstierne, Minister of Norway to the United States, before the Legislature of the State of Minnesota, at St. Paul, Minnesota, on April 10, 1941.

ALL gambling dens in Nantao have been ordered to close according to reliable Chinese sources. A number of establishments in the Western Area shifted to Nantao after being forced to close following the campaign against gambling houses in Shanghai's once famed "badlands" led by Commissioner C. C. Pan, Commissioner of the Western Area Special Police.

THE Federated Chamber of Commerce in Chekiang has forwarded to the Chinese Government authorities a petition appealing for the abolition of all kinds of taxes for the revival of prosperity, says a report to the "Shun Pao." The petition specifically requested government relief to merchants who have been completely ruined through material losses as a result of the hostilities, the report concludes.

MR. Hirokazu Tada, of the China Motion Picture Company, was awarded the Akutagawa Prize by the Bungei Shinju Sha for his novel entitled "The Yangtze Delta," which was published in the March number of the "Tairiku Orai," the "Shanghai Mainichi" reports. The Akutagawa Prize is awarded annually in memory of the late Mr. Ryunosuke Akutagawa, one of the best known modern Japanese novelists, by the Bungei Shinju Sha.

THE crops are plentiful this year in the provinces of Szechuan, Hunan, Hupeh and Anhwei said the Minister of Agriculture and Forestry in Chungking yesterday, according to the "Cheng Yien Pao." About 80 per cent. of these crops will be harvested this year. In Suiyuan province, however, the crops have been affected by the prolonged drought and less crops than at first expected will be harvested during this summer, the announcement of the Ministry declared, the report says.

THE programme for the Municipal Brass Band Concert to be given in the Jessfield Park today at 5.30 p.m. (weather permitting) is as follows:

Selection "Musical Jokes" ..... [illegible]
Oriental Scena "In the Sudan" ..Sebek
Valse "Ideala" .....Bucalossi
Entracte-Polka "Babillage" ..... [illegible]
Euphonium Solo "La Sonnambula" [illegible]
Suite "Dance Revels" .....Phillips
Intermezzo "Red Wing" .....Mannecke
Morceau "Piccolo, Piccolo, Tsin, Tsin, Tsin" .....Strauss
Caprice "Fairies' Greeting" ..... Heed
Selection "The Gypsy Baron" ..Strauss
Band-Master: Wilfrid W. Sayer.

NANKING, Shanghai, Hankow and Canton on August 1 celebrated the Axis recognition of the Nanking Government at Nanking. At Hankow diplomatic members of eight Axis Powers, as well as Japan and Manchoukuo, were invited to attend ceremonies which were presided over by Mayor Chang, while in Canton a similar gathering was likewise attended by Axis representatives and Japanese military, diplomatic and civilian leaders. Meanwhile, the city of Nanking, bedecked throughout with flags of the National Government, Axis Powers and Japan, held a huge recognition celebration meeting which was attended by 3,000 people.

"N.C.D.N." Photo.

650 Years of the Swiss Confederation

Gathered beneath a realistic replica of a Swiss chalet, a special Swiss choir rendered several musical pieces at the dinner dance organized by the Swiss Club and held at the home of Mr. E. Fontanel on Friday. The picture shows the choir in its colorful setting; the anniversary date "1291" and "1941" can be clearly seen marked on the gables. Festivities carried on well into the night and marked one of the most elaborate Swiss celebrations held here in recent years.

Secrets of American Flying Fortresses Revealed in London

BY WING COMMANDER L. V. FRAZER

Special to the "N.C.D.N."

London, Aug. 1.

A LONG while ago Goebbels said this war would be fought with "fantasy." That has come true in a sense which he could hardly have expected. In a great daylight attack by the bomber command on July 24 against the battleships Scharnhorst and Gneisenau, new and fantastic elements were introduced into aerial warfare. Brest, when the attack opened, was quiet, the sky was clear, sea calm and blue. The crew of the Gneisenau might well have been taking it "easy" after lunch.

Suddenly from the clear sky with no sign of aircraft overhead, they heard the rising scream of huge bombs falling in a geometrically exact curve. They could not have known, but those bombs came from American-built Fortresses on their first raid on Hitler's skulking fleet. They are the spearhead of the most powerful daylight attack the bomber command has yet launched against the enemy.

The exploit of the fortresses flying much over the height of Mount Everest in thin air and chilling cold must capture the imagination of all who read it. Almost every detail of their flight in a region which no man has ever previously entered in battle is strange and unexpected. The crews were in Arctic cold with midsummer directly below.

Frost and rime had crystallized on the window of the bombers so thickly that the front perspex had to be kept open to enable the pilot to see ahead. The crew sweated in summer heat when they took off but the sweat was frozen before they reached the top of their climb.

Seeing Earth's Actual Curve

Men at times could see the earth's actual curve, the sea and sky below them were of an unnatural intense blue while over there was almost twilight sky.

Through the telescopic bombsight the bomb-aimer saw the Gneisenau clearly below its camouflage netting. With the American bombsight extreme accuracy can be obtained even from such prodigious heights. On trials from an equal height it has been proved that bombing errors are minute. Bombs dropped from such height are all the deadlier against an armoured target. Their acceleration may be judged from the following examples.

Meticulous Exact-Statistics

When average bombs have fallen 5,000 feet it will have been in the air 17½ secs. When it has fallen 15,000 feet it will have been in the air 31½ secs., but when it has fallen 50,000 feet it will only have been travelling about 40 sec.

It will then be travelling at 600 and 700 m.p.h., approximately the speed of sound. Its penetrating power will be increased proportionately until it becomes almost as deadly as a shell from the largest naval gun.

Overcharging of Fortress engines is one of the most remarkable achievements of modern engineering. The fortresses turbo-superchargers are driven by exhausted gases at so high a temperature that very few metals can stand up to them.

Great Skill in Manufacture

Great skill has been used both in handling and manufacture of such mechanism as bomb releases and guns, for in this intense cold there is great risk of oil congealing and machinery becoming unworkable.

The Fortress has so complex a panel of instruments and so many controls that no brain can manage them in flight. The captain and second pilot must work together.

When the time comes for bombing, the observer bomb-aimer takes control of the aircraft as he starts to operate the bombsights. The whole crew must have as much training and skill as the crew of a submarine and must learn to work under as unnatural conditions.

Their lot is much like that of men who go under the sea. Like deep-sea divers when they rise too quickly to the surface, crews above 30,000 feet run the risk that bubbles of nitrogen in the body may expand too quickly and cause serious even fatal harm.

Chosen for Physical Fitness

Men are chosen for their physical fitness and then put through a long course in a pressure chamber so that they may gradually be accustomed to the work they will have to do.

Flying at a great speed which is possible in substratosphere of high-altitude bombers, may soon become the most valuable ally of the great striking force which the R.A.F. is mustering to despatch to the heart of Germany.

Mr. Churchill has asked President Roosevelt to give him tools with which Britain can finish the job. Ask the crews of the Fortress what they themselves think of this particular tool. They will tell you as they told me, there has never been anything like it.

"Japan Times" Hits Welles' Statement

Tokyo, Aug 2.

A smooth explanation too often covers the roughness of truth, the "Japan Time and Advertiser" editorially declared when commenting on Mr. Sumner Welles' July 25 statement saying that Japan had not and was not being denied the purchase of tin, rubber and oil in the Pacific regions.

Pointing out that on paper it looked as if all countries had equal opportunity to buy raw materials from Malaya, the "Times" declared, "The purchase was by licence. All could ask but few got goods—except a favoured few—as far as Japan was concerned she always had been flatly refused and a de facto embargo was enforced."

The United States on the other hand had created a "reserve company" in Malaya which monopolized all rubber, tin and other raw materials with the full support of the local Government authorities, the "Times" said, adding, "In other words Japan could go and buy all she wanted but she would just find all stock already disposed of by previous agreement to another customer."

"Artificially Excluded"

Claiming that much the same situation was being worked out in South America by the British and American Governments the "Times" asserted, "The widespread effort to close all markets to Japan by buying up surpluses so the market can explain that it is sold out, will not convince many people that politics and economics in this case are not one."

The "Times" concluded, "If Japan is artifically excluded from sources of supply, it will be supported in its determination to build up a co-prosperity sphere where supplies can be assured and where markets for distribution to Japanese manufacturers likewise are certain. The shutting out of Japan merely hastens the course of self-sufficiency in the Pacific."—Domei.

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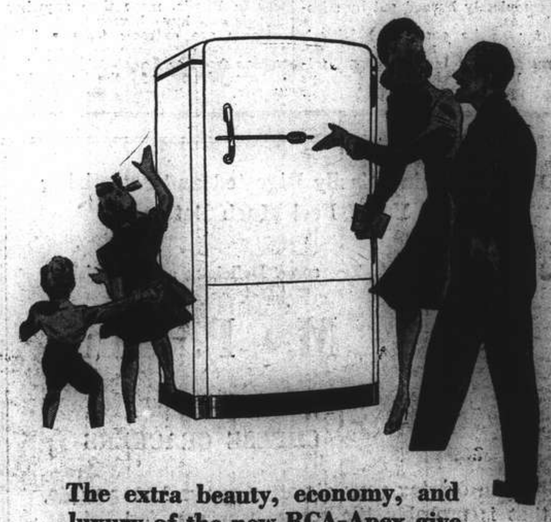

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SHIPPING NEWS

The latest vessel to arrive in Shanghai from Tsingtao and Dairen will be the D.K.K. liner **Dairen Maru** which is due here at 4 p.m. today. Upon arrival, the steamber will berth alongside the Company's Whangpoo Wharf.

* * *

After her arrival here on Friday from Dairen and Tsingtao, the D.K.K. liner **Hoten Maru** is scheduled to sail again on her return voyage to northern ports this morning at 9 o'clock, from the Company's Whangpoo Wharf. Passengers are required to be on board at least half an hour before sailing time.

* * *

The foundation stone for the first modern shipbuilding yard in India was laid recently by Rajendra Prased, acting President of the Indian National Congress. The yard which is constructed by the India Steam Navigation Co., when fully developed, is expected to turn out sixteen ships annually, and the first ships will be launched by the end of 1942.

* * *

Sailing on her return trip to Hongkong and Bangkok, the fast Thailand freighter, **Thepatri Nawa** of the Thai Maritime Navigation Company is scheduled to leave the Mackenzie Company's Pootung Wharf some time this morning. Local agents for the vessel are Thai Seri & Co., Ltd., and the Tung Yih Shipping Co. On her voyage south, the freighter will be carrying 2,000 tons of cargo from Shanghai.

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

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The undermentioned vessels are due to leave Shanghai on the dates indicated.

For Karachi		**For Kobe and Yokohama**	
Okitu M	7/8	Taiyo M	6/8
Genoa M	24/8	Kobe M	8/8
For Manila		**For Nagasaki**	
Kamakura M	5/8	Nagasaki M	4/8
Yawata M	19/8	Shanghai M	6/8
For Hongkong		Kobe M	8/8
Okitu M	7/8	**For Dairen**	
Genoa M	24/8	Hoten M	3/8
		Dairen M	5/8

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
S. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-2 B.

Vessels Arriving To-day

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive today are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Nagasaki Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Wayside Wharf.

From DAIREN: Dairen Maru, with mail, due 4 p.m., Whangpoo Wharf.

Due at Future Dates

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai. Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From Los Angeles		From Yokohama	
K'kura M	30/6 4/8	Okitu M	— 6/8
Yawata M	7/7 18/8	Genoa M	— 23/8
Asama M	28/7 1/9	**From Kobe**	
From Honolulu		K'kura M	2/8 4/8
Yawata M	16/7 18/8	Kobe M	5/8 7/8
From Yokohama		**From Nagasaki**	
K'kura M	19/7 4/8	Kobe M	5/8 7/8

CHINA PORTS

From Dairen		
T'tao M	3/8	5/8

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Fooshing	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Chung Hua
Meiyo	Hsinkong	S.V.O.C
Meinan	Hongkong	S.V.O.C.
Taiyo M.	Japan	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Don Jose	Am.	Wallem
Shanghai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Heian M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Pan Gulf.	Am.	Wallem
Yunghsing	Chi.	T.K.K.
Hohsing	Chi.	Shawhsing
Basilan	Am.	Mollers
Myogi M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Hinoki M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Needwood	Pana.	Y.K.K.

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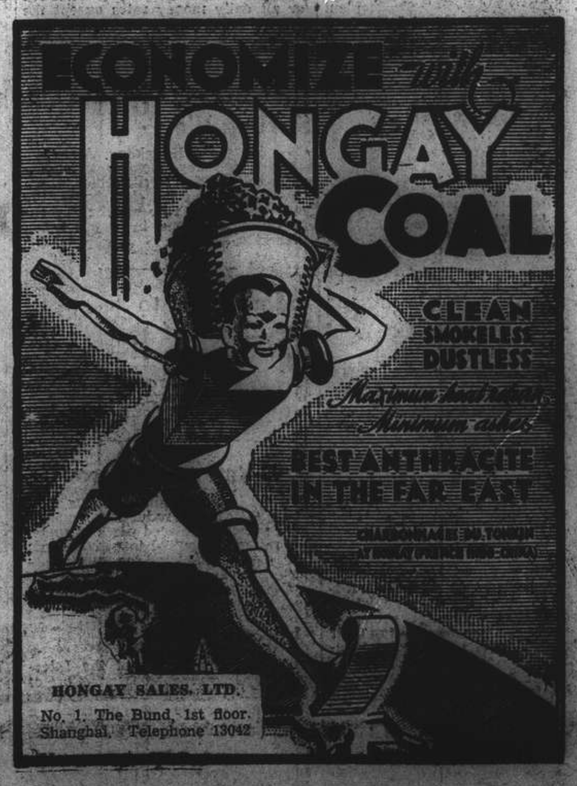

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" " second week in September

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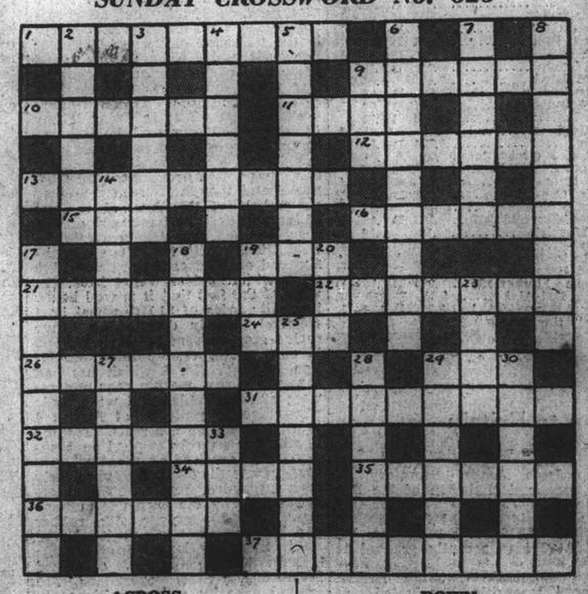
SUNDAY CROSSWORD No. 623



ACROSS

1 No tailor's dummy
9 An acute contrast
10 Here one is never at sea
11 Restrain
12 O.T. character
13 A business connectoin
15 A final word
16 Form of gas hat
19 Practical advice to the hesitant
21 A well-knit jumper, perhaps
22 A feeler
24 This has no place on a wide-awake hat
26 Part of a warship
29 A bit of Irish butter?
31 This kind of silk owes nothing to silkworm
32 Uraine change to cover a risk
34 A songster
35 Not in company and mostly one in a hundred
36 Sandy?
37 One may be unconsciously influenced by him

DOWN

2 Part of this structure may be 26 across
3 The sort of objection taxes have to being moved
4 Make
5 Epithet for a face-to-face encounter
6 Musical accompaniment
7 The home of 23 down
8 A base stain made this saint
9 Natural wealth
14 Part of the foot
17 When put into breeches might be a lady-killer
18 "Car beetle" (anag.)
19 Number
20 Make a noise if you like, but pay up
23 Trim
25 Pick the first comer to fit here
27 Bucolic
28 Latins in dictatorial form
29 Take this when you visit the Zoo
30 Caucasian town
33 Half 35 across

The solution will be published tomorrow

YTDAY'S SOLUTION.—ACROSS: 5, Starch; 8, Broadcloth; 9, Ordeal; 10, Interested; 11, Dotard; 13, Short story; 17, One; 18, Copal; 20, Fair; 23, Anon; 25, Sally; 24, Gag; 26, Chinchilla; 30, Minute; 31, Lots of luck; 32, Facial; 33, Arenaceous; 34, Leaner. DOWN: 1, Trench; 2, Career; 3, Access; 4, Pontoon; 5, Shoddy; 6, Audition; 7, Chairman; 13, Opal; 14, Tory; 15, Tough; 16, Relgn; 18, Cash; 19, Poll; 20, Fellade; 21, Illusion; 22, Aintree; 26, Cellar; 27, Choral; 28, In lieu; 29, Look up.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank

Saturday, August 2, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/16d.	$	78.36
U.S. $100 @ 5 3/16		$1,927.71
Guilders 9⅝		$100
Rupees 17		100
Pesos 10⅜		100
Hongkong $20¼		100

Closing rates unchanged.

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/16d.	$ 75.29
U.S. $100 @ 5 5/16	$1,882.35
London—demand, $1=	3⅜d.
4 months' sight credits	3 7/16d.
4 months' sight docts	3¼d.
6 months' sight credits	3¼d.
6 months' sight docts	3 5/16d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 5/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5⅜
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 7/16

Closing rates unchanged.

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03¼. U.S. $1=59.48d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling ...... 3 7/64d. U.S. $5 7/32

Hongkong/London 1/3

Netherlands Trading Society

Java Guilders .... Selling 9¾

American Express Co., Inc.

Buying U.S.$100=$1,882.352 £1=$75.294

Selling U.S.$100=$1,951.219 £1=$78.367

Hua Hsing Commercial Bank

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d. per H.H.$ 1

U.S.$ Selling " @ 9¾ " H.H.$100

Local $ (Fapi) buying @ 192½ per H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing $2.794

CRB$ or @ 195

Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar $5.449

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

	Highest	Lowest
£	3 7/64	3 3/32
U.S. $	5 3/32	5 1/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

Selling Aug.			Buying Aug.
£ T.T.	3 3/32	4 m/s. l.c.	3 1/16
U.S.$ T.T.	5 3/16	4 m/s. l.c.	5 5/16
Rs. T.T.	17¼	15 d/s.	17¾

BAR SILVER

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23 7/16	23 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—

U.S.$/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Aug. 1	4.03½
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.00 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.00 *

*—Nominal.

The local market opened with sellers at 3 3/32d. sterling and 5 3/16 U.S.$. On a very quiet market quotations moved up to 3 7/64d. sterling and 5 7/32 U.S.$. and these rates were maintained without further change until noon. At the close there were sellers at:—

3 7/64d. Sterling 5 7/32 U.S.$ Cash/Aug.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Aug. 1.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3¼d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 1/16
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4 3/16

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.33	Shanghai	5.40*
S'zerland	23.45	Hongkong	25.50
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	88.625	Manila	49.85 N.

London	4.03½
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78
" " " market rate	23.83
Montreal on London	4.55¼

B—Bid N—Nominal *—Offered.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London: Aug. 1.

Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/16%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/16%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2¾%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3¼%
Call money		⅞%

New York:

Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0½%B / 0 7/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 9/16%B / 0 1/16%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Aug. 2	Sales 10 a.m.		Prices p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.395	B	.395	
Antamok	.041	B	.040	B
Bagiuo Gold	.16	B	.16	B
Batong Buhay	.004	B	.004	B
Big Wedge	.48	B	.48	B
Coco Grove	.10	B	.105	
Consolidated Mines	.0039		.0040	B
Demonstration	.03	B	.03	B
East Mindanao	.0875	B	.09	B
I. X. L.	.185	B	.19	
Ipo Gold	.01	A	.01	A
Itogen	.185	B	.19	B
Mambulao Consolidated	.01	A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.0875	B	.09	
Mine Operations	.0035	A	.035	A
North Camarines	.017	B	.017	B
Paracale Gumaus	Unq.		.26	B
Surigao Consolidated	.195	B	.195	B
San Mauricio	.19		.19	
Suyoc	.1125	B	.1125	B
Syndicate Investment	.022	A	.022	A
United Paracale	.17	B	.18	B
Mindanao Motherlode	.065	B	.375	B
Manila Hai-Alai	9.60	B	9.60	2B
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.70	B	3.70	B

Turnover 72,300, Pesos Shares Index 48.46

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Loan to Britain

Washington, Aug. 2.

Mr. Jesse Jones, Secretary of Commerce and chairman of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation yesterday said the R.F.C. has paid the first US$100,000,000 on the US $425,000,000 loan recently granted to Britain.

Mr. Jones said that the British advanced securities evaluated at approximately US$145,000,000 to secure the first installment of the loan and that the balance will be available as needed at the rate of approximately US$100,000,000 monthly.—United Press.

Stock Exchange Seat

New York, Aug. 2.

A seat on the New York Stock Exchange changed hands yesterday for $35,000, showing an increase of $3,000 from the last sale.—Reuter.

Rubber Prices Raised

Barberton, Ohio, Aug. 2.

The Seiberling Rubber Company yesterday announced a five per cent. increase in the price of automobile tyre tubes to dealers and consumers alike.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Friday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 1.

Trading was mixed on Wall Street today, with stock quotations generally closing fractions lower on balance. War reports from the Russian front continued to be good, while domestic business reports included several excellent earnings statements.

The volume of trading contracted moderately, with the general list meeting with profit taking. Oils were easier in face of the closure of filling stations along the Eastern seaboard by Mr. Harold Ickes. Rails were again outstanding and continued to meet with investment support, especially those shares placed in a favourable EPT position.

The turnover totalled 680,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	128.68	127.64	128.22	—0.57
20 Rails	30.94	30.51	30.88	+0.27
15 Utilit.	18.65	18.53	18.58	—0.02
40 Bonds	—	—	91.58	+0.03
11 Commod.	—	—	76.64	+0.42

	July 31	Aug. 1		July 31	Aug. 1
Adams Exp	7¾	7½	Int T & T	2⅜	*2⅜
Alg Lud	24¾	24¾	Johns Man	65⅝	66
Allis Chal	29⅞	30	Kennecott	38⅜	38⅝
Amer Can	88½	88½	Libbey O F	28½	28
Am Cyan	41⅛	40⅝	Lockheed	28½	28⅜
Am For Pr	*0⅞	0⅞	Loew's	33½	34
" $7 pfd	21½	22⅜	Martin	29½	29½
Am Loco	14½	14⅝	Mont Ward	34	34⅜
Am Metal	20⅜	19⅞	Nat Avian	9	9
Am Radtr	6⅞	6⅞	Nat C B	*27½	*27½
Am R Mill	15½	15½	Nat Dairy	14⅜	14½
Am Smelt	—	44½	Nat Dist	22½	21½
Am Sug	19⅞	19⅞	Nat P & L	6	5⅞
Am T & T	164	154½	Nat Supply	7⅜	7⅜
Am Tob	71⅞	71	N Y Cent	13⅜	13½
Am Wtwrks	5	4½	Niag Hud	2⅜	2⅜
Anaconda	28½	28⅜	N A Avian	16⅜	16½
Atchison	30	29⅜	N Am Co	13⅜	13½
Avian	3½	3⅜	N Pacific	7⅜	8½
Bald Loco	15⅞	16	Packard	2⅞	2½
Balt & Ohio	5½	5½	Pan Oil	4½	4½
Barns Oil	9⅞	9½	Paramount	12½	13
Bendix	†39	38⅜	Pen R R	24⅜	24½
Beth St	78	76⅜	Phil Pet	45⅜	45⅜
Bliss	17	16⅜	Pullman	28⅞	28½
Boeing	17⅞	18⅛	Pure Oil	10	9⅞
Borg War	20½	19⅞	Radio	4½	4½
Briggs	19½	19½	Reading	17⅜	18
Budd Mfg	4⅞	4½	Rem Arms	*4⅜	*4½
Can Pac	4⅜	5⅛	Rep St	20⅜	20½
Celanese	27½	27⅜	Rep Avian	3½	3½
Chase N B	*31½	*31½	Rey Tob	32⅜	32½
Ches & O	38⅞	38	Schenley	14½	14½
Chrysler	57⅞	57⅞	Shell U Oil	15½	15⅜
Col G & E	3½	3	Soc Vac	10⅞	10
Col Credit	24½	24⅜	Sthrn Pac	14½	14⅜
Com & Sth	0 7/32	0 7/32	Sthrn Rly	30⅞	31⅞
Cons Edis	19	19	Spicer	38	38
Cons Oil	6⅞	6⅞	Std Brands	5⅞	5⅞
Copld St	16½	*16½	St G & E	18⅜	*18
Curtis Wr	9½	9½	Std Oil	44½	43⅞
Dist Cpn	*16½	*16½	Studebaker	6⅜	6⅜
Douglas	74½	74⅜	Swift	23	22½
Du Pont	158⅜	158⅝	Technicor	9½	9⅜
E P Lead	9⅞	9½	Tex Cpn	44⅜	43⅞
Elec A Lite	28⅞	28⅞	Transamer	4½	4⅜
Elec B & S	2⅜	2⅜	Tw C Fox	6⅞	7½
" $5 pfd	48⅞	49⅜	Un Pac	82½	82½
" $6 pfd	53½	54⅜	Un Air	41½	41½
Elec P & L	34⅜	35	Un A Lines	11½	11½
Flintkote	*14½	15	Un Corp	0⅞	0 7/16
Gen Elec	31⅞	31⅞	" $3 pfd	23½	23⅜
Gen Motor	39	38⅞	Un Gas	7⅞	7½
Gen Rly	15⅜	15½	U S Rub	24⅜	24½
Gen T & R	13⅜	13½	U S Steel	58⅜	59½
Goodrich	19⅞	19½	Vanadium	26½	*25½
Goodyear	20	19⅞	Vultee	7⅜	7½
Gt N I Ore	17⅞	17½	Walworth	5½	5⅜
Gt N Rly	27⅜	28⅜	War Br Pct	4⅜	5½
Gt W Sug	27⅞	27½	West Elec	92	92⅞
Int Nickel	27	27	Woodward	27½	27½
Int Paper	18½	18½			

BONDS

Am & For	62	61⅜	Erie	32⅜	33⅜
Aust Com	67½	*66	Int T & T	43⅜	44
Brazil	20½	20½	New Eng	62⅜	62⅜
" 6½%	16⅞	17	Sthrn Pac	53⅜	63½
C S P & L	98⅜	98⅜	St G & E	88½	88⅞

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Quiet and narrowly irregular conditions were witnessed on the Stock Exchange today. Trading was featured by the strength and activity of rails, with firmness spreading over the entire list late in the session. Business news continued to be favourable in most lines, although there was some slack noted here and there due to a lack of materials. A scrap shortage is threatening high steel production rates.

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Monday's throughout July were good days for the stock market and during the past week, as in the previous three, the market as a whole rose on this day to establish a new high for the current rally. Profit taking and the Far Eastern tension caused an easier tendency on Tuesday while sentiment was also adversely affected by the efforts of the S.E.C. to prevent certain subsidiaries of Electric Bond & Share from paying interest on their debts to the parent company. The reactionary trend continued in the early trading on Wednesday but short covering caused a rally before the close and the market was steady on Thursday. A constructive factor throughout the period was the stubborn resistance being put up by the Russians against the German offensive. The freezing of Japanese and Chinese assets by the Democracies and retaliatory action by Japan caused considerable uncertainty but exerted no drastically bearish influence.

The commodity index also set a new peak on Monday but after easing slightly on Tuesday, broke sharply the following day when President Roosevelt asked Congress for broad powers to curb inflation by controlling prices and to stabilize markets by buying or selling. This was interpreted as an effort to forestall any freezing of Government holdings of cotton and grain and to permit their sale if this should be desirable. On this news cotton broke more than 100 points and though it seen regained about half of this loss, at the end of the session it had retraced all the ground it had gained in more than a week. The parity for cotton was announced on Wednesday as being 16.49 cents with the loan value 14.02. In view of the fact that it is well below its parity price of $1.176, wheat hold relatively steady despite the heavy spring crop movement. In an effort to curb widespread public speculation in sugar No. 4 which has had a meteoric rise, margin requirements were almost doubled and were made retreactive to apply as of August 4 to all outstanding contracts. Trading in silk was entirely stopped on Monday and outstanding contracts in copper trading had previously been suspended, were set-off at prices determined by the exchange authorities. Thus the copper, silk, rubber and hides markets are practically of no interest any longer to traders.

Domestic economic news continued favourable. Steel operations are around capacity and new highs are expected in carloadings, electricity production and retail trade. Earnings reports and dividend declarations were generally good though U.S. Steel's profit of only $2.12 a share for the second quarter was below expectations. The disappointing showing was chiefly due to large provisions for taxes with nearly $53,000,000 being set aside for this purpose in comparison with less than $23,000,000 in the proceding quarter. Price Administrater Henderson approved a price rise in rubber tires and tubes of 2 per cent.

THE MARKET IN FIGURES

	July 24	Thursday July 31	Change	
D.-J. average for 30 Indust.	128.59	128.79	up	.20
D.-J. average for 20 Rails	30.35	30.61	up	.26
D.-J. average for 15 Utilit.	18.65	18.60	down	.05
D.-J. average for 40 Bonds	91.60	91.50	down	.10
D.-J. 11 Commodity Index	75.85	76.22	up	.37

London Stocks

Friday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 1.

Fairly active conditions were witnessed on the Stock Exchange today, despite week-end considerations, with further encouraging gains recorded in most sections.

British gilt-edged securities ruled steady and European loans improved, especially Polish 4½ per cent., while Japanese bonds were also better.

Home rails, oils and industrials were good, with Richard Thomas & Co., preferred, outstanding among iron and steels, being quoted at 17/- against 14/-, on the payment of a twelve months preference dividend.

Kaffirs received support throughout the session from the Cape, while diamond were well maintained.—Reuter.

	July 31	Aug. 1
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£104⅛	104⅜
3% Defence Loan	100⅞	100⅞
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	47	47
4½% Anglo-French Loan	45	45
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	30	30
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	38	38
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	9	9
5% Honan Rly., 1905	13	13
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	15	15
5% " " " (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	15	15
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	12	12
5% " " G.	12	12
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	12	12
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	12	12
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	11	11
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	55	55
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan 1907	21	22
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	23	23½
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8¾	8⅞
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	70	72
" " " (Col. Reg.)	75 N	75 N
Mercantile Bank of India	11	11⅛
National Bank of India	31½	31½
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	11/-	11/-
B'tish American Tobacco	85/-	85/-
Dunlop Rubber	35/9	35/7½
Imp. Chem. Industries	31/10½	31/10½
United Steel	23/6	23/6
Woolworths	55/3	55/6
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	13/6	13/6
Chosen Corp.	4/-	4/-
Marsman Investments	5/7½	5/7½
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	141/3	141/3
Western Holdings	16/6	16/9
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	37¾	38
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/-	15/-
London, Midland & Scot.	14⅞	15
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/6	13/6
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	48/9	49/4½

U.S. Commodities

Friday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 1.

The cotton market opened from steady to firm, with quotations ruling from 12 to 21 points up on speculative buying and shorts covering influenced by Washington indications that the Price-control Bill will not include ceilings under parity for basic commodities. However, full gains were not maintained, as the market reacted subsequently on profit-taking. At the close, quotations ranged from 12 to 15 points up from the previous final levels.

Trading in the rubber market continued to be stagnant, with minor fractional changes recorded at the close.

The Chicago Wheat Pit early ruled fully steady, with prices appreciating in sympathy with a firm cotton market and bullish Washington indications. However, operators displayed caution, awaiting the outcome of the Congressional debate on the Price-Control Bill, and prices subsequently reacted on hedge-selling. At the final bell, quotations were from unchanged to ¼ cent up.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
Oct.	16.23-23	+15	Sept.	22.40-60 B/A	—20
Dec.	16.38-40	+12	Dec.	22.00-22 B/A	—05
Jan.	16.40-40	+13			
Mar.	16.45-50	+13			
May	16.44-49	+13			
July	16.44-44	+15			

N. Y. Sugar No. 3			N. Y. Sugar No. 4		
Sept.	2.67-68 B/A	+01	Sept.	1.47-49 B/A	—2½
Jan.	2.68-69 B/A	+02	Dec.	1.53½-54½ B/A	—½
			Mar.	1.60-60½ B/A	unc.

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
Sept.	106⅛-106 unc.	Sept.	75¾-75¾ +⅛
Dec.	108½-108⅜ +¼	Dec.	78½-78½ +1

P—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Friday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 1.

The London tin market ruled idle today, with traders awaiting possible Washington action.

London Rubber: Spot, buyers 13½ unc. sellers 13⅝ unc. Sept. del., buyers 13⅝ +1/16; sellers 13⅝ unc.

London Metals: Tin Standard, cash, middle price £256½ —⅝; 3 mths del., middle price £259⅞ unc.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's D.H.	p.b. Cash	$1.558
Tungchow cotton ..	per picul	275
Shanghai cotton	per picul	245
Raw silk. Steamfil. 20/22 78%	picul	$7,000 Nom.
Flour, local ..	per bag (49lb)	$29.00
Flour, imported	"	32.00

COMMODITY INDEX

Chicago Wheat	106¼	106
Corn	75⅛	76
Cotton	16.63	16.12
Rubber	22.75	22.60
Hides	14.62	14.50
Sugar	1.34	1.50
Cocoa	7.48	7.58
Lard	10.32½	10.12½

BUSINESS

	Previous	Latest
N.Y. Times Business Index	128.6	131.5
Steel operations (% of capacity)	97.9	99.6
Carloadings (carloads)	899,000	897,000
Elec. power prod. (kw. hrs.)	*3,163,000	*3,184,000
Aver. daily oil prod. (bbls.)	3,676,000	3,870,000
Automobile output (cars)	109,912	105,636

*000 omitted.

STOCK OUTLOOK

Commodity prices are likely to become increasingly subject to Government control and as is always the case with politically dominated markets it is extremely hazardous to attempt any forecast of price trends. Wheat, however, appears relatively attractive because of the wide discount from parity prices at which contracts are currently available. Stocks appear to be consolidating their recent gains. The tendency of trading to decrease on declines and increase on advances is a favourable technical indication and barring unfavourable war news the market should at least display a steady tone.

Fritz Thyssen Has Huge Holdings in American Bank

New York, Aug. 2.

The "Herald Tribune" yesterday said investigation had revealed that the German industrialist, Herr Fritz Thyssen, has US$3,000,000 in United States currency deposited with the Union Banking Corporation of New York.

The newspaper said that other Thyssen local interests included several corporations engaged in shipping and in the export and import businesses, which the Union Banking Corporation operates.

All Thyssen assets here were frozen and are under Treasury control as part of the US$4,500,000,000 in foreign assets frozen in the United States.

May Be Hitler's

The "Herald Tribune" said that the US$3,000,000, although nominally Herr Thyssen's property, actually may have been sent here for safekeeping for Chancellor Adolf Hitler, Field Marshal Hermann Goering, Dr. Joseph Goebbels, Herr Heinrich Himmler, or other Nazi leaders.

Assets of the Union Banking Corporation and its subsidiaries were frozen because the capital and control came from Rotterdam and the institution there was called the Bank Voor Handel en Scheepvaart, which was one of the Thyssen continental banking houses.

U.S. Scepticism

"There are many Americans in responsible positions who don't think the rift between Herr Thyssen and the Nazis was genuine at all, preferring to believe that Herr Thyssen was in reality a sort of economic advance agent of the Hitler forces," the "Herald Tribune" said.

(Herr Thyssen last year was reported to have escaped from Germany to Switzerland following a rift with Chancellor Hitler. He also was reported held in a German concentration camp.)

"Reliable private information is that Herr Thyssen has been wandering about Switzerland, France and other European countries, before or after the Nazi armies arrived, without much hindrance from the Hitler Government," said the "Herald Tribune."

Thyssen Free

"Herr Thyssen is now in Germany—not under confinement but free to move about although closely watched—perhaps a willing prisoner, perhaps a hostage for his wealth throughout the world," said the newspaper.

The Union Banking Corporation was incorporated here in August, 1924. The president was a Holland born, naturalized American, Mr. Cornelius Lievense, who denied knowledge of Herr Thyssen's whereabouts.

"I have told the Government authorities all I know," Mr. Lievense said. "I can not say now who owns this money, this bank, these corporations. I can not tell you if Herr Thyssen owns it or not. All I know is that I am here and the United States Government is exercising strict supervision over all activities of this bank and these corporations."—United Press.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Aug. 1.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was quiet today and prices fluctuated within a narrow range, after which a firmer tone developed on the strength and activity of rail issues.

While yesterday's market performance failed to come up to the best hopes, analysts today held that there still was prospect for resumption of the rise until the industrial average at least betters the present high for the year made early in January.

The railroad average edged up a few hundredths to a new high for more than a year and the composite average of fifteen utilities, 20 railroad issues and 30 industrial issues remained unchanged.

Business news was mostly favourable excepting in the steel industry, in which Mr. Eugene G. Grace, President of Bethlehem Steel company admitted shortages of scrap iron, strapping steel and tax provisions were handicapping production.

Oil shares were off about a point on the plan for closing eastern seaboard gasoline stations twelve hours nightly. Automobile shares were steady, however. Rayon was firm, silk was off somewhat, and amusements were firm.—United Press.

London Bullion

London, Aug. 1.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce, 168/-, unchanged.

London Silver: A little production selling was taken up by the trade at lower levels. The market ruled quiet. After the official fixing the market remained quiet, but no further business was transacted.

Spot	23 7/16d. —1/16d.
Forward	23 7/16d. —1/16d.

—Reuter.

Bank of Chosen Rates

Seoul, Aug. 2.

The Bank of Chosen today announced a reduction of money rates effective August 1. The order follows the steps taken by the Bank of Japan when the latter cut on July 19, interest rates on loans against debentures. One-tenth of a sen cut is effective for all daily money rates except the discount rate, on commercial drafts which are unchanged.—Domei.

Hongkong in Sterling Bloc

Hongkong, Aug. 2.

Effective today, Hongkong is officially within the sterling bloc.

As a result of the changeover, the local gold dollar rate will be governed by fluctuations in the London cross-rate.—Reuter.

India Added to Freezing List

Tokyo, Aug 2.

The Ministry of Finance announced, effective today, the addition of India to the list of foreign countries subject to the freezing order.—Domei.

U.S. Rations Pig Iron

Washington, Aug. 2.

The Office of Production Management yesterday placed pig iron under full rationing control to provide iron and steel products for defence.—United Press.

Share Values

The statistical value of the International Investment Trust Co. of China, Ltd., shares last Friday was $31.50, and of the Yangtsze Finance Co. Ltd., $22.47.

Argentina Break With Nazis Seen

Buenos Aires, Aug. 2.

Breaking off of diplomatic relations between Argentina and Germany is expected to be urged by Argentine members of Parliament following disclosures by the parliamentary committee investigating totalitarian activities.

Damonte Taborda, chairman of the committee, told a press conference here yesterday that he understood that some members of Congress were going to advocate this course.

Subversive Activities

Senor Taborda said: "The committee has proved the existence of totalitarian activities with important ramifications abroad. These actions constitute a serious threat to the integrity of this country and its institutions.

"All elements connected with this totalitarian action are scornful of everything Argentine and their activities can be described as virtual potential belligerency."

Radio in Diplomatic Bag

It is understood unofficially that the Argentine Government has asked the German Embassy to explain why wireless transmitting set was found in the diplomatic baggage of a high German Embassy official last week.

In the opinion of the Government, the transmitter cannot be regarded as permissible diplomatic baggage. With the latest disclosures, public opinion against the Nazis is perceptibly hardening.—Reuter.

"Barefaced Impudence" Says Welles

Washington, Aug. 2.

"Bare-faced impudence," was the description Mr. Sumner Welles, Acting Secretary of State, applied to the action of Germany in urging Mexico to protest to the United States against the black-listing of Latin American firms deemed to be working for the Axis.

Asserting that Germany had violated and destroyed the sovereignty of many nations, Mr. Welles declared it was bare-faced impudence on the part of Germany to try to tell Mexico, or any other country, what it should do to protect its sovereign rights.

Moreover, Mr. Welles declared, Mexico did not require any advice from Germany.

Mr. Welles was commenting on the action of Mexico in strongly rejecting the German request that it should make such a protest.—Reuter.

Creation of "Second Front" Advocated

London, Aug. 2.

The creation of a second front in the West is "a decisive question of moment," says a statement issued last night by the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Great Britain.

Mr. Harry Pollitt, speaking at a specially convened meeting held in London last night, attended by over 100 representatives from all parts of the country, said: "Speedy victory, with a minimum of sacrifice, requires a supreme and gigantic effort by the British people. All obstacles of production on land and in transport must be tackled energetically so that maximum production can be secured. Hammer-blows at the enemy from both sides will force him to divide and weaken his fighting power."

Pollitt said that many people were saying: "We can leave it to the Red Army," but the forces at Hitler's command must not be minimized: he would not go down without the most desperate struggle.—Reuter.

Indo-China Press Stops Anti-British Campaign

Hanoi, Aug. 2.

The anti-British campaign disappeared suddenly from the Indo-China press yesterday.

It is officially contended that disembarkation of Japanese troops is proceeding according to plan, without incident.

Yesterday the Governor-General, Vice-Admiral Jean Decoux, received in audience Dr. Hans Bidder, Counsellor of the German Embassy in Chungking, who has just arrived overland with three other members of the Embassy staff.

Thailand is due to complete the occupation of the ceded territories of Cambodia and Laos today. No incident has been reported.—Reuter.

Bremen, Europa Said Completely Burned Out

New York, Aug. 2.

Scenes reminiscent of the return of the first soldiers from the World War in 1919 occurred when the ss. "West Point" docked with the American Consular party and others from Lisbon.

More than 2,000 cheering and weeping relatives and friends lined the pier. The Consul-General at Hamburg, Mr. A. R. Thompson, said it was common knowledge along the North German seaboard that both the liners Bremen and Europa had been completely burned out by saboteurs' fires.

So far as he could see, Hitler's popularity showed no signs of declining. Damage in Hamburg, following R.A.F. raids, was always cleared up quickly.—Reuter.

Serious Disorders Reported in Occupied Countries

New York, Aug. 2.

Reports of serious disorders sabotage and guerilla activity in German and Italian occupied countries of Norway, Yugoslavia, Greece and Rumania came yesterday from various European capitals.

To these and other Axis conquered nations Britain has been directing a "V for Victory" war of nerves.

Radio Moscow heard by the United Press here, said that Germans had sent 40,000 gestapo agents into Yugoslavia, where, the radio said, guerilla bands attacked Nazi troops, demolished bridges and set fire to munition dumps and stores.

80,000 Killed

Quoting "Pravda," the radio reported that 80,000 Serbians had been "exterminated" for anti-German activities in the three months Axis forces have occupied Yugoslavia.

Stockholm reported a state of siege on the west coast of Norway due to sabotage and big anti-German demonstrations.

A D.N.B. despatch from Belgrade reported that 90 "communists" were executed in the Banat region in north-eastern Yugoslavia for sabotage.

Several days ago more than 100 "communist elements" were executed in the Belgrade region, according to Hungarian despatches.

Guerilla Activity

The United Press correspondent in Ankara quoted diplomatic sources as saying the Germans sent 25,000 more troops into Yugoslavia because of continued guerilla activity.

Another Ankara despatch quoted travellers from Greece as saying that between eight and 10 deaths a day occur in Athens from starvation and that men are fighting in the streets daily because of hunger.

The travellers said that the Greeks were "recklessly" pro-British and harboured hundreds of British soldiers caught there when the B. E. F. left. The Greeks thumb their noses at passing Italo-German soldiers, cheer British war prisoners and leave restaurants and cafes when Italo-German soldiers enter.—United Press.

America Freezes Silk Stocks

Washington, Aug. 2.

The Office of Production Management yesterday announced that all silk stocks in the United States will be frozen effective from midnight on Saturday.

Previously the O.P.M. had advised Washington representatives of the Textile Workers Union that they would be unable to receive any more silk for making hosiery and other civilian items due to the Far Eastern crisis.

The Union, in turn, informed defence officials that strained relations between Japan and the United States probably would kill the silk industry in the United States.

Employees Affected

The O.P.M. said it had been notified by the Army and Navy that minimum military requirements for silk powder bags and parachutes during the coming year will be equal to the total stocks in the United States.

A spokesman said that the order has the effect of throwing out of work 175,000 employees of the silk industry. The mills may continue to operate only if they have unlisted investories or are permitted to process silk by the priorities division.—United Press.

Canadian Pipeline Joined With American

Highwaters, Quemec, Aug. 2.

Ceremonies were performed here yesterday marking the joining of two sections of the 236-mile long pipeline destined to carry oil from Portland, Maine, to Montreal.

The ceremonies were attended by Mr. C. D. Howe, Canadian Minister of Munitions, and Mr. J. P. Moffatt, United States Minister to Canada.

Mr. Howe said that tankers which the pipeline would release for the trans-Atlantic service would be part of Canada's contribution to the Battle of the Atlantic. He expressed a hope that oil would be flowing through the pipeline by September 1.

Mr. Moffatt said the pipeline was one more in the series of bonds binding the United States and Canada more closely.—Reuter.

Extracts from German Soldier's Letter

London, Aug. 2.

"This war is the dirtiest of all wars We thirst for so much as one hour without the noise of battle, for a strip of summer road which does not smell of burning and death. But all this is trifling besides the thirst for water to drink and wash. It is a war to win or perish against soldiers who fight with desperate obstinacy even in a hopeless situation. The war in Russia, more than anywhere else, is one huge horror."

These are extracts from a letter written by a German soldier on the eastern front and quoted by a British correspondent of the "Pund."—Reuter.

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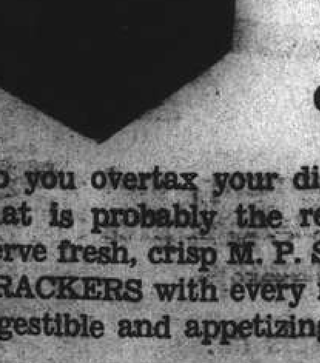

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How Dakar Can Be Menace to Western Hemisphere

OVERNIGHT the strategic importance of a little French colonial outpost on the mysterious, miasmic West African coast flashes world-wide. Dakar, once just a name to the man in the street, is headline news, writes Major James Ross in the "Christian Science Monitor." More important to the war-torn world, however, is the fact that its name is now marked boldly on the maps of war-planners, be they Axis or be they Empire. And most important to Americans, North or South, is the grave implication that Dakar is the springboard for any intended offensive move against the Western world, be the move economic or military. It is time that Americans take stock of all that the situation of this French colonial harbour means.

In considering the value of any point as a base of operations, a host of questions arise. Essential general factors are the facilities afforded by the place itself and the communications channels linking it with the rest of the world. The specific application of these factors depends, like any other question of military geography, upon the aims of the power desiring to avail itself of the place and the paths open for the projected penetration. All these factors must be weighed, whether or not the proposed move be one of war or of peace.

Dakar lies in the westernmost bulge of Africa, with but some 1,800 miles of Atlantic Ocean separating it from the eastern bulge of South America—at Natal on the nose of Brazil. It is, then, within easy cruising range of transport planes of modern type. It is, in fact, one terminus of an existing transatlantic air service. This is the basic fact that focuses American interest on the question of who holds Dakar.

The town boasts a good harbour, hence it is a potential naval base. Applying the usual yard-stick of fleet radius of action—approximately 3,500 miles—one finds that a battle fleet operating from Dakar could adequately engage in action in some waters beyond the range of any United States fleet based on east coast ports of the United States, and on equal terms with such fleet in other Atlantic waters. Dakar, then, can be a vital factor in hemisphere defence.

Weighed in the balance of an "aid to Britain" policy, Dakar, only 500 miles from the British naval base of Freetown in Sierra Leone, is a definite danger—in Axis hands—to the British convoy life-line from the Antipodes around the Cape of Good Hope, whether that traffic be routed from Freetown in a generally northerly direction to the British Isles or via the longer but safer route via Trinidad and Halifax. Immediately available as an air base for such attack on the Empire sea-borne traffic, Dakar may also become the base for Axis naval raider action against it.

Unhealthy Climate

In considering the occupation of Dakar, it must be understood that the place lies 15 degrees north of the Equator, and is a typical West African port, drab, hot, and unhealthy. There are but two seasons, summer and winter. The summer season, which runs from June through October, is one of terrific heat and torrential rains. Tornadoes roll in from the sea frequently. From November to May the living conditons are more bearable.

The town itself has a population of some 40-odd thousand, of whom but a small proportion is European. Its residential part is on the high ground nearest the cape. The terrain slopes from this plateau to the harbour, where old Dakar sprawls in an ugly assortment of wooden houses along narrow alleys, with all the smells and discomforts one might expect in Africa. The jungle laps at the very edge of the town.

Question of Food Supply

Industry is almost nil, there is but little agriculture in the vicinity, and most of the foodstuffs are imported. Most come by sea, but a small supply comes by driblets from the Sudan. An expeditionary force based on Dakar would of necessity be dependent upon such foodstuffs as could be shipped in. This is true, of course, whether such force be Axis or Empire.

So much for the general estimate of the situation, premised upon the "collaboration" of France's Vichy government with the Axis. Let us examine the capabilities of the port as it exists at present.

The actual situation, insofar as the air is concerned, is that from Dakar air traffic with South America is today functioning, providing the Axis powers with direct communication unhampered in any way by British censorship. It is therefore a base for Nazi propaganda distribution and physical infiltration—this latter in a small way, of course, but definitely operating—for purposes inimical to both the United States and Britain. One might well speculate on the potentialities involved, at some later date, of economic warfare, with Axis trade relations reopening, providing a market to compete with United States goods, at the same time furnishing strategic commodities on the return trip, to promote Axis war strength.

Axis Sea-Lanes Vulnerable

True, such sea-borne Axis traffic is open to attack by British raiders operating from Freetown, Ascension, St. Helena, and Simonstown on the African side, and from British possessions on the American side.

Dakar is situated in the bight of the Cape Verde peninsula, the Gulf of Gorée, actually facing eastward in the shelter of a long hook of land, the apex of which is Cap Manuel, which juts southward. The harbour is protected by an island, Gorée, lying about two miles east of it, and has been artificially improved by a long jetty which, with the Point of Dakar, embraces an inner basin. A navy yard and coaling basin, with dock facilities of sizable proportions, lie within. A large petroleum depot is also available. The basin is dredged to a 33-foot depth.

On Cap Manuel is a fairly modern fort, while batteries of medium calibre artillery are situated on the Point of Dakar and the Point of Bel Air, a mile north of the harbour, where a hydroplane base with hangars has been erected. It may be assumed that the inner harbour is protected by anti-submarine booms and nets. The shore batteries, so far as is known, do not mount any major calibre guns, but could resist run-bys of light craft. On Gorée Island anti-aircraft batteries have been installed, as well as coast defence guns.

Strength of Naval Defence

Lying at Dakar are the remnants of part of the French Navy, consisting of the battleship Richelieu—most powerful unit of the French fleet, and seriously damaged by the British last July—at least three light cruisers, two or three destroyers, and several submarines. The naval dry dock is supposed to be limited to vessels of 10,000 tons. However, indications point to the probability that the Richelieu has been repaired to some extent.

That this force, even supported by the shore batteries, could resist any determined naval attack by British elements, is improbable. It must be remembered that the British-Free French attack was never pushed home, because at that time Britain had no desire to throw France in the German camp. The entire scheme, as it turned out, was ill-advised, and based on the fallacious reasoning that the place would fall almost automatically to the Free-French movement.

Possible Landing Places

On the other hand, it is doubtful if Britain today could risk detachment of a battleship division to reduce Dakar, and a lesser force might well prove inadequate. The nearest harbours where an expeditionary force might be landed for action against Dakar are at St. Louis, in Senegal, more than 200 miles away, and Bathurst, in British-owned Gambia, about 300 miles distant, overland through the jungle. Either one would require careful planning and organization, would be a long-time affair, and at present such operations would appear to be impracticable from the British viewpoint.

A sharp bombardment by a battleship division, followed by landing operations in the vicinity, would appear to be the indicated action. Adequate air power could be provided by one large carrier, supplemented by bombers based on Freetown.

French air power at Dakar is again a matter of speculation. There is an air port some two miles from the town, beside the hydroplane base at Hann Cove. In it are probably 100 military planes, many of them bombers. Reinforcements might be flown in from French Morocco, via Villa Cisneros in the Spanish possession of Rio de Oro—were Franco willing—otherwise would have to come by a long route through Algeria and West Africa, except for long-range bombers. Whether or not existing French aerodromes en route could supply sufficient gasoline for such immediate movement is not known.

Forces Estimated at 5,000

In land forces at Dakar today it is estimated that France has at least 5,000 regular troops. These include one or more battalions of colonial infantry, a battalion of colonial artillery, plus an anti-aircraft battalion—Frenchmen—and one or more regiments of Senegalese riflemen. To gather much more of a garrison would necessitate denuding the French outposts further inland in West Africa. The native man power of Senegal is tremendous, however, and it may well be possible that additional elements of the big, black men—much like Kipling's "big black, boundin' beggars"—have been organized by the provincial authorities. The limitation would be in material available to equip them.

A point which might well be borne in mind here is that the Senegalese, while mighty fighting men, are unaccustomed to bombing from the air. Recalling World War days, the French found that the Senegalese stood up badly to long-range artillery pounding, although they would charge recklessly in hand-to-hand fighting. All in all, it may be considered that well-handled air power, even in small quantities, could turn the tables in favour of any landing operations carried out in connection with naval bombardment.

Nazis' Stumbling Block

Immediate utilization of Dakar for military operations against the Western Hemisphere by the Nazis would depend upon elimination of the British fleet, which would permit movement of men and supplies down the African coast.

Visualization of future possibilities, however, is most important. Given access to Algeria and Morocco, there is no reason why Nazi Germany cannot develop Dakar and provide land communication direct. Let us see what this would entail. For a long time France has had under consideration a trans-Saharan railway penetrating her vast African domain. The well-developed Algerian rail system, paralleling the Mediterranean coast and tapping the ports of Oran Algiers, Philippeville, Bone, Biserta and Tunis, links southward with a line running to Touggourt. Thence the way has been projected through the desert, via the outposts of Forts Flatters and Laperrine, to Timbuctoo, thence down the Niger River to Koulikoro, where an existing railway runs to Dakar. Motor travel by this route is already practicable, though it is very tough going.

Unlimited Manpower Needed

The gap to be bridged by rail is some 2,000 miles. The total distance is roughly 2,600. Given German efficiency and engineering ability, plus unlimited use of man power both in the shape of native and, if necessary, prisoner-of-war and slave labour from the populations of occupied Europe, the project is quite feasible.

Another route might well be from Columb Bechar, end of steel in south-western Algeria, down the Wadi Draa to the Rio de Oro border, then south-west along the desert to the coast and St. Louis, thence by rail to Dakar. Good motor roads through French Morocco, via the oasis of Tafilelt to Columb Bechar, exist. It is possible to motor today from Tafilelt to St. Louis; it is far from a pleasure jaunt, of course, but it can be done.

The important point in all this speculation is that, given French acquiescence, a Nazi motorized or mechanized column could march overland to Dakar from the southern Mediterranean littoral in sufficient strength to occupy the place. Admitting this possibility, it can be seen that possession of Dakar shifts from an academic question to one of self-preservation, when viewed by anti-Axis eyes.

Which brings us sharply back to the necessity that Dakar remain either in the hands of French forces, which will not only maintain neutrality, but can protect that neutrality, or that it come into "protective custody" of the British Empire or its allies. It is a question of vital interest to both the United States and Britain.

Joining Singapore's R.A.F.

Mr. E. P. David, former Cathedral schoolboy and more recently with Messrs. Jardines, left late last week to join H.M. Forces in Singapore.

CHURCH SERVICES

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—Aug. 3.—8th Sunday After Trinity. 8 a.m. Holy Communion (also in Bubbling Well Chapel) 10.30 a.m. Mattins and Holy Communion. Psalm: 63. Lessons: I Kings 10, 1-13; Mark 10, 1-31. Naylor in E flat. Hymns: 270, 529. Preacher: Rev. E. J. Ottewell. 11.45 a.m. Holy Communion. 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon Psalm: 46. Lessons: I Kings 12, Matthew 10, 24-end. Hymns: 249, 260, 31. Preacher: The Dean 6 p.m. Bubbling Well Chapel: Preacher: Rev. G. A. Scott. (Mattins at 10.30 a.m. will be broadcast from Cathedral over stations XMHC., 700 kc., XCDN. 1440 kc., and Noon Day Intercessions daily at 12.10 p.m. from station XMHC only.) August 6.—Transfiguration of Our Lord. 7.30 a.m. Holy Communion.

St. John's Pro-Cathedral.—Jessfield Evening Prayer in English at 6.30 p.m.

Union Church.—(International and Inter-denominational.) 107, Soochow Road, (near the British Consulate-General). Officiating Minister:—Rev. C. W. Allan. 10.20 a.m. Prayer Meeting in Vestry. 10.45 a.m. Divine Worship conducted by Rev. C. W. Allan, followed by Communion Service.

"Church of the Air" Programme
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Sunday, Aug. 3.
10.00 XMHD Service. Dr. Rev. O. Wells
11.00 Gospel Song Service
12.00 Sacred Organ Music
16.00 Sacred Music
16.30 Dr. Bob Jones Service
19.45 "Miracles and Melodies"
20.00 XMHD Sacred Concert.
20.30 Gospel Service. Rev. Thompson
21.15 Russian Evangelistic Service
Weekdays, Aug. 4-9.
7.15 Organ Music
7.30 Sacred Music
8.30 Thought for the Day. Rev. A. H. Reinhard
8.45 Gospel Songs
9.00 Prayer and Music for the Sick
12.00 Popular Music
12.45 N.C.D.N. News Broadcast
13.10 Devotional Service and Song
16.00 Sacred Music
17.00 Classical Music
19.45 N.C.D.N. Friday Review
20.00 Sacred Music
20.30 Gospel Service and Song
21.00 N.C.D.N. News Broadcast
21.30 Popular Music.

Russian Service (Tues.)

Sacred Heart Church (260 Nanzing Road) Tel. 41428 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7, 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6 and 7 a.m.

Saint Peter's Church (Avenue Dubail) Tel. 80725 Sunday: Masses at 5.15 6, 7, 8, 9.15, a.m. Benediction at 3.30 and 6.45 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.15, 6, 6.45 and 7.30 a.m.

Saint Theresa's Church (370 Tatung Road) Tel. 39359 Sunday. Masses at 6.15, 7, 8 a.m. Weekdays: Masses at 6.15, 7 a.m.

Our Lady's Church (694 Baikal Road) Sunday Masses, at 7.30 and 9 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 7.30 a.m.

Church of St. Aloysius Gonzaga (734 Kiaochow Road.) Tel. 32313 Sunday: Masses at 6, 7. 8 and 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays: Masses at 5.30, 6 and 6.30 a.m.

Church of Christ the King: 235 Rue Bourgeat. Tel. 72873 Masses on Sunday at 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 a.m. Benediction at 7 p.m. Masses weekdays at 7 and 8 a.m. Catechism classes every Saturday at 9 a.m.

Saint John Bosco's Church (740 Hangchow Road) Sunday Masses at 7, 8.30 9.30 a.m. Benediction at 4 p.m. Weekdays Mass at 6.30 a.m.

Foreign Y.M.C.A.—Informal Sunday Evening Service, 6 p.m. in the Junior division room, (mezzanine floor) Speaker. Mr. J. A. Eggo. All welcome.

Shanghai Free Christian Church—(Evangelical) 5 Tifeng Road. (Near Jessfield Road) Sunday 11 o'clock. Morning Worship; Preacher; Rev. C. G. Edwards. Evening 6 o'clock, Gospel Service. Preacher; Mr. K. Faulkner. During the week: Monday 8 p.m. Young People's Meeting. Thursday afternoon 5.45 o'clock. Prayer-meeting.

Community Church.—53 Ave. Petain. Rev. Paul R. Winn, of North Presbyterian Mission, Soochow, will preach in Community Church Sunday at 11 a.m. Junior and Primary Departments of the Church School will meet at 9.30 a.m. The Navy "Y" will have its programme for Service men at 6 p.m.

First Church of Christ, Scientist.—1647 Avenue Road Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject: "Love" Sunday School 9.45 a.m. Testimonial Meeting Wednesday, 6 p.m. Reading Room at the Church open Monday, and Friday from 10.30 to 12.30, Wednesday from 4 to 6 p.m.

Bethesda Gospel Hall.—(Internatonal) 729 Yu Yuen Road, Shanghai Gospel Services are held in: German: Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 3.30-4.30 p.m. Sundays Bible Class at 5-6 p.m. Wednesdays Bible Class for Ladies at 4-5.30 p.m. Chinese: Sundays Breaking of Bread Meeting at 10-11.30 a.m. Sundays Gospel Meeting at 2.30-4 p.m. Tuesdays Prayer Meeting at 7.30-9 p.m. Thursdays Bible Class at 6-7 p.m. English: Fridays Prayer Meeting at 5.30-6.30 p.m.

Endeavourers Church.—Morning service will be held at 9.30 a.m. in the hall of the Shanghai Free Christian Church, 5 Tifeng Road. That service will be followed by observance of the Holy Communion. The pastor, Rev. H. G. C. Hallock Ph. D. will preside at both services. Mid-week prayer meeting will be held on Wednesday at 5.30 p.m. in Room 305, Missions Building, 169 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.

Society of Friends (Quakers).—A meeting for Worship to which all are welcome will be held at 6 p.m. on Sunday in room "D" at the Foreign Y.M.C.A., 150 Bubbling Well Road.

Shanghai Hebrew Mission, 56 Ford Lane: Sunday 10 a.m., Rev. Charles De Vol. Wednesday 3.30 p.m., Rev. Oscar Wells. 703 N. Szechuen Road. Alliance Hall: Sunday 10 a.m., Mr. Charles Wilson, Wednesday 3.30 p.m., Rev. L. Millin.

Further Gains for "Model Yangtze Zone" Said Made

More than ten Japanese detachments operating on the lower reaches of the Yangtze River for the purpose of establishing a "model peace zone" with the collaboration of the Nanking Government, continued to make progress, reports reaching here yesterday said.

In 27 engagements against the Chungking forces, 1,233 prisoners were captured, Chinese dead totalling 173. More than 1,000 villages were cleaned up of Chinese troops and bandit elements, it was stated. Included among the prisoners was the Chief of Staff of a New Fourth Army battalion.

Szechuen Town Bombed

Nanking, Aug. 1.

Formations of Japanese Army planes effectively bombed munitions factories at Fengchieh, in Szechwan Province on the north bank of the Yangtze River, the Press Section of the Japanese Expeditionary Forces in China announced today. All planes participating returned safely, the announcement added.—Domei.

N. Kiangsu Operations

Four Japanese detachments which on July 20 swung into an offensive against the Chinese Communist New Fourth Army troops in north Kiangsu, were reported to be extending the zone of operations to "several score" kilometres around Yencheng, the major Red stronghold captured on July 21.

Field despatches disclosed that up to date losses suffered by the Communist forces totalled 840 dead, with 165 prisoners being taken. An additional 400 Reds voluntarily surrendered to the Japanese, it was added. Japanese losses were 11 dead, the reports said.—Domei.

Economic Autarchy in Orient Needed Says "Yomiuri Shimbun"

Tokyo, Aug 2.

Anglo-American freezing of Japanese assets, as a "virtual declaration of economic war against Japan," forcibly had brought the attention of the Japanese people to the "inevitable need of establishing a Far Eastern economic autarchy," the popular "Yomiuri" declared today under its column "Viewpoints."

The paper pointed out that the Anglo-American step had caused a drastic change in the trade and monetary structure of Japan. It went on to assert that the new international political and economic developments had forced Japan, which hitherto depended upon the American dollar and the British pound sterling, to seek "hegemony for yen currency" in the East Asia prosperity sphere.

The "Yomiuri" pointed out that Thailand's agreement to extend a 10,000,000 baht credit to Japan "coming particularly at this moment together with her recognition of Manouchoukuo, is highly significant." The paper added that this was proof of Thailand's economic cooperation with Japan despite her "still lingering economic dependence on Britain."—Domei.

China True Ally of Great Britain

London, Aug. 1.

By keeping Japan bogged, China defends the Pacific for America prevents Japan from going southward in a major war, and fights the eastern end of the Axis, said Mr. H. D. Liem, London correspondent of the Central News Agency of China, lecturing at the China Institute.

This China is in the true sense an ally of Great Britain and a pillar in the "A.B.C." and U.S.S.R. quadrilateral, he declared.

The conquest of Indo-China, Mr. Liem added, was a prelude to a climax in the Pacific, and the next move by Japan would be decisive. She had been a dilemma ever since Germany declared war on Russia without consulting Japan. It meant the bankruptcy of Matsuoka's policy. He had been sacrificed and here was a new Cabinet, but this meant a reorientation of tactics, not of policy, which remained the same.

The correspondent thought that Japan would not stand to gain any substantial advantages, whatever the outcome of the war, while the defeat of the Axis would spell Japan's destruction.

Sir Malcolm Robertson, a Member of Parliament and at one time in the Diplomatic Service in China, presided over the large, appreciative audience.—Reuter.

No N.E.I. Licences to Japan for Time Being

Batavia, Aug. 1.

It was reliably learned today that the Netherlands East Indies for the time being is not issuing licences for exports to Japan regarding which, it was pointed out, a licensing system was established last week, placing all trade with Japan under Government control, including deliveries under the Japanese-Dutch oil agreement.

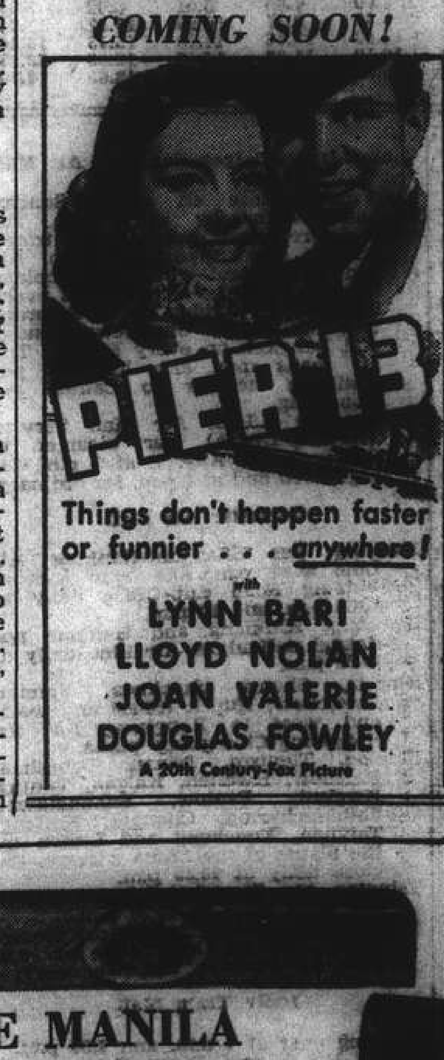
Mr. H. J. van Mook, Director of Economic Affairs, said that the granting of export licences was subject to the situation in the Pacific, and added that he was unwilling to commit the Administration to a course of action in the immediate future.—Domei.

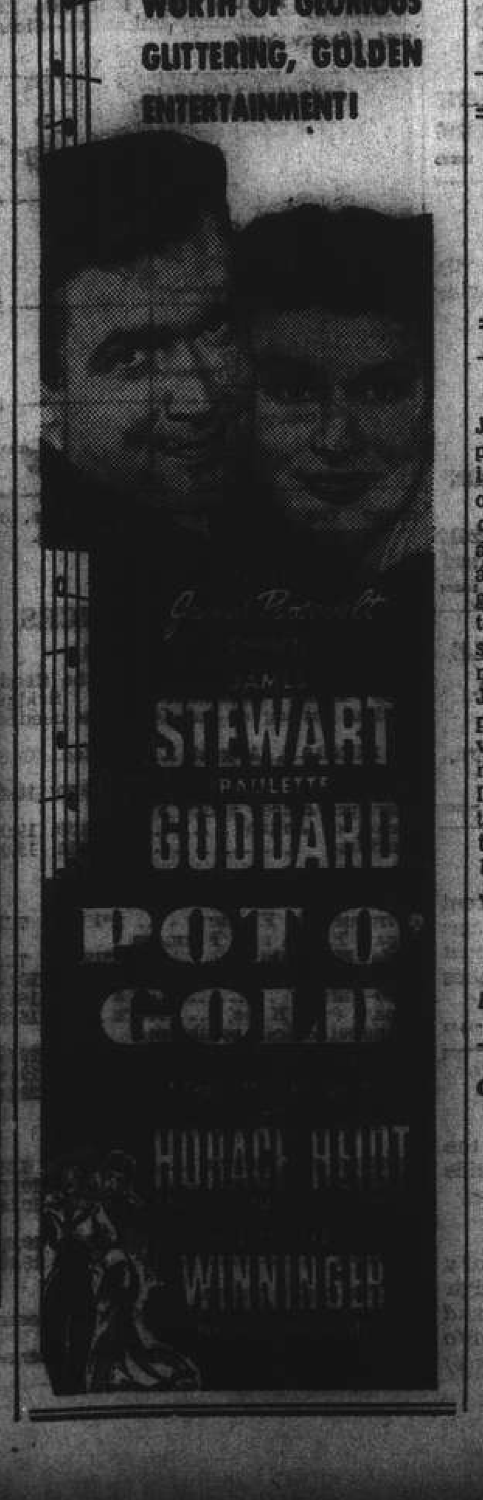
Japanese Liners Overdue At Batavia

Batavia, Aug. 2.

Two Japanese ships, the Cheribon Maru and Nitiran Maru, which were due to arrive here on Monday and Tuesday respectively, have still not put in an appearance.

The Batavia agents of the Nanyo Kaiun Kabushiki Kaisha state that as far as they are aware, Japanese shipping lines have made no alternations in their schedules.—Reuter.





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Furnished Apartments

JOFFRE: three roomed apartment, central heating, refrigerator. Furniture to be taken over. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well, Apartment 53. 10873

SEYMOUR: Three roomed apartment. Furniture to be taken over. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well. 10873

JOFFRE: One room, private bath, $320, Dufour: One room, private bath, $320. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well. 10873

NICELY furnished two roomed apartment, $300. Furniture to be transferred. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well, Apartment 53 (Monday 10-12, 2-5). 10873

TO LET: 2-roomed, furnished flat; Tiny Mansions, 749 Yu Yuen Road, House 11. Rent US$25. Immediate occupation. Apply A. Loonis & Co. 10862

FURNISHED or unfurnished flat to let, one large, one small room, kitchen, private bath. Great Western Road, bus 14, 2 stop. Apply Weinmann, 107 Prosper Paris, House 18/1. -1508

FOR SALE: Delightful, cool, three-roomed furnished apartment, best residential part French Concession. Reasonable rent. No key money. Telephone 77566, Before 8 a.m. and after 2 p.m. 10545

THREE-ROOMED flats to let, big garden, in Route Dupleix 321 Lane House 16. Three big rooms, one bathroom, one kitchen. Apply to Dah Ching Realty Co., 281 Nanking Road. -1440

NEW two-room, fully furnished apartment with kitchen and bath. Apply 693 Route Sieyes, Apartment 3, 10-12 or 5-7. -1403

Unfurnished Apartments

91 Prosper Paris corner Joffre 1 roomed apartment, 3 roomed apartment to let. View 3-6.

BEAUTIFUL three and four roomed apartment, best part Concession. General Investment Co., Room 122. -1521

TWO roomed flat, Winling, September 1, $300. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well (Monday 10-12, 2-4). 10873

TWO room flat, one big, one small, private bath, gas-kitchen, available September 1. Westend Gardens. Telephone 23656. -1307

THREE and four-roomed apartment, in centre Avenue Joffre. Apply 994 Avenue Joffre. -1470

TO LET, Victor Court, 76 Route Victor Emmanuel, two-roomed apartment, with dining alcove and balcony. For inspection apply Caretaker. Agents: Metropolitan Land Co., 17 Bund, telephone 15455. 10520

Dancing

NEW Dancing Academy, 727 Weihaiwei Road, House 3, Flat 202. Academy exclusively for the English-style ballroom dancing. Lessons are given personally step by step by an experienced teacher, Mr. L. Gay. Beginners are guaranteed to be able to dance after four lessons. The fee is to be refunded in case they can not. For the advanced, the latest variations and higher technics. -1371

MISS BOOLE'S Dancing Studio. All modern ballroom dances. 22A Route Pere Robert. -1023

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2, from 2 to 10. Massage. -1277

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road, Apartment 30, second-floor. 10805

MASSAGE, pedicure, in-grown nails cured. 9 Central Arcade from Ezra Road 93-94. Telephone 11984. -1281

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"Deficiency of information in Japanese English-language newspapers is completed very successfully is Kobe by the Japan Chronicle, on its pages can often be found criticisms of the political and economic actions of the Japanese Government and various other information which gives the opportunity to observe and to analyse the Japanese economic situation. In addition to the usual material obtainable from all the Japanese English-language newspapers. The Japan Chronicle gives a very detailed and comprehensive review of the foreign trade of Japan. It regularly prints statistics pertaining to Japanese exports and the state of the home market."—*Extracts from U.S.S.R. Chamber of Commerce Journal.*

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CAMERAS

When a person wants to wander, his first thought is to buy a camera; this is the way to capture the sights and thrills of his travels. In Shanghai there are novelties and sights that must be recorded and kept against that time when one leaves the East to settle in the home country. Consult our classified advertisement columns about buying a camera.

Motor Cars and Cycles

1938 Ford V8 in excellent condition for sale. US$500. Telephone 77206. -1523

1934 Morris Minor four door sedan, excellent condition, owner driven, 28 m.p.g., cheap to run. Telephone 12284, Mr. Zagha. -1499

FOR quick sale, one 1938 Buick special with radio. Telephone 30229. -1407

FOR SALE, large Ford, baby's scale, play-pen, Treasure cot. Telephone 22366. -1432

NEW Austin 8, 1941, for sale, just arrived, never licensed. US$1,500. Apply 67 Route Mayen. -1459

VAUXHALL 14 saloon. Perfect condition. New battery, six excellent tyres. US$425. Apply Box 846, NCDN. 10537

1938 Standard Swallow Jaguar in excellent condition, perfect throughout. American Motors Fed. Inc. USA, 444 Avenue Foch, telephone 60183, 60182. 10542

IF you wish to buy, sell, exchange or service motor cars you cannot possibly lose by obtaining a proposition from Bills Motors authorized Ford Mercury and Lincoln-Zephyr Dealers. Thousands have been satisfied. Telephone 74400 10521

FIAT Balilla for sale, 1935 saloon, in perfect order, economical. Address Box 826, NCDN. -1400

1935 Hillman Minx saloon; 1934 Hillman Wizard six-cylinder saloon; 1933 Standard 9 H.P. saloon; 1934 Chevrolet de luxe sedan; 1934 Dodge sedan; 1933 Fiat Balilla tourer; 1929 Morris Cowley coupe. Fraser Motors, Limited. Telephone 21949. 10544

FIAT 514, for sale, in very good condition. New paint, new top, new battery. Telephone 71620. -1376

PLYMOUTH 1937 for sale, five-seater, perfect condition, owner-driven. US$860. No brokers. Address Box 824, NCDN. 10524

FOR SALE: 1941 Plymouth special de-luxe sedan. Enquire: E. F. Hartnett, office telephone 94090, residence: American Club, Telephone 15259. -1482

FIAT Balilla saloon, 1938. Owner-driven. Excellent condition. For sale. Telephone 30097 and 77659. -1427

FOR SALE, La Salle Club coupe 4-passenger model 1937, in perfect condition. Telephone 15783, 71440. -1393

Rooms Without Board

IMMEDIATE occupation: large double room, bathroom attached, hot water, furnished or unfurnished; detached house, garden; very cool. Close French Club. Apply Box 897, NCDN. -1516

NICE, furnished garden room, bath, telephone 23392, 1293/6 Yu Yuen Road. -1458

FLAT to let, consisting of two rooms, private bathroom, hot water every day. Telephone 75468. -1482

ONE or two unfurnished rooms with or without kitchen, Concession. Address Box 829, NCDN. -1404

SOUTH room in new apartment, French Concession, to single person. Breakfast optional. Telephone 79103. -1357

TWO big rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with all conveniences, in new apartment-building. Address 831, NCDN. -1408

SOUTHFACING bedroom beautifully furnished, private bath, 7th floor, all modern conveniences, best residential district, lovely surroundings, breakfast optional. Telephone 21549. -1464

AVAILABLE immediately. To let in apartment with all conveniences, two-roomed modernly-furnished flat, private bathroom, centre French Concession, telephone 73399. Also separately. -1445

TO LET, furnished room, Petain district. Telephone 79891. -1449

NICE surroundings, southfacing three rooms, bath, garage, kitchen, garden, servants' quarters. No keymoney. 85 Tunsin Road, time 9-5 p.m. -1396

FURNISHED room in private British family. Connecting bathroom. Breakfast if desired. Allied nationals only. Tunsin Road vicinity. Address Box 803, NCDN. 10487

BIG, nice, furnished southfacing room. All modern conveniences, use kitchen. 101/1 Magniny. Telephone 78217. -1428

Rooms with Board

LARGE south room with verandah, nice garden, all conveniences. Bus 2, 14. Telephone 23555. -1509

FURNISHED room with private bathroom. Full board. 14 Kelmscott Gardens, telephone 72385. -1398

FOR a couple, one comfortable, large, furnished room with attached private bath, with use big verandah and telephone, with board. Avenue du Roi Albert in row with Canidrome. Telephone 75872. -1462

KENSINGTON House, Lane 30, 10 Seymour Road. To let one double room with private bathroom, southfacing. Telephone 30179. -1418

COMFORTABLE southfacing room for two persons, private bath, good home-cooking. 1403 Joffre, near Sayzoong. -1429

Houses and Land

DELUXE villa, with garden, Haig, for immediate sale. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well, Apartment 53. 10873

DETACHED residences near Wayside Park. Well built five-roomed house on half mow with usual offices for $65,000; six-roomed house with service wing, 2½ mow, for $230,000. Immediate possession. Please interview Cumine & Co., Ltd., personally, 2 Peking Road. 10563

FOR SALE, 6½ mow developed and fenced land Hungjao. Please apply particulars McMichael's Agency. -1474

VACANT land for lease for a period of years. Approximately three mow. Location: end of Yuyuen Road. Apply Telephone 13813. -1439

FOR SALE, large apartment-building, Bubbling Well Road, all flats and shops occupied. No brokers. Address Box 789, NCDN. -1320

Furnished Houses

THREE roomed house with garden in French Concession, fully furnished, modern conveniences, garage, etc., for indefinite period. Box 869, NCDN. -1473

WOULD married couple or three business girls share small well-furnished house Western District, large garden, six months, possibly longer. Address Box 817, NCDN. 10509

Office Cars

LIFTS wanted: three times daily from Route Paul Henry to A. P. C. Building. Office hours. Please state terms to Box 832, NCDN. -1493

Foreign Craftsmen

VIOLINS, cellos, all kinds of musical instruments, even broken, bought sold and repaired. Heinemann, 575/23 East Seward Road. -941

Holiday Resorts

LAOSHAN (Tsingtao) "The Dutch Villa" under Dutch management. Daily and monthly rates. Apply Mrs. L. van Ditmars, House 52, Laoshan. -1274

TO LET immediately, until the middle of October 1941: Four roomed bungalow, fully furnished, facing the sea, or separately two furnished bedrooms, with or without board. Very moderate terms. Apply I.L.J. 23 Laiyang Road, Tsingtao. 10466

TSINGTAO, Victoria House, "As At Home", 9 First Kinkow Road. Well-equipped rooms and flats, on monthly and daily rates. Excellent cuisine, hot and cold running water. Quiet location. Close to beach and town. Prices: one room with board for one person FRB $300 monthly; for two persons FRB$500 monthly. 10492

TSINGTAO, Elderly retired widower possessing beautiful bungalow, Iltis Huk, by the sea, is looking for one or two bachelors or grass-widowers of quiet habits as paying guests, for two months or longer. Reply Box 3830, NCDN. 10540

Wanted to Purchase

GLOBE, about 8-16 in. diameter, secondhand, even with destroyed surface, wanted. Telephone 38557. -1524

SECONDHAND typewriters, any make, size, cash to buy. State your price to Box 880, NCDN. -1492

WANTED to buy, one calculator and one checkwriter, secondhand, paying good price, address Box 881, NCDN. -1492

THE advertiser wishes to purchase genuine old cello with quality tone. Address Box 873, NCDN. -1461

WE pay highest prices for old, broken, useless platinum, gold and silver articles. Maxima, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 701. -1384

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dresses; shoes, carpets, clothing etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. -1323

PERSIAN rug wanted for sitting and dining room. Box 682, NCDN. -1139

STAMPS! We buy collections, good single stamps, interesting covers, old correspondence. Atlantic, 465 Bubbling Well. -841

Wanted to Rent

FOUR office rooms of together 1,500-2,000 square feet in downtown business district south of Soochow Creek, preferably on the Bund from end January 1942. Offers with particulars including rent soonest to Box 899, NCDN. 10584

TWO/three roomed apartment wanted, August 15/September 1. Settlement preferred. Box 902, NCDN. 10574

HOUSE, 5-12 rooms, wanted immediately for rent or purchase. Box 903, NCDN. 10574

FURNISHED house in Hungjao for two or three months required by reliable couple without children. Reply Box 862, NCDN. -1460

FURNISHED or unfurnished apartment in Settlement wanted for rent by reliable couple. Two bathrooms, two to four airy rooms, high up in tall building. Reply Box 863, NCDN. -1480

WANTED: One/two roomed furnished apartment with kitchen, private bath, per August 10. Box 856, NCDN. -1453

APARTMENT or house of about three-five rooms, with all conveniences, wanted. Willing buy furniture. Box 893, NCDN. -1511

URGENTLY needed house/apartment, furnished or unfurnished, willing to pay good price. Box 875, NCDN. -1486

BUSINESS girl requires inexpensive furnished/unfurnished room, August 15. Preferably downtown. Box 888, NCDN. -1506

WANTED. Apartment, central district, about four rooms, bath and kitchen. Willing to pay reasonable key-money. No telephone required. Box 374, NCDN. -985

WANTED four/five-roomed apartment in central district. Willing to pay reasonable key-money. Box 850, NCDN. -1442

BACHELOR wants to rent small furnished house or flat, with garden and/or large verandah. State particulars, Box 768, NCDN. -1284

TWO roomed unfurnished apartment wanted by responsible bachelor, in Settlement, preferably Bubbling Well/St. George's. Box 763, NCDN. -1275

REQUIRED two or three roomed apartment, furnished or unfurnished, September 1 or before, willing pay key-money. Address Box 851, NCDN. -1443

REQUIRED for one or two months, small, well aerated furnished flat or large bedroom with private bathroom and possibly separate entrance, Bubbling Well Road or vicinity. Box 855, NCDN. -1447

BACHELOR wants to rent from September 1, well-furnished one or two rooms (or flat with kitchen), private bath and all modern conveniences. Bubbling Well Road/Seymour Road preferred. Address Box 825, NCDN. -1399

QUIET married couple seek sharing apartment with like couple. Required: large bed/sitting-room, individual bathroom (attached), use of kitchen. Box 810, NCDN. -1383

COMFORTABLE room with private bath, or small furnished flat downtown. Address Box 813, NCDN. -1360

Animals

TRAINING school for dogs. Boarded. Training undertaken owner's house. For sale: police dogs, pointers, setter. 187 Hungjao Road, near Haig. -1484

PUPPIES, white terrier, one month old, for sale. 741 Rue Ratard, Apartment 6. -1463

FOR SALE to dog-lover, two six weeks dachshund puppies. Brown. Address Box 870, NCDN. -1479

THOROUGHBRED bulldog puppy, 8 weeks, nice colour, for sale. 965 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 78372. -1431

WHEN buying a dog insist on it having a China Kennel Club registration, which is recognised everywhere. 10094

SPANIEL, very clever, 7 months. Telephone 72414. -1387

WANTED thoroughbred Alsatian (black tan colour). State price and particulars to 326 Kiukiang Road, Mr. Loh. -1416

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Fine and hot weather, cloudy at times with south-easterly winds around Shantung, over our regions and the coast to the south of the Saddles. Cyclonic rough weather to the east of Northern Luzon.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 76.3	max. 94.5	min. 79.2	max. 95.5
„ same date last year	min. 79.0	max. 95.0	min. 77.5	max. 96.4

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, AUGUST 3, 1941 (11th day of 6th *inter.* moon)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
OCT 22 1941
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AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer on Aug. 6, 10 a.m. registered and 11 a.m. ordinary due San Francisco on Aug. 19. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 7, 3 p.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Aug. 12, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

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NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News

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P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

MORGAN.—On July 30, 1941, to Sophie, wife of A. R. Morgan, Hankow, a daughter. IRENE. -1500

MARRIAGES

KING—MACKENZIE.—On August 1, 1941, at H.B.M. Consulate-General, Shanghai, before Mr. L. H. Lamb, and at Holy Trinity Cathedral by the Very Rev. Dean Trivett, M.A., D.D., Margaret, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Mackenzie, late of Hankow, to John Willis, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter King of Purley, Surrey. 10598

SHAW—PEVNEVA.—On August 2, 1941, at H.B.M. Consulate-General, Alexandra, only daughter of the late Serge Pevneva, and Mrs. Anna Pevneva, of Sevastopol, and Percy, only son of the late John Shaw, of Wallasey, England, and Mrs. Lydia Shaw.

HULL—WILSON.—On August 2, 1941, at the Union Church, the Rev. C. W. Allan officiating, Constance Margaret, daughter of Mrs. J. T. D. Wilson of Shanghai, to Amos Tyler Hull, Jr. son of A. Tyler Hull, of Hampton, Virginia.

DEATHS

GUY.—On July 29, 1941, at her home, 208 Avenue Haig, QUE QUI GUY, aged 76 years, widow of the late William Tonkyn Guy. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held to-morrow, Monday, August 4, 1941, at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 4 p.m.

KAZANJOGLOU.—On August 1, 1941, at The Shangahi General Hospital, BASIL KYRIACO KAZANJOGLOU, aged 55 years. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held on Tuesday, August 5, 1941, at the Russian Cathedral, 55 Route Paul Henry, at 3 p.m., to be followed by burial at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 4 p.m.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

AUGUST

3 *King of Norway's birthday (1872)*
3 *"North-China Herald" established (1850)*
3 *French Military Court passed death sentence on General de Gaulle (1940)*

COMING EVENTS

AUGUST

4 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Netherlands and Belgian Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
4 Recital of 16 and 17 Century Music by Yvonne McNeill, XCDN, 9.30.
5 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' British Dominions Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
6 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30
6 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Polish Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
6 Songs of The Sea by W. T. Fulstow, XCDN, 9.30
7 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Free French Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
8 R.A.F.A. Allied Luncheon at Dome 1st Anniversary Air Battle of Britain
8 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Norwegian Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
8 'Escape' by John Galsworthy, XCDN, 9.30
9 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Greek Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
13 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30
20 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30
27 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30

MUNICIPALITE FRANCAISE

AVIS

L'Administration Municipale met en adjudication la fourniture de 5,000 gallons de créoline et 10,000 kilos de soufre.

Tous renseignements pourront être obtenus au Secrétariat.

Le Directeur des Services Administratifs,
P. JORDAN
10599

NOTICE

ANDRE'S BEAUTY SHOP

745 Bubbling Well Road will be closed as from August 7.

Mr. Andre will be pleased to serve his esteemed clientele as from August 14 at the Medhurst Beauty Parlour, third-floor, left wing, Medhurst Apartments, telephone 36061. -1377

ASBURY ACADEMY

DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL

We regret to announce to our many patrons and friends throughout the city that ASBURY ACADEMY will not reopen for the fall and winter term.

THE STAFF. -1376

SALES PREMISES

Advertiser offers distribution facilities in best section of Hongkew, to Radio Factory

Reply Box 901, NCDN. -1522

FORD SERVICE

We maintain up-to-date service facilities for all Ford owners.

The latest types of Ford tools and equipment operated by trained Ford mechanics is your insurance for satisfactory work.

BILLS MOTORS

Federal Inc., U.S.A.

615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

IN THE MATTER OF
ARTS & CRAFTS LIMITED
and
IN THE MATTER OF THE
HONGKONG COMPANIES ORDINANCE
No. 39 of 1932.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the creditors of the above-named Company, which is being voluntarily wound up, are required, on or before the Eighteenth day of August 1941, being the day for that purpose fixed by the undersigned, S. J. HICKS of 887 Bubbling Well Road, the liquidator of the said Company, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to the undersigned, and, if so required by notice in writing from the undersigned, are by their solicitors to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

S. J. HICKS,
Liquidator.

Shanghai, August 2, 1941. 10593

NOTICE

This is to notify the public that the above Notice to Creditors of Arts & Crafts Limited (In Voluntary Liquidation) has no connection with the business now being carried on by Arts & Crafts Limited at 887 Bubbling Well Road.

Shanghai, August 2, 1941. 10594

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF CUSTOMS

NOTIFICATION No. 9

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that in accordance with the instructions of The Ministry of Finance of The Central Government the exportation of the following articles from Shanghai (including re-export, ex bond and transhipment), unless specially permitted, shall be prohibited as from August 1, 1941.

		Tariff No.
1.	Hides and Leather	23, 24, 27B
2.	Bran	45.
3.	Rice and Paddy ..	51.
4.	Wheat and Wheat Flour	53, 47A
5.	Dyes, Dyestuffs, Pigments, paints and Varnishes ..	55-58, 240 242, 248, 270.
6.	Vegetable Oils, Edible	89-94, 97-100, 102.
7.	Rubber	145A.
8.	Coal	150
9.	Cotton and Cotton Waste	174, 175.
10.	Hemp, Jute and Ramie	177-179.
11.	Sheep's Wool	189.
12.	Ores	214.
13.	Metals and Manufactures thereof ..	215-225.
14.	Chemical Products, Medical and Industrial Use	236-238, 241, 246, 247, 249.

LI CHIEN NAN,
Superintendent of Customs.

Shanghai, August 1, 1941. 10590

R.C.A.
"Personal" Radio
Camera-type, miniature
Stocked by
BOYES, BASSETT, LTD.
215 Nanking Road
Telephone 11022
10546

ALWAYS CLAMOURED BY DISTINGUISHED SMOKERS OF GOOD CIGARETTES.

We have pleasure in announcing the newly distributed PARTHENON cigarettes are manufactured from highly selected American and Macedonian Tobaccos. The clean, golden tobacco leaves and the delicate pleasant aroma prove the high quality of PARTHENON cigarettes. A trial will give you the cigarettes you are looking for.

PARTHENON

Cigarettes are obtainable at all leading tobacconists and compradore stores.

Packet of 20's only for 70 cents.

Sole Distributor:
TABAQUERIA FILIPINA LTD.
165 Nanking Road.
Telephone 12245.

IMAGINE

The Convenience

of having in a single unit a writing desk with shelves and drawers and a

STANDARD PIANO,
THE MODESKA

is practical and convenient. An instrument that will delight you with its tonal qualities and modern design.

Because of its size, it will prove a boon to those who have not the space for a larger instrument.

And the price is an honest price for pure piano value delivered—not a price hoisted because the name is famous.

MOUTRIE
60 NANKING ROAD
10557

NORGE
for refrigeration

V *COLUMBIA RADIO* V
British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 38865
10497

IF TIMES ARE TOUGH

Relax—and get some real pleasure in driving the good-looking, comfortable and Economical *Plymouth*.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
80 Avenue Edward VII.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

NOTICE

Prof. Dr. A. BATISTA, M.D., is leaving today for summer vacation, Dr. A. SCHOENFELD, 2 Route de Grouchy, will take charge of the patients. -1494

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that no responsibility is undertaken by vessel or her agents for debts incurred by her crew.

Master
ss. "RAPHAEL SEMMES"
10561

DR. W. W. BALBAN, M.D.
Specialist in Skin Diseases
New Residence:
969 Avenue Foch, The Villas
Telephone 75430
Office as before:
Hamilton House 314, Tel. 16544
-1366

PASSPORT PHOTOS
by JOSEPHO STUDIOS
61 Nanking Rd., First Floor, Tel. 12715
937 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 72387

A PERFECT SEAT

can be acquired by being expertly taught by one of the following instructors:

Colonel A. P. Bendersky
Captain N. D. Daniloff
E. N. Sokoloff
Captain A. A. Gourvitch
George Tiatow

COLUMBIA & GREAT WESTERN RIDING ACADEMY
470 Great Western Road, Tel. 22012
General Manager, N. I. KRIKORIANTZ.
10531

MODERN HOUSE FOR SALE
6 x 3 stories modern residence.
Price US$43,000.
Telephone 66129 between 10-11 a.m. or Box 885, NCDN.
-1502

RESPONSIBLE

American party wishes to rent furnished apartment of three rooms for six to eight months in Settlement or French Concession. Replies kindly address Box 833, NCDN. -1412

REMEMBER

the children, the women and the men made homeless by Air Raids and

SEND HELP

by giving to the Lord Mayor's Air Raid Distress Fund through *The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)*

FOUR'S A CROWD
but
THERE'S NO SQUASH
like an
AQUARIUS
GRAPEFRUIT SQUASH

Old, Broken, Useless
Gold and Platinum Articles
bought at highest prices,
also broken, useless Silverware.
MAXIMA, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 701.
-1385

A Good Variety of Printing

The Printing Department of the "North-China Daily News" produces the following variety of commercial printing:

Articles of Association	Three Colour Reproductions
Share Warrants	Book Binding
Dividend Warrants	Catalogues
Share Certificates	Stationery
Cheques	Loose Leaf Ledgers
Account Books	Freight Tariffs
Reports and Accounts	Trade Circulars
Minutes of Annual Meetings	Private Codes, etc.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai, China. Telephone 11055, Extension 5

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich [illegible] (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 1 16.00	Aug. 1 21.00	Aug. 2 4.00	Aug. 2 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.74	29.78	29.74	29.78
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.03	—0.03	—0.04	—0.03
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.04	—0.03	0.00	0.00
Wind (direction)	ESE	SE/E	SE/E	SE/E
„ (miles per hour)	14.3	8.1	6.8	6.8
Temperature (Fahr.)	88.3°	78.2°	77.2°	83.5°
Humidity (per cent)	69	97	99	86
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	5	0	2	1
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Aug. 1	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.78	0.00	29.65
Temperature: min. 75.2° max. 93.7°	84.5°	+2.5°	82.4°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	40.59	—	28.02

Time and Tide	3/8	4/8	5/8	6/8	7/8	8/8	9/8
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.11	5.12	5.13	5.13	5.14	5.14	5.15
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.49	18.48	18.47	18.46	18.45	18.44	18.43
Moon rises at Shanghai	15.10	16.09	17.02	17.53	18.39	19.20	19.58
Moon sets at Shanghai	1.08	2.03	3.00	4.00	5.01	6.02	7.00
Flood makes Shai. (day)	17.50	7.12	8.35	9.37	10.23	10.57	11.30
Ebb makes Shai. (day)	10.25	11.52	13.00	13.56	14.48	15.45	16.40
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	7.56	9.19	10.19	11.07	11.56	12.30	13.13
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	7.55	7.95	8.85	9.40	11.95	12.65	12.60

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 1st:—Pressure rather high and steady over China and Japan. Typhoon over the Pacific advancing north-westward. South-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine and hot weather in China.

State on the morning of the 2nd:—Fine and hot weather. East-south-easterly wind. Pressure normal and steady.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 6 a.m., within 120 miles of latitude 16, longitude 129, stationary, intensity-unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

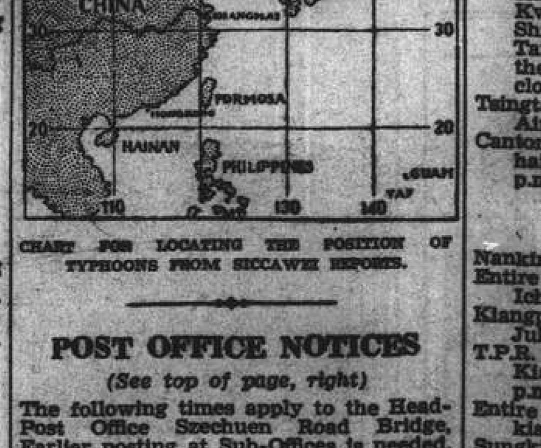

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

SUNDAY, August 3.		Reg.	Ord.
Shenkiamen and Tinghai		9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		18.30	19.00
Nantung		18.30	19.00
MONDAY, August 4.			
Formosa via Keelung	x	*19.00	7.15
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki		*19.00	7.15
Shenkiamen and Tinghai		9.30	10.00
Indo-China	A	15.30	16.00
Japan (via Kobe)	x	15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		18.30	19.00
Nantung		18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. via Siberia		18.30	20.00
TUESDAY, August 5.			
Tsingtao and Dairen		*20.00	7.15
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	x	9.30	10.00
Hongkong and Canton		9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao		18.30	19.00
Nantung		18.30	19.00

*The night before.

A Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 12.00 on 4th.

X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 7, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kalgan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yuncheng and Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Hoihow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.

Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaoshing daily at 1 p.m.

Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'tsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Limbless Soldiers and Sailors Fund

Hurleston-Piper, E. A.	$5

I. C. Milk Fund

IN MEMORY OF MR. ELSE BREITBARTH

Hernnstadt, Mr/Mrs. Paul	$5
Rind, Heinrich	2

I. C. School Fund

E. T.	$2

IN MEMORY OF RICHARD STEINER

Stein, A.	$10

THIS WEEK

Special August Sale of

MILLINERY, SPORTS WEAR,
DRESS FABRICS, GLOVES,
CORSETS, SHOES, ETC.

Genuine Bargains Throughout The Store

See Advertisement on Page 3.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

ENGLISH speaking Chinese agent, introduced with Chinese provision stores in Hongkew, Settlement, Concession, required for commission sale of beverages, provisions, (foreign products). Box 887, NCDN. -1518

GOOD position available for foreign graduate nurse with fair knowledge of Chinese in Chinese hospital. Please state qualifications, nationality, age and salary required. Address Box 864, NCDN. -1461

WANTED for outport, man, nationality immaterial, with complete knowledge and experience of pig rearing in all its stages to take charge of existing herd numbering several hundred breeding sows. Good prospects for the right man. Applications stating experience with copies of references, testimonials, also salary required to Box 886, NCDN. 10599

PERSONABLE English, Russian or Chinese counter saleslady wanted. "Jockey Club", 957 Bubbling Well Road, 9-10 a.m., 7-8 p.m. -1282

WANTED immediately by British firm, office assistant with good knowledge of bookkeeping. Reply stating nationality, previous experience and salary required to Box 853, NCDN. 10538

WANTED, childless nurse with previous experience (not refugee), for two years old baby. Send particulars to Box 841, NCDN. -1433

WANTED, salesmen/ladies, for photo studio preferably with previous experience. Apply Skvirsky Photo Studio, 153 Nanking Road. -1428

CHINESE, about 30 years of age, speaking Japanese, English, required for routine office work, must produce guarantee; applications with passport photo, references, Box 806, NCDN. 10601

Business Opportunities

WELL established neutral brokerage firm seeks party to finance short-term reliable transactions. Substantial profit guaranteed. Box 889, NCDN. -1509

WANTED: Partner for establishment of a modern European photo studio, combined with laboratory and photo school to be directed by highly qualified, thoroughly experienced European expert extensively known in Chinese social circles. Capital required: about US$900. Box 834, NCDN. -1413

MANUFACTURER'S opportunity. Export firm desires contact with makers of rubber nipples, glass and porcelain buttons, camphor balls, zips. Please telephone during office hours 92994. -1423

BUTTONS, good line for export. Samples, particulars are obtainable. 86 Yates Road, C. S. C. Button Manufacturers, telephone 39799. -1370

Miscellaneous

REFINED, highly educated Chinese young lady wishes to put up with a respectable English or American family: object strictly serious language study. She may give Chinese or Mandarin lessons in return. Reply Box 894, NCDN. -1513

PHOTOCOPIES of documents, etc., reproductions and enlargements. Alfred Sachs, Telephone 10204, 666 Szechuen Road. -241

BRITISH couple living near Yu Yuen Road require tiffin and dinner daily, delivered their home. Replies to Box 836, NCDN. 10533

Radios

"PILOT" eight-tube allwave table radio, 1941. Original price US$80, quick sale US$50, including aerial. Box 898, NCDN. -1519

1941 brand-new Philco photo-electric radio-phonograph, model 608P, 9 tubes, US$125. Box 877, NCDN. -1498

COLUMBIA seven-tube all-wave console radio-gramophone. Bargain. Gerber, 497 Weihaiwei, 5 Yang Terrace. -1472

GERMAN radio set, Blaupunkt, eight tubes, shortwave, new: US$98, selling for US$50. 1269 Rue Lafayette. -1428

RADIO O.K.? For expert repairs, genuine parts, moderate charges, telephone 43383 Chang's Radio Corporation. -1037

RADIO repairs with modern instruments, by foreign expert. Radio Record Works, 1916 Avenue Joffre, Telephone 51283, 73109. -1308

Personal

YOUNG foreign lady wishes acquaintanceship middleaged bachelor, social companion. Box 879, NCDN. -1491

REFINED, educated Chinese lady wishes friend for financial help. Box 871, NCDN. -1476

ALLIED lady, brunette, 30 odd, wishes to be taken to the XCDN show any night. Box 892, NCDN. -1510

FOREIGNER wants to meet young lady for companionship. Address Box 838, NCDN. -1418

INDEPENDENT lonely young lady wishes meet Englishman, 40/45, for companionship. Write Box 839, NCDN. -1417

Chinese Servants

COOK-BOY, honest and reliable, available immediately. Address Box 896, NCDN. -1515

72782 General Trading Company. Excellent cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, office-boys, coolies. Prompt service. -1450

REQUIRED, by small British family, foreign woman as cook. Reply stating conditions, to Box 897, NCDN. 10603

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.50.

LADY secretary-stenographer of allied nationality, English/French, long local experience, best testimonials, seeks permanent employment. Salary $600 per month. Address Box 900, NCDN. -1520

TECHNICAL works manager in the paper industry seeks similar responsible position. Apply Box 890, NCDN. -1507

EXPERIENCED doctor proposes accompany abroad sick persons/invalids; or Shanghai night duty. Box 840, NCDN. -1421

YOUNG lady speaking English, German, seeks position as nurse to children. Box 865, NCDN. -1463

WELL educated young girl, from good family, English, French, German, seeks position as a nurse in foreign family. Box 860, NCDN. -1304

EXPERIENCED stenographer, British, desires position immediately. Box 849, NCDN. -1441

EUROPEAN salesgirl seeks employment. Excellent references. Address Box 806, NCDN. -1360

YOUNG man, experienced general office work, correspondence, seeks employment. Speaks also French, Japanese, Chinese. Good reference. Address Box 815, NCDN. -1379

YOUNG lady would like position as doctor's assistant, good experience, best references. Box 822, NCDN. -1391

ELECTRICAL engineer, age 27, nine years experience abroad, seeks employment. Also radio expert. Box 789, NCDN. -1283

BRITISH girl, trained nurse, offers services as companion, children's nurse in return for fare to India, preferably Calcutta, Madras. Box 668, NCDN. -1060

Educational

HANDWRITING lessons given by experienced teacher. Surprising results in few weeks. Box 895, NCDN. -1514

FRENCH by experienced teacher at pupil's home, conversation, grammar, moderate fee. Box 878, NCDN. -1499

CHINESE university graduate teaches English, French and shorthand, $3 an hour. Box 861, NCDN. -1457

GERMAN language: Experienced teacher, best success. Two lessons weekly $15 monthly. Box 891, NCDN. -1507

CULTURED English lady teacher gives private and class lessons, any nationals. Box 884, NCDN. 10588

PIANO lady teacher (Viennese State Diploma) gives lessons. Best references. 587/3 Seymour Road, Telephone 36720. -1410

SINGING and dramatic lessons given by Edgar Lissner, diplomaed singing master and stage manager of great international opera houses. Telephone 78897, 1768 Avenue Joffre, Flat 1. -1405

FRENCH lessons by teacher, university graduate (French mother tongue) Extensive experience. Best recommendation. Telephone 21418. -429

LEARN French! Leçons françaises, grammaire et conversation, données par Monsieur Jean Knoché, 2 Quinsan Garden. Références extraordinaires. -1107

THE Shanghai Business College. Summer session. Shorthand, typewriting, English, bookkeeping/accountancy. Successes unparalleled. Many placed in suitable positions after few months' study. Apply for syllabus. 320 Szechuen Road (Second Floor). Telephone 17733. 10593

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Shorthand typewriting. English. Crystal-clear explanations. 64 Garden Apts., 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10499

CHINESE lessons by well-educated lady, speaking English, French, moderate terms. Telephone 77190. -1330

COMPLETE commercial course, shorthand (Gregg/Pitman), typewriting, English, commercial correspondence, bookkeeping, coding, filing, students prepared for Pitman, Gregg and London Chamber of Commerce examinations. Class or individual tuition. Moderate fees. Apply Mrs. Sweeney Steno-Typist Academy, 173-301 Seymour Road. 10474

Lost

LOST, the following Customs Blue Passes Nos. AN34497, 32 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Laura Maersk," AN34496, 48 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Laura Maersk"; AQ99234, 66 Hhds. ex S.S. "Gertrude Maersk"; AN34454, 44 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Niel Maersk"; AN34455, 66 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Niel Maersk", have been lost and are hereby declared null and void. Commercial Express & Storage, Federal Inc., U.S.A., 53 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 10571

LOST, Receipt No. 20 for $210 deposit issued by Hanson's to Miss Odintzova. Hereby declared null and void. -1484

LOST, Customs Deposit Receipt No. B9685 for $320, has been lost and is hereby declared null and void. Holland China Trading Co. (Shanghai), Ltd., 320 Kiangse Road. -1375

Unfurnished Houses

HUNGJAO: elegant residential house, big garden, to let immediately. Asia Land, 778 Bubbling Well, Apartment 53. 10599

For Sale—Miscellaneous

$4,500 Steinway concert grand piano, excellent condition. Also Westinghouse frigidaire, 4 cu. ft. US$100. Reply Box 904, NCDN.

GAS stoves, gas range, portable typewriter, plate, porcelains, furniture "Bargain", 781 East Seward, 166 Dent Road. Telephone 51057. -1524

CRYSTALWARE, porcelains, cutlery, linen, best European qualities large selection. Moderate prices. General Magazine, 337 Haig. 10572

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used. Bargain sale. Room 138, Hamilton House. -1517

NEW Corona portable typewriter. Sacrifice $320. 1169T Avenue Haig. -1466

400 used steel drums for sale. 50/55 gallons, $91 each. Address Box 876, NCDN. -1497

OIL Emerson, Zeiss, 1/12, with focus brand new, for sale. Frederic Schwarz, 630 Szechuen Road. -1359

BOSCH refrigerator, 3.2 cubic feet, well-working, new machine. Vacuum cleaner Hoover, 110 volt. Telephone 79944. -1501

BARGAIN: New piano. House 31, 1025 Bubbling Well Road, 9-3. -1512

GERMAN books: art and modern stories, for sale. 51 House 21 Route Grouchy, Room 6. -1504

FOUNTAIN pens: Montblanc, Parker, Pelican, etc., new, secondhand. Sold, repaired. Specialist Popper, 78 Broadway. -1471

FOR SALE, Magnet, stimulator electric reducing machine. English-made, 200 volts. Practically new. Address C. F. W., 204 Development Building, telephone 10124. -1495

FOR SALE, two new electrical vitalators, 200 volts. For massages. Address C. F. W., 204 Development Building, telephone 10124. -1495

WILCOX-GAY recorder radio phonograph combination, 7-tube, 1941 portable model, also accordion 120 basses, saxophones, clarinets, flutes, etc. 1173/1/18 Bubbling Well, Telephone 30229. -1407

FRIGIDAIRE, room-cooler, 1½ h.p., US$500, telephone 20186. Present price US$1,200. -1433

NEW B. S. A. and Fred. Williams 12-bore double-barrel hammerless shotguns, B. S. A. $750; Fred. Williams $650. Box 874, NCDN. -1488

ONE pair of riding boots, size 46, good condition. Bargain price. Box 848, NCDN. -1439

TRAY cloths, 45 cents; cotton napkins, 60 cents; guest towels, 75 cents; gent's linen handkerchiefs, $2.90; ladies' handkerchiefs, $3.50. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road. 10463

TYPEWRITERS: new Corona Zephyr and Deluxe model, portable, 9 lb., US$35. Factory rebuilt Underwood 12 in. to 20 in. carriages, US$45 to US$65. Business Machine Co., 9A Central Road. -1364

PERSIAN carpet about 6 x 9, and two rugs, in best condition. Box 539, NCDN. -698

THREE beds: double, single, baby's. Apply after 5.30 p.m. 173 Seymour Road, Apartment 203. 10437

USED drums, 55 gal. Painted, cleaned, guaranteed leakage. Ready for delivery. Telephone 18469. -1440

FOR SALE: Moutrie upright piano; Buick 4-door sedan; Singer sewing machine. Excellent condition. Reasonable price. Quick sale. Owner leaving. Telephone 77566. Before 8 a.m. and after 2 p.m. 10545

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UP to date Universal Flash synchronizer (Flash Gun) for all cameras obtainable from Standard Photo Supply Co., No. 445 Nanking Road, or telephone 92473. 10498

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WANTED by American company office down-town, preferably with telephone. Box 794, NCDN. -1349

WANTED to rent half or part of shop in Settlement, preferably Bubbling Well. Box 762, NCDN. -1270

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